## BUSINESS PRINTER

## BX-900

## OWNER'S MANUAL



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## ||||||||| Ex-sod ||||||||||



## OWNER'S MANUAL

## 24-pin wide-carriage dot matrix printer



As an ENERGY STAR Partner, SEIKO Precision Inc. has determined that this product meets the ENERGY STAR guidelines for energy efficiency.

- Outline of the International ENERGY STAR Office Equipment Program -

The International ENERGY STAR Office Equipment Program is an international program that promotes energy saving through the use of computers and other office equipment. The program backs the development and dissemination of products with functions that effectively reduce energy consumption. It is an open system in which business proprietors can participate voluntarily. The targeted products are office equipment such as computers, displays, printers, facsimiles, and copiers. Their standards and logos uniform among participating nations.

## SEIKO Precision Inc.

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This manual is for the following two models of the printer.
Although these two models, model A and model B, look different, the difference is only the appearance of the casing areas at the front. The functions of these models are very much the same.

Refer to the manual of the model A, for the manual of the model B.

## Model A



## Model B



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## Caution for use

## -Power source

- Be sure to insert the power plug only in a wall unit of the voltage designated in the voltage selector and on the rating plate on the back of the unit.
- Do not place the power cord near heat sources or place heavy objects on it. Do not bend or twist the power cord.


## $\square$ Foreign matter and water

- Keep your hands and personal items, such as scarfs and ties, away from the carriage mechanism while the printer is operating. The carriage moves with considerable force.
- Keep the printer dry. If you accidentally spill water on the machine, turn the power off immediately and wipe it dry. Do not turn the power on until the machine is completely dry.


## $\square$ Installation environment

- The printer should be used where humidity is low, where there is little dust, and where the printer is not in direct sunlight.
- Avoid placing or leaning anything on top of the printer. If you accidentally drop any object into the machine, turn the power off immediately, and disconnect the power code from the wall outlet, then carefully remove the object.
- Do not twist the ribbon while installing it.


## $\square$ Operating condition

- Wait at least two seconds after turning power off before turning it back again. The initialization process may not be performed correctly if this is not done.

- Do not touch the print head immediately after printing because it is too hot.
- Never operate the printer without paper nor ribbon properly installed.

If you use paper that is not as wide as the platen, be sure that printing does not exceed paper width.

- Never insert or pull out the interface cable while the power to the printer and computer is on.
- Be sure to turn off the printer before turning off a connected host computer.


## Unpacking the printer

Check the cartons for the following items:


## Quick startup

To make your first print, follow the procedure below . For more detailed instructions on setting your printer, please refer to the page indicated.


## $\square$ To set up the printer

1. Install the paper rack, the sound seal cover, and the ribbon cassette - Pages 10 and 11.
2. Load the single cut sheet paper or fanfold paper. Press the FF key to load the paper Pages 13 and 14 .


## - To make a test print

1. Set the paper size of the printer in the setup options - Pages 26 and 27.
2. Press the LF key and hold while initializing the printer by the RESET key. Hold the LF key until the self test starts - Page 21.


## - To connect your computer

1. With all equipment turned off, connect the printer to your computer. Interface cable is purchased separately - Page 12.
2. Use the extended setup options (emulation type and communication enhancement section) to match the specification needs between the printer and your computer Pages 33 to 56 .
3. Select the printer driver from your application software - Page 57.

## 1. Introduction

## Features

## - Barcode Print available

- 13 resident barcode type Industrial 2/5, Interleave 2/5, Codabar, Matrix 2/5, Code 11, Code 39, Code 93, Code 128, EAN-8, EAN-13, UPC-A, UPC-E, Postnet
- Enlarged character printing

Characters can be enlarged (by up to 127 times as large x 127 times as large) using the enlarged character command unique to this printer. Software commands are used for control.

## - Contain the 3 kind of emulations

Compatible to major printer emulations, Epson, IBM and Hewlett Packard printers.

- EPSON LQ-2550 compatible
- IBM

2391 compatible

- Hewlett Packard

Rugged Writer 480 (PCL3) compatible

## - Wide selection of paper size

- Single cut sheet papers
- Fanfold continuous paper
- Multi-part paper
- Labeling paper

A3, A4, B4, B5, Letter, Legal
5-16 inch wide and 2-16.5 inch long paper
Original plus 5 copies
Label peel-proof capability

## Full option of font types and variation of character spacings

- 10 resident fonts
- 8 character spacings

Courier, Prestige, Script, OCR-A, OCR-B, Gothic, Orator, Orator-S, Roman, and Sans Serif
$10,12,15,16.7,17.1,20,24$ characters per inch (CPI), and proportional and $1 / 2$ proportional characters

## - Enlarge/reduce your layout to fit in any paper size

- you can print the same layout of the document in different paper size.


## - Easy operation

- Multiple display language for international use.
- Upside down display enables operation from the back of the printer.


## - Superb compatibility and connectability

- Communication protocols adjustable to any computer.
- Interface connections provided for parallel, RS-232C.
- Parallel and serial interface are switchted automatically when "AUTO" setting is selected.
- Parallel interface complies with IEEE1284 Nibble mode.


## Options and expendables



Cut Sheet Feeder
Pull Tractor (\#BP-57008)
1 Bin (\#BP-78009)
2 Bin (\#BP-78009E)


Matrix Print Head
Ribbon Cassette (\#SBP-3051)

## Power cord

One of the following plug types is supplied. See "Connecting the power cord" on page 12.
Please see the rating plate on the back of your printer for appropriate input voltage and consult your dealer for a specific type of power cord, if necessary.


## Printer description



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## Precaution for extra-thick paper usage

Label fanfold paper may get jammed in the printer due to its stiffness and inflexibility. When using such paper, set the paper rack in the slant position shown in the figure.


Fanfold Paper

| Description | Single-ply | Multiple Copies | Label Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paper width | $5 \sim 16$ inch |  |  |
| Paper length | $2 \sim 16.5$ inch |  |  |
| Ply | single | Original+5 max. | single |
| Total thickness | $0.065 \sim 0.12 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 0.35 mm max. | 0.12 mm max. |
| Paper weight | $14 \mathrm{lbs} . \sim 28 \mathrm{lbs}$. <br> $53 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m}^{2} \sim 105 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ | non-carbon | 125 Kg max. |

Single Sheet Paper

| Description | Single-ply |
| :---: | :---: |
| Paper size | A3, A4, B4, B5 Letter, Legal |
| Ply | single |
| Total thickness | $0.08 \sim 0.12 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Paper weight | $17 \mathrm{lbs} . \sim 28 \mathrm{lbs}$. |
|  | $64 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m}^{2} \sim 105 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ |

## Physical dimension(Model A)


*Paper Rack in upright position
(Single sheet setting)


Weight: $44.1 \mathrm{lbs} .(20 \mathrm{~kg})$

Physical dimension(Model B)

*Paper Rack in upright position (Single sheet setting)


Weight: $44.1 \mathrm{lbs} .(20 \mathrm{~kg})$

## 2. Setting up

## _2. Setting up

## Installing the paper rack

1. Slide both paper guides to the extreme left and right edges of the paper rack.
2. With the two small pivots on either side of the paper rack downward, fit the pivots in the groove on the rear top cover.
3. Place the paper rack in upright position for single cut sheet paper and lay it down for fanfold continuous paper.


## Note

The paper guides should be placed to the outside edges during the installation or removal of the paper rack.

## Installing the sound seal cover

1. Lay the sound seal cover upside down on the printer.
2. Fit one of the holes of the cover to the stud of the L-angle hinge on one side of the printer.
3. Fit the other hole to the other stud by pressing the L-angle hinge inward then out through the hole.


## Note

Make sure that both studs are out through the hole completely, otherwise, the sound seal cover will be stuck in place.

## Installing the ribbon cassette

Turn OFF the printer's power and remove the used ribbon cassette, if necessary, by pulling straight upward.

1. Open the printer cover.
2. Manually move the print head to the extreme right side of the printer for easy installation of the ribbon. Do not try to move the print head if the power is on.

## CAUTION

Do not touch the print head if the printer has been running for a long time. Wait until the print head is cooled off.
3. Turn the ribbon feed knob in the direction of the arrow on the knob to remove any slack in the ribbon.

4. Place the ribbon cassette on the left and right cassette holders, such that the ribbon rests on the ribbon guide. Check to be sure that the ribbon drive shaft on the left cassette holder is inserted in the hole on the bottom of the ribbon cassette.
5. Turn the ribbon feed knob in the direction of the arrow on the knob to remove any slack in the ribbon.
6. Replace the front printer cover and set the head adjustment lever to the proper position for the best print quality.


## Connecting the computer

The printer has a parallel interface connector (Centronics) and a serial interface connector (RS232C). Before you connect an interface cable to your computer, you need to know what type of printer driver is supported by your software applications and what type of connector is needed to attach the printer to the computer.

## - Parallel Interface 36-pin plug



## - Serial Interface 25-pin plug

## Connecting the power cord



Check the power requirement printed on the rating plate on the rear of the printer before attaching the power cord and turning on the printer. Both POWER and P.OUT lamps light up when the printer is switched on correctly. The voltage selector should be set correctly as follows.

120V : USA, Canada

## Note

For continued protection against risk of fire and destruction of Power PCB Assembly, switch the voltage selector according to using voltage.

## Loading the paper

## $\square$ Fanfold continuous paper

1. Move the paper select lever (1) toward the front of the printer to set the fanfold paper setting.
2. Set the print head adjustment lever (2) . In general, position 1 is used for one-part paper. (See page 15)
3. Remove the rear cover (3) of the printer or open the rear cover to lock the cover in the open position.

4. Release the tractor lock levers (4) (upward), and move the right tractor to the marked position as shown in the figure, and lock it in place.
5. Open both tractor covers (5) and place the fanfold paper so that the tractor pins are aligned with the holes in the paper. Carefully close both tractor covers.

## CAUTION

Be careful not to catch your finger when closing the tractor covers.
6. After the paper is properly installed, re-adjust the left tractor to a position to keep the paper taut (but not too taut) between the left and right tractors.
7. To load the paper, press the FF key on the front panel. The fanfold paper is fed to the top-of-form position $14 / 60$ inch $(6 \mathrm{~mm})$ below the top edge of the paper. The top-of-form position can be adjusted from $0 / 60$ inch to $480 / 60$ inches ( 8 inches $=203 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) in the basic setup options on page 31 .
8. The paper bail automatically lowers to press the paper against the platen when the leading edge of the paper feeds more than one inch onto the platen.


## $\square$ Single sheet paper

1. Move the paper select lever (1) toward the rear of the printer to the single sheet setting.
2. Set the print head adjustment lever (2) . In general, position 1 is used for one-part paper. See page 15 .
3. Raise the paper rack to the vertical position and adjust the left paper guide (3) to the proper position for the size of the paper being used.

## Note

If the paper is not loaded on the proper mark, the printer may not detect the paper and will display PAPER ERROR.
4. Place single sheet paper against the paper rack and let it slide behind the platen.
5. Adjust the right paper guide (4) so that it comfortably holds the paper in between the two paper guides.

6. Press the FF key to load the single sheet paper to the top-of-form position $14 / 60$ inch ( 6 mm ) below the top edge of the paper. The top-of-form position can be adjusted from $0 / 60$ inch to $480 / 60$ inches ( 8 inches $=203 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) by using the front panel controls in the basic setup options on page 31 .

## Note

If the paper is not completely fed in, slightly push the paper downward. If it is still not fed in, look in the TROUBLESHOOTING section.
7. The paper bail automatically lowers to press the paper against the platen when the leading edge of the paper feeds more than one inch onto the platen.

## Notes

1. Extension Arm

The extension arm is used to keep large size (Legal, B4) single sheets from falling behind the paper rack. When using the extension arm, pull the arm until it clicks and locks in place.
2. TEAR OFF key is invalid with single sheet paper.

## - Paper alignment

Current print line location
The current printing line (DDD...) is the third line down from the top of the ribbon guide (line spacing is $1 / 6$ line: 6 LPI ).


## Adjusting the print head position

The head adjustment is used to obtain the best print quality possible for the specific paper being used. The print head position can be adjusted to accommodate printing on single and multipart forms. When using multipart forms, move the print head adjustment lever toward the front of the printer to widen the gap between the print head and the platen.

In general, position 1 is used for one-part paper. Moving the head adjustment lever one notch adjusts the print head gap an amount corresponding to the addition of one more paper part. Re-adjustment of the lever may be required depending on the quality of the actual printout:

- If the ribbon smears on the paper, the gap is too narrow.
- If the printed image is too light to read, the gap is too wide.


Move toward the front of the printer for thicker paper

## Notes

1. The print head adjustment lever should be set before loading the paper to avoid paper jams.
2. If the printed image on the last copy of a multipart form is too light to read, set the MULTIPART mode in the basic setup options (see page 26). This will increase the striking intensity on multipart forms.

## _3. Control panel and operations

## Control panel and indicators

Standard Panel


Alternate up-side down reverse panel


Note: The alternate reverse panel installation instruction is described in Appendix D.

## - Indicators

- Display window Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)

Displays status and errors during operation and menus in the setup options.
The followings are some examples of the display messages.
P.OUT FANFOLD

## Status message

This indicates that the printer is in offline and paper out status.


Warning message
This indicates that the printer cover is open. Close the cover to resume the operation .

If the printer is in the offline mode, the following appears on the display.


- Indicator lamps $\qquad$

|  | Lamp | On | Off | Blinking |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O POWER $\longrightarrow$ | POWER | Power On | Power Off | - |
| O on line - | (green) | Power On | Power Off | - |
|  | $\underbrace{\text { ON LINE }}_{\text {(green) }}$ <br> (green) | Online | Offline | Cover open, or Head overheat protection activating |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { ON LINE }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P.OUT } \\ & \text { (umber) } \end{aligned}$ | Out-of-paper | Paper-in | Home sensor error, RAM error, or paper error. |

## Function Keys

- ON LINE

Pressing this key places the printer offline so that the printer can perform some functions independent from the host system. In the offline mode, data is not received. When the printer is offline, pressing the key places the printer online and ready to receive data from the host system.

- RESET

When the RESET key is pressed, the printer immediately enters the reset
 state and prepares for the initialize operation, which is nearly the same initialize operation as when the power is turned on.

The following keys are active only in the offline mode:

- LF/RLF
(Line feed and reverse line feed)
When the LF/RLF key is pressed, paper is fed per the line spacing at the 6
 line per inch forward or backward, respectively.
While this key is pressed and held, the paper is continuously fed forward or backward, respectively.
- FF

(Form feed)
Pressing this key feeds the paper to the next top of form position when the paper is already loaded. Single sheet paper is fed to eject. Pressing this key loads the paper when the paper is not loaded.
- M.LF/M.RLF (Micro line feed/micro reverse line feed)

When the M.LF/M.RLF key is pressed, the paper is fed $1 / 360$ inch forward or backward, respectively. This key is used to set the paper position.

- TEAR OFF
[Used only for fanfold paper]
Pressing this key advances the perforation of the form to the paper cutter so that the leading form can be torn off from the rest.

If this key is pressed after the form is torn off, the paper is fed backwards and the mode is returned to offline. If the ON LINE key is pressed instead of the TEAR OFF key, the paper is fed backwards and the mode is changed to the online mode.

- PARK
(Paper parking)
Pressing this key unloads the paper if the paper is already loaded.


## Fanfold continuous paper (paper select lever in fanfold setting)

The paper is moved to the park station in the back of the printer by pressing this key.

Single sheet paper (paper select lever in single sheet setting)
The paper in the print station will be ejected.

- BIN

(ALT+SETUP keys)
This key is for selecting the active paper tray of the cut sheet feeder or the paper feed type:MANUAL, BIN1, BIN2 or BIN1+2. BIN1, BIN2, BIN1+2 appears only when the cut sheet feeder (CSF) option is set.
- TOF SET

(ALT+PARK keys)
The TOF SET key is valid only when paper is loaded. When the TOF SET key is pressed in the offline state, the TOF position is set to the top of the ribbon guide, and the buzzer sounds.
After two seconds, the paper is fed backward so that the TOF position is at the current printing position.
When the TOF position is set, the setting of " 7 TOF ADJUST" is changed to this set automatically.

*TOF:Top of form
- SETUP


When the SETUP key is pressed the printer enters the setup options. The setup options are explained later in the "Basic setup options" section.

- QUALITY

This key is for selecting the print quality: LQ, NLQ, HQDR (high quality
$\xrightarrow[\text { QUALITY }]{\longrightarrow}$ draft), DRAFT, SD (speed draft), or SSD (super speed draft). To set your desired print quality simply scroll and stop where your selection is displayed. The printer beeps once for an acknowledgment.
Software commands can override the print quality setting of this key. However, "\#26 Quality Lock" option described on page 41 can lock-in the

| LCD | ESC $\times 1$ <br> LQ is selected | ESC $\times 0$ <br> Draft is selected | Graphic print speed |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LQ | LQ | Draft | Normal* |
| NLQ | NLQ | Draft | High speed 1 |
| HQDR | LQ | HQDR | High speed 2 |
| DRAFT | LQ | Draft | High speed 2 |
| S.D. | S.D. | S.D. | High speed 2 |
| S.S.D. | S.S.D. | S.S.D. | High speed 2 |

selection by this key and disable software commands.
This key also selects the graphic print speed.
*The graphic print speed is selected only by "31 GRAPHIC QUALITY" in the extended setup options.

- Others

The $\leftarrow, \rightarrow, \downarrow, \uparrow$ EXIT and ENTER keys become effective only in the setup options entered by pressing the SETUP key. For more information refer to "Basic setup options."

## Control Levers

- Head adjustment Lever


This lever adjusts the gap between the print head and the platen. The correct gap adjustment for a different paper thickness is required to obtain optimum print quality. See also page 15 .

- Paper Select Lever

The paper select lever serves to switch between the fanfold continuous paper
 setting and the single sheet paper setting (or CSF setting when CSF installed).

Note: Switching this lever to continuous paper setting will mechanically release the pressure roller for single sheets and engage gear trains for continuous paper.

## Paper parking

This function moves fanfold paper back to the push tractor position (park station) so that single sheet paper can be used. Specifically it is useful when switching from fanfold paper to single sheet paper.

- Pressing the PARK key removes the fanfold paper from the print station so that single sheet paper can be used.
- Switching of the paper select lever is required for the actual mechanical switching of the paper select.
- Pressing the FF key when the printer is in the paper-out state loads the selected paper (fanfold or single sheet) to the top-of-form position.

The following table explains the paper handling of the FF and the PARK key in the offline state:

| Friction Lever | P.OUT Lamp | Function Key | Action |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Continuous <br> Paper | ON | FF | Autoload the paper |
|  |  | OFF | PARK |
|  |  |  |  |
| Single Sheets | PARK | Peed to the next TOF |  |
|  | ON | FF | Autoload paper in the paper |
|  |  | PARK | Ignore the key |
|  |  | FF | Eject the paper |
|  |  | PARK | Eject the paper |

## Notes

1. Make sure that the setting of the paper select lever corresponds to the type of paper being used.
2. The paper park function causes PAPER ERROR in the following situations:
a) when the fanfold paper is not set in the park station (at the push tractors) after moving more than 22 inches backward
b) when the paper (fanfold or single sheet) is not autoloaded to the print station after feeding more than 8 inches. (At this time, the printer tries to sense the paper in the printer.)
c) when single sheet paper is not ejected from the printer after advancing more than 22 inches.

## Printing test pattern

Before performing the printer's self test, be sure the ribbon cassette and paper are properly installed in the printer. The self test prints a continuous pattern of printable characters (ASCII character pattern) in either draft or letter quality (LQ).
While test printing is executed, the ON LINE lamp blinks and the LCD indicates "SELF TEST".


## $\square$ To run the draft self test

Press the LF key while turning ON the printer's power. If the printer is already turned ON, the draft self test may be performed by pressing the LF key together with the RESET key.
Keep pressing the LF key until the self test begins.

## $\square$ To run the LQ self test

Press both the LF and ON LINE keys simultaneously while turning ON the printer. If the printer is already turned ON, the LQ self test may be performed by pressing both the $\mathbf{L F}$ and ON LINE keys simultaneously together with the RESET key.
Keep pressing the $\mathbf{L F}$ and $\mathbf{O N}$ LINE keys until the self test begins.

## - To stop the self test temporarily

Press the ON LINE key to stop printing.

## $\square$ To resume the self test

Press the ON LINE key again to restart printing.

## - To terminate this function

Press the RESET key or turn off the power.

## Note

Before initiating the self test, make sure that the width of the paper, especially fanfold paper loaded in the printer corresponds to the setting selected in the extended setup options.

44 PAPER WIDTH

Maximum printable columns at 10 cpi
136 columns
80 columns
36 columns

## Demonstration print-out

To see what this printer can do, you may run this demonstration print-out (Letter or A4 paper size) for checking the printer's performance. Press and hold the RLF and the M.RLF keys while turning on the printer's power.

| 24-wire Heavy Duty, High Performance, SIDM Printer |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| [Specifications] |  |
| PRINTING |  |
| Print ColumnsPrint Speed | 136 columns ( 10 cpi ) ${ }^{\text {S.S.D. Mode }} 846 \mathrm{cps}$ ( 15 cpi ) |
|  | Draft Mode : $564 \mathrm{cps}(10 \mathrm{cpi})$ |
|  | LQ Mode : 180 cpss ( 10 cpi ) |
| Throughput | Draft Mode : 186 lpm (132 columns) |
|  | LQ Mode : 71 lpm (132 columns) |
| Paper Feed Speed | $60 \mathrm{lps}\left(1 / 6^{\prime \prime}\right.$ line feed pitch) |
| Head Reliability Ribbon | 400 million dots/wire |
|  | Black fabric ribbon (cassette type) |
|  | Ribbon Life : 20 million character |
| Paper handhing |  |
| Fanfold Paper Insertion: Rear Tractor |  |
|  |  |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Insertion: } & \text { Rear Tractor } \\ \text { Ejection: } & \text { Top } \\ \text { Paper }\end{array}$ |  |
| Paper Width: $3-16.0$ inches |  |
| Insertion: Top |  |
| Ejection: Top |  |
| Pap | ize: A3,A4,Letter,Legal,etc |
| interface |  |
| Standard | Parallel,RS-2320 Serial (Shared I/F Function) |
| Input Buffer | Maximum 64K byte |
| SOftware specifications |  |
| Emulations | EPSON LQ-2550 |
| IRM Model 2391HP Rugged Writer $480 \quad($ PCL3 |  |
| Font | Draft, S.D., S.S.D., HQDR |
|  | LQ, NLQ:Roman, Sans Serif, Prestige |
|  | Script. Courier, OCR-A, OCR-B <br> Gothic. Orator Brator-S |
| Character Set | EPSON Character Sets, IBM Code Pages HP Character Sets |
| Large Character Maximum, 127 magnifications |  |
| Bar Codes | Industrial 2of 5 , Code 11, EAN-8 Interleaved 2015, Code 3of9, EAN-13 Codabar, Code 128, UPC-E, Postnet |
|  |  |
| DIMENSIONS | $\begin{aligned} & 620 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 330 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{D}) \times 260 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \\ & 24.4^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{W}) \times 13.0^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{D}) \times 10.2^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{H}) \end{aligned}$ |
| wEIGHT | 20 Kg (441b) |

## Tearing off a form

(Used only with fanfold continuous paper)

This function is activated by the TEAR OFF key and feeds fanfold paper so that the perforation is aligned with the paper cutter located at the top rear of the printer, thus enabling simple paper tearing. During the tear off operation, the M.LF, and M.RLF keys are used to correctly align the paper to the paper cutter.
After tearing off the form, pressing the TEAR OFF key a second time reversely feeds the paper to the top of the next available form.


## Note

Pressing the TEAR OFF key (or the ONLINE key) the second time may return the paper to the original print position when the top edge of the form does not pass above the paper location prior to the first TEAR OFF operation.

## Power－on operation summary

| Operation（reference page） | 光 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \sum_{工}^{\mathrm{Z}} \\ & \underset{\mathrm{Z}}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{u}{\vec{x}} \\ & \dot{x} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\stackrel{u}{\sim}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\underset{~}{4}} \\ & \underset{H}{H} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 号 } \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\omega} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\checkmark}{¢}$ | 岃 | ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\substack{\text { ¢ }}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Self test，draft（P21） | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ |
| Self test，LQ（P21） | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ |
| Hex dump，draft（P62） |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ |
| Hex dump，LQ（P62） |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ |
| Extended setup options（P33） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ |
| Demo printout（P22） |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | － |
| Loading MEMO 1 （P31） |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ |
| Loading MEMO 2 （P31） |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ |
| Loading MEMO 3 （P31） |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ |
| Vertical alignment（P66） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ |
| EEPROM initialize 1 | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |
| EEPROM initialize 2 | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |

## Notes

1．Use either the RESET key or power switch when the circle is in both the RESET and POWER columns．
2．EEPROM initialize 2 operation requires the vertical alignment operation after the execution of the EEPROM initialize 2.

## 4. Basic setup options

## _4. Basic setup options

## About basic setup options

The setup options serve to define various initial states of the printer that are executed when the power is turned on or when the RESET key is pressed. In addition, this mode serves to redefine the font type, character spacing, and other parameters for the printer's current operating conditions. The parameters set in the setup options are stored in the memory of the printer and used as the default values in initialize operations.

## - To set this option

When the SETUP key is pressed in the offline mode, the printer enters the function setup option, where various functions can be set. The keys used in the function setup mode are described below.


## $\leftarrow$ and $\rightarrow \quad$ [Alternate to the PARK and QUALITY]

These keys are used to go over menus in the display, but cannot be used to select a menu item.
$\downarrow$ and $\uparrow \quad$ [Alternate to the M.LF/M.RLF]
These keys are used to go over items within a menu in the display, but cannot be used to set an item parameter.

## ENTER [Alternate to the ALT]

When this key is pressed, an asterisk (*) indicating that the item is the currently selected parameter is added at the end of the item.

EXIT [Alternate to the SETUP]
When this key is pressed, the content of the item is stored in the memory of the printer. Then, the printer exits from the setup options and enters the offline mode.

## ONLINE

This key's function is similar to the EXIT key in that the printer saves the selected item and exits from the setup options. At that time, if no errors or irregular conditions exist, the printer enters the online mode.

## - Selection procedure example

The following example illustrates the correct procedure to select a letter-portrait paper size from the front panel:

1. Press the ON LINE key to enter the offline state. The ON LINE lamp is put out:
2. Press the SETUP key to enter the SETUP options. The LCD displays:

$$
1 \quad \text { MULTIPART }
$$

3. Press the Right Arrow $(\rightarrow)$ key to select the menu and to display:
4. Press the Down Arrow $(\downarrow)$ key to step down the function items, and to display:
SIZE: LETTERp
5. Press the ENTER key to select letter-size portrait as the desired PAPER SIZE. The LCD briefly displays the paper size with an asterisk at the end.
SIZE: LETTERp*
6. Press the EXIT key to store the selection, terminate the setup options, and return to the offline state or press the ON LINE key to return to the on line state.

## - Setup Memory

## Current memory

The printer contains one current memory for automatically storing the preset setup states and three user memories for storing data that is designated by the user.
The current memory automatically stores the configuration when the setup options are terminated. When the power is turned on or when the RESET key is pressed, the printer automatically sets the configuration per the current memory. Thus, when entering the setup options, the contents of the current memory can be altered.

## User memory

The user memories can store three different configurations. The user can set and recall the contents of the memory to configure the printer. When the power is turned on or when the RESET key is pressed, the contents stored in the user memories are not used as the initial values. To use the contents of the user memories as the initial values, it is necessary to select one of the user memories, MEMO 1 to MEMO 3, in the setup options and evoke the contents as the preset condition.
To use the contents of the user memory as the current setup, it is necessary to display the " 8 SELECT SETUP" on the menu and select one of the user memories. Exiting from the setup options with a user memory selected will cause the contents of the user memory to be stored in the current memory which then becomes the printer initial values.

To store a configuration in a user memory, display the " 86 SAVE SETUP" selection in the extended setup options and select one of the user memories. The current setup content is stored in the specified memory when exiting the setup options.
4. Basic setup options (1-2)

## Printing multipart paper

The multipart mode increases the print intensity on multipart forms.

## 1 MULTIPART

| COPY : | NORMAL | $\ldots \ldots .$. | With one pass printing, normal speed |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| COPY : | DARK 1 | $\ldots \ldots .$. | With one pass printing, reduced speed |
| COPY : | DARK 2 | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$. | With two pass printing |

## Selecting page length for fanfold paper

The page length selection varies from 2 inches to 16.5 inches with a 0.5 inch increment. The page length is the same as the distance between two perforations.
The page length can be changed by software commands, but when the "Page Lock" option in the extended setup options is set enabled, this page length selection becomes the fixed length and software commands are ignored.

2 PAGE FANFOLD

| PAGE : | 2 IN |
| :---: | :---: |
| PAGE : | $\ldots$ |
| PAGE : | 11 IN |
| PAGE : | $\ldots$. |
| PAGE : | 16.5 IN |

Default page length is 11 inches


## Selecting single sheet paper size

This function sets a paper size (page length, the right and left margins) of single sheet paper. The "Page Lock" option in the extended options can lock-in the character spacing selected in this option and ignores the related software command.

```
3 PAGE SINGLE
```

| SIZE : | B5 | p |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SIZE : | B5 | 1 |
| SIZE : | A4 | p |
| SIZE : | A4 | 1 |
| SIZE : | B4 | p |
| SIZE : | B4 | 1 |
| SIZE : | LETTERp |  |
| SIZE : | LETTERI |  |
| SIZE : | LEGAL | $p$ |
| SIZE : | LEGAL | 1 |
| SIZE : | A3 | p |
| SIZE : | A3 | 1 |

........... "P" denotes portrait.
........... "I" denotes landscape
........... Default page size is A4 portrait.

| Note |
| :---: |
| A3 landscape can not be used with CSF. |


| item <br> Paper Size |  |  |  |  |  | Number of Lines / Page |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | EPSON/IBM |  |  |  | HP |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Override OFF |  | Override ON |  | Override OFF |  | Override ON |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | TOF Adj. |  | TOF Adj. |  | TOF Adj. |  | TOF Adj. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 0/60" | 14/60" | 0/60" | 14/60" | 0/60" | 14/60" | 0/60" | 14/60" |
| B5 Portrait | 1 | 68 | 68 | 238 | 257 | 56 | 55 | 58 | 56 | 56 | 55 | 60 | 59 |
| B5 Landscape | 1 | 98 | 98 | 163 | 182 | 38 | 37 | 40 | 39 | 38 | 37 | 43 | 41 |
| A4 Portrait | 1 | 80 | 80 | 278 | 297 | 65 | 64 | 67 | 66 | 65 | 64 | 70 | 69 |
| A4 Landscape | 1 | 114 | 114 | 191 | 210 | 45 | 43 | 47 | 45 | 45 | 43 | 49 | 48 |
| B4 Portrait | 1 | 98 | 98 | 345 | 364 | 81 | 80 | 83 | 82 | 81 | 80 | 86 | 84 |
| B4 Landscape | 1 | 136 | 136 | 238 | 257 | 56 | 55 | 58 | 56 | 56 | 55 | 60 | 59 |
| Letter Portrait | 1 | 82 | 82 | 261 | 11" | 61 | 60 | 63 | 62 | 61 | 60 | 66 | 64 |
| Letter Landscape | 1 | 108 | 108 | 197 | 8.5" | 46 | 45 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 45 | 51 | 49 |
| Legal Portrait | 1 | 82 | 82 | 337 | 14" | 79 | 78 | 81 | 80 | 79 | 78 | 84 | 82 |
| Legal Landscape | 1 | 136 | 136 | 197 | 8.5" | 46 | 45 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 45 | 51 | 49 |
| A3 Portrait | 1 | 114 | 114 | 401 | 420 | 94 | 93 | 96 | 95 | 94 | 93 | 99 | 98 |
| A3 Landscape | 1 | 136 | 136 | 278 | 297 | 65 | 64 | 67 | 66 | 65 | 64 | 70 | 69 |

## CONDITIONS

- Character Pitch: 10 CPI
- Line Feed Pitch: 6 LPI
- Page Length(in Epson/IBM) : = Paper form length - 0mm (top margin) - 17 mm (bottom margin) - 2 mm (tolerance)
- Page Length and Number of Lines in HP depend on the TOF position and override function.
- Right and Left Margin: correspond to the scale on the paper bail. (The unit is the number of characters).


## Selecting font style

This selection is effective only in the LQ or NLQ print mode. There are 10 resident fonts provided.

When the OCR-A or OCR-B font is selected, either 10 cpi or 12 cpi character spacing can be selected. The "Font Lock" option in the extended options can lock-in the font selected in this option and ignores the related software command.

$$
4 \text { FONT SELECT }
$$

| FONT: | ROMAN |
| :--- | :--- |
| FONT: | S.SERIF |
| FONT: | COURIER |
| FONT: | PRESTIGE |
| FONT: | SCRIPT |
| FONT: | OCR-B |
| FONT: | OCR-A |
| FONT: | GOTHIC |
| FONT: | ORATOR |
| FONT: | ORATORS |

Default font is Roman.
Sans Serif

Note:

1. If the current 'QUALITY' selection is SD, SSD, DRAFT, or HQDR, the font selection depends on the EMULATION currently selected:
HP mode - FONT SELECT selection is accepted and QUALITY is automatically changed to LQ.
EPSON or IBM mode - FONT SELECT selection will not take effect until QUALITY selection is changed to either NLQ or LQ.
2. If the current 'CHAR PITCH' is set to $15,16,17.1,20$, or 24 and OCR-A or OCR-B is selected, the ROMAN font will be automatically substituted.

| FONT | PRINT SAMPLE |
| :---: | :---: |
| ROMAN | ABCDEFGHIJKLMNopqrstuvwxyz |
| SANS SERIF | ABCDEFGHI JKLMNopqrstuvwxyz |
| COURIER | ABCDEFGHIJKLMNopqrstuvwxyz |
| PRESTIGE | ABCDEFGHI JKLMNopqrstuvwxyz |
| SCRIPT | ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOpqrstuvwxyz |
| OCR-B | ABCDEFGHI JKLMNopqrstuvwxyz |
| OCR-A | ABCDEFGHIJKLMNopqrstuvwxyz |
| GOTHIC | ABCDEFGHIJKLMNopqrstuvwxyz |
| ORATOR | ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ |
| ORATOR-S | ABCDEFGHI JKLMNOPqrStuVwXyZ |

## Selecting character spacing

This function selects one of the fixed spaced characters and proportional spaced characters. The "Pitch Lock" option in the extended setup options can lock-in the character spacing selected in this option and ignores the related software command.

When SD (speed draft) or SSD (super speed draft) is set the character spacing automatically changes to 12 cpi or 15 cpi , respectively.
When OCR-A or OCR-B font is selected, either 10 cpi or 12 cpi can be selected.


| PITCH: | 10 CPI |
| :--- | :--- |
| PITCH: | 12 CPI |
| PITCH: | 15 CPI |
| PITCH: | 16.7 CPI |
| PITCH: | 17 CPI |
| PITCH: | 20 CPI |
| PITCH: | 24 CPI |
| PITCH: | PROP. |
| PITCH: | $1 / 2 \mathrm{PROP}$. |

Default character spacing is 10 cpi printing
Letter Quality

| Character pitch | Dot-spacing $(\mathrm{V} \times \mathrm{H})$ | Character structure $(\mathrm{V} \times \mathrm{H})$ |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | $24 \times 36$ |
| 12 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | $24 \times 30$ |
| $15 \mathrm{cpi}(\mathrm{EPSON})$ | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | $16 \times 24$ |
| $15 \mathrm{cpi}(\mathrm{HP} / \mathrm{BM})$ | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | $24 \times 36(+12)$ |
| 16.7 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | $24 \times 36(+7)$ |
| 17 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | $24 \times 36(+6)$ |
| 20 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | $24 \times 30(+6)$ |
| $24 \mathrm{cpi}(E P S O N)$ | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | $16 \times 24(+6)$ |
| $24 \mathrm{cpi}(\mathrm{HP} / \mathrm{IBM})$ | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | $24 \times 24(+6)$ |
| Proportional | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | $24 \times \mathrm{N}$ |
| $1 / 2$ Proportional | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | $24 \times \mathrm{N}$ |


| Character Picth | Print Sample |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10 CPI | ABCDEFGHIJKLMNopqrstuvwxyz |
| 12 CPI | ABCDEFGHIJKLMNopqrstuvwXYZ |
| 15 CPI (EPSON) | ABCDEPGHIJKLMNopqrstuvwxyz |
| 15 CPI (HP/ IBM) | ABCDEFGHIJKLMMopqrstuvwxy |
| 16.7 CPI | ABCDEPGHIJKLKMopqrstuwxxyz |
| 17.1 CPI | ABCDEFGHIJKL/MNopqrstuwwxy |
| 20 CPI | ABCDEFCHIJKLINopqrstovuxyz |
| $24 \mathrm{CPI}($ EPSON ) |  |
| 24 CPI (HP/ IBM) |  |


| Proportional | ABCDEFGHIJKLMNopqrstuvWXYz |
| ---: | :--- |
| $1 / 2$ Proportional | ABCDEPGHJSLMNopqrstuvwxyz |

The Proportional character width is twice the $1 / 2$ Proportional width. In the Epson mode, the print quality is changed to the high quality one. In the IBM or HP mode, print quality does not change the print quality.

## Enlarging/compressing print

Enlarges or compresses the text size.
Any setting other than $100 \%$ will cancel the double height printing mode. The relationships between the paper sizes with their enlargement and compressing ratio are described below.

Note: The expansion displayed on the LCD has some allowance. Enlarged or reduced characters are printed in a different font from the specified font.



Note: This sample illustrates only a scale image.

## Setting top of form position

The top-of-form (TOF) can be set using this function, anywhere from a minimum of 0 inch to a maximum of $480 / 60$ inches ( 8 inches $=203 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) by increments of $1 / 60$ inch.
Press the Up or Down arrow keys to increase or decrease the TOF setting, respectively. Press the ENTER key to select the desired setting.

7 TOF ADJUST

| TOF $:+0 / 60$ IN |
| :--- | :--- |
| TOF $:+n n n / 60$ IN |
| TOF $:+480 / 60 I N$ |

Note: Any improper setting of TOF position will set it back to the default value. The top of form differs from the top margin in that the top of form determines the first line of the print station where the top margin can be moved anywhere between the top of the form and the bottom margin. See " 40 TOP MARGIN" on page 47 .

## Note

When using settings less then $14 / 60^{\prime \prime}$, the printer is more susceptible to a paper jam, depending on forms type being used.

## Loading user \& factory setup options

Loads one of three user designed setup options to the current active memory. This will erase and replace setup contents in the current memory. The printer has three setup storage areas that can store different setups. If you need to save the current setups before replacement, it is necessary to select the " 86 SAVE SETUP" item in the extended setup options on page 56 .

## 8 SELECT SETUP

| SETUP : MEMO 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| SETUP : MEMO 2 |  |
| SETUP: MEMO 3 |  |
| SET. : | FACTORY |

Equivalent short cut operation can be performed when:

Note: When this setting is executed, the printer will be initialized.

Factory Default Setting

| Option Menu | Factory Default | Option Menu | Factory Default |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| <Basic options> |  | 38 PCL MODE | PCL3+ |
| 1 MULTIPART | NORMAL | 39 CHR TB2 HP | LINE-DRAW |
| 2 PAGE FANFOLD | 11" | 40 TOP MARGIN | 0 LINE |
| 3 PAGE SINGLE | A4 PORTRAIT | 41 BOTTOM MARGIN | 0 LINE |
| 4 FONT SELECT | ROMAN | 42 LEFT M. | 0 COLUMN |
| 5 CHAR PITCH | 10 CPI | 43 RIGHT M. | 0 COLUMN |
| 6 ZOOM IN/OUT | 100\% | 44 PAPER WIDTH | 15 INCH |
| 7 TOF ADJUST | 14/60 INCH | 45 AUTO SCROLL | NO SCROLL |
|  |  | 46 OVERRIDE BM | YES |
| <Extended options> |  | 47 LABEL MODE | NO |
| 10 EMULATION | EPSON | 48 P .OUT DTCT | ANY POS |
| 11 CHR TB HP | ROMAN-8 | 49 CSF OPTION | NOT INSTALLED |
| 12 CHR TB EPSON | ITALIC | 50 SCROLL POS | ANY POS |
| 13 CHR TB IBM | SET 1 | 51 LF SPEED | NORMAL |
| 14 NATIONAL FONT | USA | 60 INTERFACE | PARALLEL |
| 15 CODE PAGE | 437 (USA) | 61 SLCT IN CMD | NO |
| 16 AGM IBM | NO | 62 PARITY BIT | NON |
| 17 CR SETTING | CR ONLY | 63 DATA LENGTH | 8 BITS |
| 18 LF SETTING | LF+CR | 64 STOP BIT | 1 BIT |
| 19 LF PITCH | 6 LPI | 65 PROTOCOL | DTR |
| 20 ZERO STYLE | NO-SLASHED | 66 BAUD RT | 9600 BPS |
| 21 TABULATION | 8 CHAR. | 67 SERIAL ERROR | PRINT * |
| 22 PAGE LOCK | NO | 68 CTS ENABLE | NO |
| 23 QUALITY | LQ | 69 CD ENABLE | NO |
| 24 FONT LOCK | NO | 70 DSR ENABLE | NO |
| 25 PITCH LOCK | NO | 71 BUFFER SIZE | 64 KB |
| 26 QLTY LOCK | NO | 72 BUSY/ACK | TYPE 2 |
| 27 BC/L.CHR | MODE 1 | 73 DATA LATCH | TYPE F |
| 28 BC TYPE | CODE39 | 74 ERROR STATUS | YES |
| 29 BC SIZE | 1 | 80 PRINT DIR | BI-DIRECTION |
| 30 LARGE CH.SIZE | 8 | 81 DISPLAY LANG | ENGLISH |
| 31 GR QLTY | MODE 2 | 82 INVERT DISP | NO |
| 32 ACCENT CHR | SIMPLE | 83 SOFTWARE SET | YES |
| $33 \mathrm{FF} \mathrm{CODE/TOF}$ | YES | 84 RESET LOCK | NO |
|  |  | 85 SLEEP MODE | YES |


| Option Menu | CURRENT | MEMO1 | MEMO2 | MEMO3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| <Basic options> |  |  |  |  |
| 4 FONT SELECT | ROMAN | COURIER | COURIER | COURIER |
| <Extended options> |  |  |  |  |
| 10 EMULATION | EPSON | HP | HP | IBM |
| 18 LF SETTING | LF+CR | LF ONLY | LF ONLY | LF ONLY |
| 32 ACCENT CHR. | SIMPLE | COMPO. | COMPO. | SIMPLE |
| 38 PCL MODE | PCL3+ | PCL3+ | PCL3 | PCL3+ |
| $61 ~ S L C T ~ I N ~ E N B L ~$ | NO | NO | NO | YES |

## 5. Extended setup options

## About extended setup options

The extended setup options contain various setup options which are used less frequently than the basic setup options. The function in these options are categorized to four functional blocks:

- Items numbering in 10 's through 30 's are for "Print enhancement" which defines the emulation type or character tables.
- Items numbering in 40's and 50's are for "Paper handling enhancement" which defines the paper characteristics or print area.
- Items numbering in 60's and 70's are for "Communication enhancement" which defines the interface control parameters.
- Items numbering in 80's are for other functional items to "Miscellaneous".

For the overview of the extended setup options, refer to the extended setup options summary on page 34 and 35.

Note: You may have noticed that some option numbers are skipped in the display. Those skipped item numbers are reserved for special use and they do not affect regular operation of this printer.

## - To set this option

By pressing and holding the SETUP key when the RESET key is pressed, the printer enters the extended setup options, where various functions including the basic setup options can be set. The keys and operation method in the extended setup options are the same as those in the basic setup options. However, when exiting from the extended setup options, the initialization of the printer will be conducted by printing the RESET key.


## 5. Extended setup options

## Extended setup options summary

Press both the SETUP and RESET keys to enter the extended setup options.


## Previous page



## Print enhancement

## Emulation

The desired emulation mode of the printer can be selected using this function.

10 EMULATION

| EML: | EPSON |
| :--- | :--- |
| EML : | IBM |
| EML : | HP |

Epson LQ-2550 compatible

EML: HP IBM 2391 compatible .......... RuggedWriter 480 compatible

## Character table (HP mode)

This function selects one of character sets provided in the HP emulation.


## Character table (Epson mode)

This function selects one of character sets provided in the Epson emulation.
12 CHR TB EPSON

| TBL $:$ | ITALIC |
| :---: | :--- |
| TBL $:$ | GRAPHIC |
| TBL $:$ | DOWN LD |
| TBL $:$ | CODE PG |

Sets italic table (see page 127)
Sets graphic table (see page 127)
TBL: DOWN LD
Sets user defined download table
TBL: CODE PG
This selection replaces the ASCII character area $80 \mathrm{~h}-\mathrm{FFh}$ with the code page selected in " 15 CODE PAGE"

## Character table (IBM mode)

This function selects between the IBM character set 1 and set 2 .
Refer to the character set tables in Appendix C.
13 CHR TB IBM

| TBL: | SET 1 | Sets IBM character set 1 table (see page 128) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TBL: | SET 2 | Sets IBM character set 2 table (see page 129) |

## National font style

One of the following 16 national fonts can be selected.


| CNTRY : | USA |
| :--- | :--- |
| CNTRY : | FRANCE |
| CNTRY : | GERMANY |
| CNTRY : | U.K. |
| CNTRY : | DENMRK |
| CNTRY : | SWEDEN |
| CNTRY : | ITALY |
| CNTRY : | SPAIN |
| CNTRY : | JAPAN |
| CNTRY : | NORWAY |
| CNTRY : | DNMRK 2 |
| CNTRY : | SPAIN 2 |
| CNTRY : | LATN AM |
| CNTRY : | KOREA |
| CNTRY : | TURKEY |
| CNTRY : | LEGAL |


| ASCII HEXADECIMAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 | 24 | 40 | 5B | 5C | 5D | 5E | 60 | 7B | 7C | 7D | 7E |
| \# | \$ | @ | [ | \} | ] | - | - | \{ | I | \} | $\sim$ |
| \# | \$ | à |  | ç | § |  |  | é | ù | è |  |
| \# | \$ | § | Ä | Ö | Ü | ^ | ' | ä | $\ddot{\text { ö }}$ | ü | B |
| £ | \$ | @ | [ | 1 | ] | $\wedge$ | ' | \{ | I | \} |  |
| \# | \$ | @ | A | $\emptyset$ | Å |  | , | $\boldsymbol{\chi}$ | - | å |  |
| \# | a | É | $\ddot{\text { Ä }}$ | $\ddot{O}$ | Å | Ü | é | $\ddot{\text { ä }}$ | ö | ล̊ | ü |
| \# | \$ | @ | - | 1 | é | へ | ù | à | ò | è | ì |
| Pt | \$ | @ | 1 | $\tilde{\mathrm{N}}$ | i | $\wedge$ | ' | * | ñ | \} | $\sim$ |
| \# | \$ | @ | [ | Y | ] | U | ' | \{ | I | \} |  |
| \# | a | É | た | $\emptyset$ | Å | Ü | é | æ | $\theta$ | $\stackrel{\text { a }}{ }$ | ü |
| \# | \$ | É | A | $\emptyset$ | À | U̇ | é | a | $\square$ | å | ü |
| \# | \$ | á | $i$ | $\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}$ | i | é | ' | í | ñ | ó | ú |
| \# | \$ | á | i | $\hat{\mathrm{N}}$ | i | é | Ü | í | ñ | ó | ú |
| \# | \$ | @ | [ | W | ] | ^ | - | \{ | I | \} | $\sim$ |
| \# | 1 | İ | Ç | $\ddot{O}$ | Ş | Ü | g | ¢ | $\ddot{\text { ö }}$ | S | ü |
| \# | \$ | § |  | , | " | 9I |  | © | ${ }^{(8)}$ | + | ${ }^{14}$ |

## Code page

The default code page can be selected using this function. Refer to the code page table in Appendix C.

```
15 CODE PAGE
```

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| C.P. $:$ | 437 |
| C.P. $:$ | 850 |
| C.P. $:$ | 857 |
| C.P. $:$ | 858 |
| C.P. $:$ | 860 |
| C.P. $:$ | 861 |
| C.P. $:$ | 863 |
| C.P. $:$ | 865 |
| C.P. $:$ | BRASCII |
| C.P. $:$ | ABICOMP |
| C.T. $:$ | ISO-1 |

........... USA (see page 133)
........... Multilingual (see page 133)
........... Turkey (see page 133)
........... Multilingual Euro symbol(see page 134)
........... Portugal (see page 134)
........... Icelandic (see page 134)
........... Canadian-French (see page 134)
........... Norway (see page 135)
.......... BRASCII (see page 135)
........... ABICOMP (see page 135)
........... ISO-8859-1 (see page 135)

## IBM Alternate graphic mode (AGM) (Valid in IBM mode)

This function enables the IBM emulation to work similar to the Epson emulation in high density graphics. The table below describes the differences in their related control codes.

```
16 AGM IBM
```

| AGM: | NO |
| :--- | :--- |
| AGM: | YES |


| Command | AGM: NO | AGM: YES |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ESC 3 n | Set $\mathrm{n} / 216 "$ line spacing | Set $\mathrm{n} / 180 "$ line spacing |
| ESC J n | Line feed $\mathrm{n} / 216^{\prime \prime}$ | Line feed $\mathrm{n} / 180 "$ |
| ESC A n | Set $\mathrm{n} / 72$ " line spacing | Set $\mathrm{n} / 60$ " line spacing |
| ESC * | Not supported | Set various graphic modes |

## Carriage return (CR)

A carriage return (ASCII code 0 Dh or 13) causes data in the buffer to be printed and the carriage to be moved to the left most print position at the same line. The following option can be selected when issuing a carriage return. Refer to the specification of your application for correct selection.

```
17 CR SETTING
```

| CR: | CR ONLY |
| :--- | :--- |
| CR: | CR+LF |
| CR: | AT FEED |

$\ldots \ldots \ldots$. Carriage return without a line feed
$\ldots \ldots \ldots$. Carriage return with a line feed
$\ldots \ldots \ldots$. Autofeed signal enabled

Note: Autofeed is effective for the system using parallel interface with AUTO FEED signal to control the the carriage return with or without a line feed. The autofeed signal must be low when the printer is initialized in order to add a line feed to every CR code.

## Line feed (LF)

This function selects whether to execute the carriage return operation when receiving the line feed command (LF code).

18 LF SETTING

| $\mathrm{LF}:$ | LF ONLY | $\ldots \ldots .$. | Line feed without a carriage return |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{LF}:$ | $\mathrm{LF}+\mathrm{CR}$ | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$. Line feed with a carriage return |  |

## Line feed spacing

This function selects the default line feed spacing. When no line feed spacing is set in the software command, this value is used as a linefeed.

19 LF PITCH

| LF $:$ | 6 | LPI |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{LF}:$ | 8 | LPI |
| $\mathrm{LF}:$ | 9 | LPI |
| $\mathrm{LF}:$ | 3 | LPI |
| $\mathrm{LF}:$ | 4 | LPI |

## Slashed zero

The zero style is selected as either " 0 " (no-slash) or " $\varnothing$ " (slashed).

## 20 ZERO STYLE



## Set default tab stops

The default horizontal tab stops are selected from different tab intervals. This tab setting becomes effective when the printer receives tab commands from the host system.

21 TABULATION

| TAB $:$ | 2 | CHAR |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| TAB $:$ | 4 | CHAR |
| TAB $:$ | 6 | CHAR |
| TAB $:$ | 8 | CHAR |
| TAB $:$ | 10 | CHAR |
| TAB $:$ | 12 | CHAR |

## Lock-in the page length

The page length and the top and bottom margins set on the front control panel are locked-in. Any page layout related software command cannot override this setting.
22 PAGE LOCK

| LOCK $:$ | YES |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOCK $:$ | NO |

## Print quality

The letter or draft quality printing or their variations can be selected. This function performs the same way as when the QUALITY key is pressed on the front control panel.
This function selects the graphic print speed. See the page 19.


| QLTY: | LQ |
| :--- | :--- |
| QLTY: | NLQ |
| QLTY: | HQDR |
| QLTY: | DRAFT |
| QLTY: | S.D |
| QLTY: | S.S.D |

$\qquad$ Letter quality printing
$\qquad$ Near letter quality printing
........... High quality draft printing
$\qquad$ Speed draft printing (12cpi)
$\qquad$ Super speed draft printing (15cpi)

## Lock-in the font

The character font set in the "Selecting font style" option on page 28 are locked-in, so any character font related software command cannot override this setting.
24 FONT LOCK

| LOCK: | YES |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOCK: | NO |

## Lock-in the character spacing

The character spacing set the "Selecting character spacing" option on page 29 are locked-in, so any character spacing related software command cannot override this setting.


| LOCK: | YES |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOCK: | NO |

## Lock-in the print quality

The print quality set the "print quality" option on page 41 are locked-in, so any print quality related software command cannot override this setting.

| 26 QLTY | LOCK |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOCK: | YES |
| LOCK: | NO |

## Bar code print enhancement

## Enable Bar code print and Enlarged character

This function enables the printer to accept the control commands of the barcode and enlarged character.

```
27 BC/L. CHR
```

| $B C:$ | MODE 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $B C:$ | MODE 2 |
| $B C:$ | IGNORED |

ESC SO and ESC SI can not be used for the bar code data start or stop command.

BC: IGNORED
ALL control command are valid.
Bar code and Enlarged character are invalid.

## Bar code type

This function selects a type of bar code. Bar code type element enables you to print bar codes by varying the width of the narrow bar, wide bar, narrow space, wide bar, or intercharacter gap. See Appendix B, "Bar code control code" for details.

28 BC TYPE

| TYPE: | INDST25 |
| :--- | :--- |
| TYPE: | INTRL25 |
| TYPE: | MATRIX |
| TYPE: | CODABA |
| TYPE: | CODE11 |
| TYPE: | CODE39 |
| TYPE: | CODE93 |
| TYPE: | C128 |
| TYPE: | EAN-8 |
| TYPE: | EAN-13 |
| TYPE: | UPC-A |
| TYPE: | UPC-E |
| TYPE: | POSTNET |
| TYPE: | ELEMENT |

Industrial 2 of 5


Interleaved 2 of 5


Matrix 2 of 5


12345670

## Codabar


a 1234567a
CODE 11

$\triangle 123456779 \Delta$
CODE 39


CODE 93


ㅁ1234567口
CODE 128


EAN-13


UPC-A


UPC-E


POSTNET


## - Bar code specifications

The table below shows the specifications of thirteen types of bar codes available for the printer. Bar code printing examples are shown on the previous page.

| Bar code | Structure | ICG | letters (\#) | Check character | Sample data | Remark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industrial 2/5 | 5B4S | Yes | 0-9 | Yes <br> (Mod 10) | 1234567 |  |
| Interleaved 2/5 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 5B5S } \\ (2 \text { characters } \\ \text { as one unit) } \end{gathered}$ | No | 0-9 | Yes (Mod 10) | 1234567 | Even number, including check character. Data length is variable. |
| Codabar | 4B3S | Yes | $\begin{gathered} 0-9, \\ \text { Sharacters: } 24 \end{gathered}$ | Yes (Mod 16) | 1234567 | Start and end codes are sent by the user. |
| Matrix 2/5 | 3B2S | Yes | 0-9 | Yes <br> (Mod 10) | 1234567 |  |
| Code 11 | 3B2S | Yes | 0-9,"-" | Yes <br> (Mod 11) | 1234567 | Start and end codes are ( $\triangle$ ) code. Dual check character |
| Code 39 | 5B4S | Yes | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0-9, \\ \mathrm{AB}, \ldots(43) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yes } \\ (\operatorname{Mod} 43) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 1234567 | Start and end codes are asterisk (*) codes. |
| Code 93 | 3B3S | No | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { ASCII } \\ (128) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Yes } \\ (\operatorname{Mod} 47) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 1234567 | Two check characters |
| Code 128 | 3B3S | No | $\begin{gathered} \text { ASCII } \\ (128) \end{gathered}$ | Yes <br> (Mod 103) | 1234567 |  |
| EAN-8 | 2B2S | No | 0-9 | Yes (Mod 10) | 4912345 | 8 digits (2 prefix code +5 data code+Check character) |
| EAN-13 | 2B2S | No | 0-9 | Yes <br> (Mod 10) | 491234567890 | 13 digits ( 2 prefix code +10 data code+Check character) |
| UPC-A | 2B2S | No | 0-9 | Yes <br> (Mod 10) | 01234500006 | 12 digits (NSC+10 data+ Check character) |
| UPC-E | 2B2S | No | 0-9 | Yes (Mod 10) | 01234500006 | UPC-A (12-digit) data is automatically converted into UPC-E (10-digit) data. |
| Postnet | 2LB3SB | No | 0-9 | Yes (Mod 10) | 123456789 | 6,10 or 12 digits (data +Check character) |

"B" and "S" in the "Structure" column show the number of bars and spaces which consist of one or two characters. LB and SB mean long bar and shot bar, respectively.

## Bar code size

This function specifies the default bar code size.

29 BC SIZE

| BC | SIZE : | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| BC | SIZE : | 1.5 |
| BC | SIZE : | 2 |
| BC | SIZE : | 2.5 |

The tables below show bar code sizes and attributes.


## Enlarged character size

This function specifies the default size of enlarged characters.

30 LARGE CH.SIZE

| SIZE $:$ | 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SIZE $:$ | 2 |  |
| SIZE $:$ | 4 |  |
| SIZE | $:$ | 8 |
| SIZE | $:$ | 12 |
| SIZE $:$ | 16 |  |
| SIZE $:$ | 24 |  |
| SIZE | $:$ | 32 |

## Graphic Print Speed

This function selects the print speed of the $120 \mathrm{DPI} / 240 \mathrm{DPI}$ and $180 \mathrm{DPI} / 360 \mathrm{DPI}$ graphics.
31 GR QLTY

| QLTY : | MODE1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| QLTY : | MODE2 |
| QLTY : | MODE3 |


|  | $120 / 240 D P I$ |  | $180 / 360 D P I$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SPEED | Min.Dot pitch | SPEED | Min.Dot pitch |
| MODE1 | 15.7 IPS | $1 / 120 "$ | 10.5 IPS | $1 / 180^{\prime \prime}$ |
| MODE2 | 18.0 IPS | $1 / 120 "$ | 18.0 IPS | $1 / 120 "$ |
| MODE3 | 31.5 IPS | $1 / 60 "$ | 24 IPS | $1 / 60 "$ |

## Accent character

This function specifies the method of printing accent characters.

```
32 ACCENT CHR.
```

PRINT:SIMPLE
PRINT: COMPO
$\qquad$ The accent character of the resident font is printed.
$\qquad$ The accent symbol and the character are printed $\ldots \ldots . .$. separately to add the accent symbol in the proper position.

## Setting of the FF (Form Feed) code at TOF

```
33 FF CODE / TOF
```

```
FF CODE/TOF:YES
```

FF CODE/TOF:NO

Establish the setting whether or not FF (Form Feed) is to be executed.
When "YES"is set, the FF code performs Form Feed even if the present position is at TOF.
When "NO" is set, the FF code is ignored when the present position is at TOF.

## HP mode enhancement PCL Mode (HP mode)

This function selects the emulation level in HP mode.
$\square$

| MODE $:$ | PCL $3+$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| MODE $:$ | PCL3 |
| MODE $:$ | PCL $3+D$ |

PCL3 $\quad$ Fully compatible with the Rugged Writer 480. The character pitches(15, 17.1 and 24) and print quality modes (HQDR, NLQ, S.D., S.S.D.) cannot be selected by software commands.

## PCL3+ -

Extra capability to the Rugged Writer 480. In this mode, additional character pitches, print quality modes, and raster graphics resolutions may be selected by software command.

PCL3+D
Limited DESK-JET compatibility. In this mode, the commands "ESC * p \# Y" and "ESC * p \# X" define units in 1/360".

If you want print DESK-JET application data, you can make use of PCL3+D. The print position and graphics of the PCL3+D are closer than the other two modes to the DESK JET.

## Secondary character table (HP mode)

This function selects symbol set of the secondary font table.
39 CHR TB2 HP


## Paper handling enhancement Set the top margin

This function sets the top margin by lines with fixed line spacing of 6 lines per inch in the range between 0 to 15 lines ( $2.5^{\prime \prime}$ ) from the top of the form.

40 TOP MARGIN

| T.M.: | 0 | LINE |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| T.M.: | nn | LINE |
| T.M.: | 15 | LINE |

## Set the bottom margin

This function sets the bottom margin by lines with fixed line spacing of 6 lines per inch in the range between 0 to 15 lines (2.5") from the bottom edge of the form.

```
41 BOTTOM MARGIN
```

| B.M.: | 0 |
| :--- | ---: |
| B.M.: | LINE |
| B.M. | 15 |

## Note

The bottom edge of the form is determined by the page length or the paper size set by the PAPER key in the front control panel or in the associated paper size options in the basic setup options. See the paper size table on page 27.

## Set the left margin

This function sets the left margin by columns with fixed character spacing of 10 characters per inch in the range between 0 to 63 columns ( $6.3^{\prime \prime}$ ) from the left-most printable location.


## Set the right margin

This function sets the right margin by columns with fixed character spacing of 10 characters per inch in the range between 0 to 63 columns ( $6.3^{\prime \prime}$ ) from the right-most printable location.


Note
The right edge of the form is determined by the paper size set in the stup options on page 27 or the paper width set in the setup options on this page.

Right most printable location


Right most printable location


## Fanfold paper width

This function sets the paper width to be used in the printer. Depending on the paper width, the print head will shift to the one half of the print width selected in this function to properly hold the paper in place, and eliminates the possibility of paper jams during loading.

```
44 PAPER WIDTH
```

| WIDTH: | 15 | IN |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| WIDTH: | 10 | IN |
| WIDTH: | 5 | IN |


| Maximum printable column at 10 cpi |
| :---: |
| 136 columns |
| 80 columns |
| 36 columns |

## Autoscroll delay

The Autoscroll function automatically advances the paper to the tear off position when no data exists in the communication buffer and no new data is received for a period of $0.5,1,5,10$, or 15 seconds.
The printer automatically aligns the paper to the top of the next form when data is received. This feature is very beneficial when it is necessary to print a single invoice, and tear it off immediately following printing.

45 AUTO SCROLL

| NO | SCROLL |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| SCROLL: | 0.5 SEC |  |
| SCROLL: | 1 | SEC |
| SCROLL: | 5 | SEC |
| SCROLL: | 10 | SEC |
| SCROLL: | 15 | SEC |

## Note

Autoscroll becomes invalid when the label protect mode is set active.

## Override bottom margin

The effect of this function varies depending whether you are using Cut Sheet or Fanfold paper. The operation of this function is also varied depending upon the Emulation setting (and if in HP emulation, the PCL mode setting).

## 46 OVERRIDE BM

| OVERRIDE : | NO |
| :--- | :--- |
| OVERRIDE : | YES |

When using Cut Sheet paper, the bottom margin is set 17 mm from the bottom of the page. The bottom margin setting can be overridden by this function, however, there may be some degradation of print registration in the override print area. Refer to the sketch and Table shown below for details of printable area and number of lines/page as affected by the setting of this function.

When using Fanfold paper, this function only affects the printer's operation on the last sheet of paper when a paper out condition occurs. When remove the fanfold paper from the tracters, printing will stop approximately 4 inches from the bottom edge of the paper. When a paper out condition occurs you may either move the Friction Lever to the Cut Sheet position and remove the form from the tractors, or you may place the printer back Online and continue printing in the override print area.


Label mode (valid only in fanfold setting)

Label mode is designed to prevent continuous forms labels from being peeled from the backing sheet and becoming jammed in the printer.

47 LABEL MODE

| LABEL MD: NO | Set the label protect mode off |
| :---: | :---: |
| LABEL MD: YES | he label protect mode on |

When the bottom edge of the label is positioned on the round surface of the platen for more than 10 seconds, the label is automatically repositioned away from the platen. When data is received by the printer, the labels are automatically positioned to the top of the next available label before printing begins. This function becomes effective when each label is equally apart and the same page length (min. 2 inches) is set for a single label.

## Setting of "Paper out" detection

48 P.OUT DTCT

DETECT: PAGE END
DETECT: ANY POS
In the "ANY POS" setting, "Paper out" detection is functioning at the any position. In the case of "PAGE END":
For fanfold paper: "Paper out" detection functions near the perforation only. After the detection, the print line feed data are not executed. With this function the printing format is maintained even after the sheet change.
For cut sheet paper: "Paper out" detection does not function within the paper size. The "Paper out" detection functions when the LF is exceeded over the paper size.
When a sheet shorter than the selection sheet size is printed. the printing is made even if paper out.

## Cut sheet feeder type

A function for defining the CSF configuration. The CSF type, single tray can be set when the CSF is installed.
When single is selected, the paper tray (bin 1) can be selected by the BIN key on the front control panel.

```
49 CSF OPTION
```

| NOT | INSTALL |
| :---: | :---: |
| CSF: | SINGLE |
| CSF: | DOUBLE |

## Setting of the auto-scrolling position

Set the position for executing auto-scrolling.

50 SCROLL POS.

SCROLL: ANY POS
SCROLL:TOF ONLY

In the case of "TOF ONLY" : Auto-scrolling is performed only when the present position is at TOF .
"ANY POS" : If the perforation is between the paper cutter and printing head position, auto-scroll is performed at any position after a prescribed time after the printing.

## Line Feed Speed

This function specifies the line feed speed.
The $1 / 2$ LF speed feeds paper more stably. It is useful for thick paper, labeled sheets and multipart paper in comtinuous printing.

```
SPEED: NORMAL
SPEED: 1/2
```


## Communication enhancement

## Interface type

This function selects the type of interface; the parallel interface or the serial interface. When this function is executed, the printer is initialized. See "Connecting the computer" section on page 12 for correct selection and connection of the interface cable.

```
60 INTERFACE
```

| $I / F:$ | PARALLEL |
| :--- | :--- |
| $I / F:$ | SERIAL |
| $I / F:$ | AUTO |

$\ldots . . . .$. Parallel and serial interface are switched automatically.

## SELECT IN signal (parallel interface)

When "SLCT IN: YES" is selected, the printer accepts the "select" or "deselect" command codes regardless of the SELECT IN signal from host system.
When "SLCT IN: NO" is selected, the printer ignores the "select" or "deselect" command codes regardless of the SELECT IN signal from host system.
When "SLCT IN: I/F" is selected, the printer functions according to the SELECT IN signal from host system.

```
6 1 ~ S L C T ~ I N ~ C M D ~
```

| SLCT CMD : YES |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| SLCT CMD : | NO |
| SLCT CMD : | I $/ \mathrm{F}$ |

## Parity bit (serial interface)

This function selects the appropriate parity bit in the transmission data frame.

```
6 2 ~ P A R I T Y ~ B I T ~
```

| PARITY: | NON |
| :--- | :--- |
| PARITY: | EVEN |
| PARITY: ODD |  |

5. Extended setup options (63-66)

## Data length (serial interface)

This function selects the appropriate data length.

```
63 DATA LENGTH
```

LENGTH: 8 BITS
LENGTH: 7 BITS

## Stop bit (serial interface)

This function selects the appropriate number of stop bits.

```
64 STOP BIT
```

```
STOP BIT: 1 BIT
STOP BIT: 2 BITS
```


## Communication protocol (serial interface)

This function selects the appropriate communication protocol. Refer to the specification of your host system for selecting proper communication protocol.

65 PROTOCOL

| PROT . : | DTR | $\ldots \ldots .$. | BUSY/READY protocol |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PROT . : | XON / OF1 | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | Set XON/XOFF 1 |
| PROT . : | XON /OF2 | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$. | Set XON/XOFF 2 |

Note: The difference in XON/XOFF 1 and 2: XON/XOFF 1 protocol sends XON code (11h) to host system at power-on while XON/XOFF 2 does nothing.

## Communication speed (serial interface)

This function selects the appropriate baud rate for the data transmission speed.

```
6 6 ~ B A U D ~ R T ~
```

| SPEED : | 38400 | B |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| SPEED : | 19200 | B |
| SPEED : | 9600 | B |
| SPEED : | 4800 | B |
| SPEED : | 2400 | B |
| SPEED : | 1200 | B |
| SPEED : | 600 | B |
| SPEED : | 300 | B |

## Serial error check (serial interface)

This function selects the printer's response to a serial data transmission error. The serial data transmission error includes a parity error, framing error, and over-run error. If "PRINT" is enabled, the data in error is printed as an asterisk(*). If "IGNORED" is enabled, the data in error is discarded.

## 67 SERIAL ERROR

| S.ERROR: PRINT |
| :--- |
| S.ERROR: IGNORED |

## CTS signal (serial interface)

This function accepts or ignores the CTS (Clear to Send) signal from the host.

```
68 CTS ENABLE
```

| CTS : | NO |
| :--- | :--- |
| CTS $:$ | YES |

Ignores the CTS signal
CTS: YES
Functions according to the CTS signal from the host

## CD signal (serial interface)

This function accepts or ignores the CD (Carrier Detect) signal from the host.

```
69 CD ENABLE
```

| $C D:$ | NO |
| :--- | :--- |
| $C D:$ | YES |

Ignores the CD signal
........... Functions according to the CD signal from the host

## DSR signal (serial interface)

This function accepts or ignores the DSR (Data Set Ready) signal from the host.

```
70 DSR ENABLE
```

| DSR $:$ | NO | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$. Ignores the DSR signal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DSR: | YES | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$. Functions according to the DSR signal from the host |

## Communication buffer size

This function selects the maximum size of the input buffer.
When the selection of this function is completed, the printer is initialized.
The buffer size affects the signal protocol in serial data communication. In these protocols the printer's busy/ready state changes according to the data remaining values in the input buffer described below.

71 BUFFER SIZE

| B.SIZE: | 64 KB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| B.SIZE: | 8 KB |
| B.SIZE: | 128 B |


| BUFFER <br> SIZE | Ready to Busy <br> (CIN) | Busy to Ready <br> (CRN) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 64 k byte | 1 k byte | 3 k byte |
| 8 k byte |  | 64 byte |
| 128 byte | 32 byte |  |

Note: When the remaining data capacity of the input buffer is smaller than CIN, the printer becomes busy. This state continues until the remaining capacity of the buffer is larger than CRN.

## Busy/ACK timing (parallel interface)

This function selects timing to activate the ACK signal for $8 \mu$ seconds (type 1) before, $4 \mu$ seconds (type 2) before, or simultaneously synchronized (type 3 ) with the busy signal going low.


| TIMING: TYPE 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| TIMING: TYPE 2 |
| TIMING: TIPE 3 |


| Type | Timing |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TYPE 1 | $\frac{\text { BUSY }}{\text { ACK }}$ |  |  |
| TYPE 2 | $\frac{\text { BUSY }}{\text { ACK }}$ |  |  |
| TYPE 3 | $\frac{\text { Busy }}{\text { ACK }}$ |  |  |

Data latch timing (parallel interface)
This function selects timing to latch the data signals at the rising edge (type R) or falling edge (type F) of the STROBE signal.

```
7 3 \text { DATA LATCH}
```

| LTCH: | TYPE $F$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| LTCH: | TYPE R. |



## Setting of whether ERROR/PE signals are output or not

Setting is made whether or not ERROR and PE signals for the parallel interface are output.
When "NO" is selected,
ERROR signal remains HIGH, and PE signal remains LOW, even if Error status.

```
74 ERROR STATUS
```

| STATUS SIG.: YES |
| :--- |
| STATUS SIG.:NO |

## Miscellaneous

## Print direction

This function selects either pre-directional printing, bi-directional printing, or uni-directional printing. Software commands to control the printing direction will override this selection. Particular characters such as IBM graphic characters are always printed unidirectional.

## 80 PRINT DIR

| PRINT: | PRE-DIR |
| :--- | :--- |
| PRINT : | UNI-DIR |
| PRINT: | BI-DIR |

Defaults to bi-directional printing

- Pre-directional printing:

Whenever a double pass of the print head is required, the direction of the second pass is the same as that of the first pass. This logic-seeking, unidirectional printing can be used, therefore, in modes such as double strike and double height printing. The logic seeking capability is executed before the first pass of the print head. The printing direction of all passes is the same as that of the first pass.

- Bi-directional printing:

Successive passes of the print head alternate between the left-right and right-left direction.

- Uni-directional printing:

Data is always printed in a single direction from the left to the right.

## LCD display language

This function selects the display language for the printer's display window (LCD).

## 81 DISPLAY LANG

| LANG: | ENGLISH | English |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LANG: | DEUTSCH | . Germany |
| LANG: | FRANCAIS | French |
| LANG: | ESPANOL | Spanish |
| LANG: | ITALIANO | . Italian |

## Invert LCD display

This function sets up-side down text display in the LCD. Use with the reverse control panel sheet. (See page 136)

| INVERT: | NO |
| :--- | :--- |
| INVERT: | YES |

## Software controlled setup

This function enables/disables the special software commands that are designed to control most of the extended setup options from host. See "Printer setup command codes" section in Appendix B.

```
83 SOFTWARE SET
```

| SOFTWARE: | NO |
| :--- | :--- |
| SOFTWARE: | YES |

## Lock the RESET key

This function locks up the RESET key during the online mode in order to avoid an accidental reset during printing.

84 RESET LOCK

| LOCK : | NO |
| :--- | :--- |
| LOCK : | YES |

## Setting ENERGY STAR

Set the power conservation standby mode.
When this mode is valid, if the standby mode continues about 14 minutes after printing, the power conservation mode is engaged. Switching to the normal mode is effected when any print action is performed.

```
85 SLEEP MODE
```

| SLEEP | MODE $:$ YES |
| :--- | :--- |
| SLEEP | MODE $: N O$ |

## Saving user setup options

This function saves the current setup into one of three memory areas.
Press the ENTER key to store the current setup in the desired memory area. This does not affect the current setting. See "Loading user setup option" for the preprogrammed setups.

```
86 SAVE SETUP
```

| SAVE: | MEMO 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SAVE: | MEMO 2 |  |
| SAVE: | MEMO | 3 |

## Printing list of setup options

This function prints the list of the current basic setup options, extended setup options, factory setup contents, or all the setups in the memory areas.
Press the ENTER key to start the selected item listing. This does not affect the current setting.
87 SETUP LISTING

| LIST: | MAIN | Lists current basic setup options |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LIST: | EXTEND | Lists current extended setup options |
| LIST: | ALL SET | sts all setup listings including user set |
| LIS | FACTORY | Lists factory setup contents |

## 6. Setting the application software

## About printer driver

Printer Driver is a section of your software that automatically translates instructions from the software to your printer.

For example, when using some application softwares, if you want to boldface or underline a word, the printer driver automatically translates your specific boldface or underline instruction on your application software to printer control command.

Different printers use different control codes for designating print styles. Therefore, it is important that when you install your software, you select the appropriate printer driver designed for your printer.

When WINDOWS 3.1, WINDOWS NT 3.51, 4.0, or WINDOWS 95, 98 is used, please install the Printer Driver attached to this printer.

When this printer is used in the MS-DOS or other environment, such as UNIX or OS/2, proceed as follows.

## Printer driver selection

Select a suitable printer driver from the list of supported printers. This would include either the Hewlett Packard RuggedWriter 480, Epson LQ-2550 or IBM 2391. Each of these printer drivers should allow you to access many of the features on your printer.

If this printer is not listed, look for the following printer drivers. While this should allow you to print your document with your printer, it probably will not allow you to access many features of the printer. A few of the choices you may see are given below in order of preferences.

| Hewlett Packard | Epson | IBM |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| RuggedWriter 480 LQ-2500/2550  <br> DeskJet 500 LQ-1050/1000  <br>   Proprinter XL24E <br> Proprinter XL24 |  |  |

## Notes:

1. Set the emulation type in the extension setup options according to the selection of printer driver. For example, when you select the Epson LQ-2550 printer driver, you should set the emulation type to the Epson mode.
2. If the Desk Jet 500 driver, is selected, it is recommended to set up the printer's PCL MODE(extended setup 38) to PCL3+D.

## Connecting the BX-900 printer in the HP environment

## $\square$ Introduction

The HP emulation of the BX-900 printer provides full compatibility with the HP2235A RuggedWriter 480 printer.

The BX-900 also provides features and capabilities beyond those ever provided by the HP RuggedWriter printer. SEIKO Precision Inc. has provided a means for you to access these extra capabilities for any new applications that you may chose to print on the BX-900.

The extra capabilities of the BX-900 printer are enabled for access through a special control panel menu setting entitled " 38 PCL MODE".

## $\square \quad$ PCL Mode

- PCL3 MODE -Provides the basic RuggedWriter 480 emulation command set.
- PCL3+ MODE -Provides extra capability to the RuggedWriter 480 command set that allows you to access many BX-900 printer features through extensions of the command set.
- PCL3+D MODE -Provides all features of PCL3+ and allows the vertical and horizontal positioning to be set in increments of $1 / 360$ ". This mode provides a "limited" Deskjet capability, and is mainly intended for printing from Windows using the Deskjet 500 driver. Print output from this mode will not be identical to that of a Deskjet printer ( 300 vs .360 dpi ) but will be closer than the other 2 modes for this type of application.


## Setup

The information provided below gives setup information of the basic printer RuggedWriter emulation, details of the command set extensions provided with PCL3+ and PCL3+D Mode, and information on configuring the Serial I/O to the various Term Types used by the HP System.

Refer to the setup sections 4 and 5 for details on using the Basic and Extended Setup configuration modes.

## $\square$ Configuring the Printer with the RuggedWriter Emulation

1. Set the printer menu item 10 EMULATION to "HP".
2. Set the printer menu item 38 PCL MODE to "PCL3".

Setting the PCL MODE to "PCL3" provides the command set identical with that of the HP RuggedWriter 480.

## $\square$ Extra Capabilities for new Applications

Listed below is a summary of the expanded command sets available for new applications. Refer to the Appendix B, page 115 through 121 for details of using the expanded command sets.

## PCL3+ Mode

This operation mode provides the following extended capabilities:

| Escape <br> Command | Description | Added Capability: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| BEL | Activates the printer's bell | Bell is now active |
| ESC \& k \# W | Controls the print direction | Unidirectional, Bidirectional, Predirectional |
| ESC ( \# id | Assign the primary font | PC-850, ISO25, France 2, German2, <br> Spain 3, Legal, Math7, Math-Symbol, <br> ISO84 Portugal 2, ISO85 Spain 2 |
| ESC ) \# id | Assign the secondary font | PC-850, ISO25, France 2, German2, <br> Spain 3, Legal, Math7, Math-Symbol, <br> ISO84 Portugal 2, ISO85 Spain 2 |
| ESC ( s \# H | Sets the character pitch | $15,17.1,24$ cpi <br> (primary) |
| ESC ) s \# H | Sets the character pitch | $15,17.1,24$ cpi <br> (secondary) |
| ESC ( s \# T | Sets the primary typeface | Script, Orator, Orator-s, OCR-A, OCR-B |
| ESC ) s \# T | Sets the secondary typeface | Script, Orator, Orator-s, OCR-A, OCR-B |
| ESC * b \# M | Select graphics data compression | Off, Mode1, Mode2, Mode3 |
| ESC * t R | Designates raster graphics resolution | 60,360 dpi |

## PCL3+D Mode

This mode provides all of the capabilities described above plus the following:

| Escape <br> Command | Description | Added Capability: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ESC * $p$ \# X | Sets horizontal positioning by dot | $1 / 360 "$ |
| ESC * $p$ \# Y | Sets vertical positioning by dot | $1 / 360 "$ |

## Saving Your Setup

Once you have completed your printer set-up, the configuration can be saved as a User setup.

Use the printer's Extended Setup menu 86 SAVE SETUP and save your setting as either MEMO 1, MEMO 2, or MEMO 3.

This saved setup may be re-initialized at any time using 8 SELECT SETUP to select the applicable User setup MEMO 1, MEMO 2, or MEMO 3.

## 7. Troubleshooting

If an error occurs during printing, you will get several warnings. A buzzer sounds, P.OUT lamp blinks, and an error message appears in the display window of the front control panel.

- Error Messages

| Error Message | Cause and Solution |
| :---: | :---: |
| CARRIAGE ERROR | The printer cannot detect the print head position. <br> - Turn off the printer immediately. After a brief wait, turn on the printer again. |
| RAM ERROR <br> (NO LCD DISPLAY <br> The P.OUT lamp blinks and the buzzer sounds after power on. ) | Internal RAM does not function properly. <br> - Turn the printer off and back on again. If the error persists, consult your dealer. |
| FAN ERROR | Abnormal fan operation is detected. |
| HEAD PROTECTION (ON LINE lamp blinks.) | Long continuous printing may overheat the print head. <br> The printer stops temporarily and restarts automatically when the print head temperature lowers to a safe level. |
| PAPER ERROR <br> (Buzzer sounds 3 times.) | Paper jam or improper paper operation has occurred. <br> - If paper parking is not completed, press the PARK key. Otherwise reload the paper. |
| PAPER OUT | Paper is not loaded in the printer. <br> - Load paper (pages 13 and 14). |
| COVER OPEN | One of the printer covers is open. <br> - Close the cover to restart the operation. |
| POWER DOWN | Abnormal current is detected. <br> - The printer is automatically turn off. Stop using the printer, and contact the dealer. |

## - Troubleshooting guide

| Problem | Cause and Solution |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| POWER lamp fails to light | Power cord not connected. <br> Blown fuse in the printer. |  |
| Printer stops or slows <br> down on printing | $\bullet$ | Print head has overheated. Wait until it has cooled down. |
| P.OUT lamp lights <br> incorrectly | Paper detect sensor may be damaged. <br> Sensor hole is clogged. |  |
| Poor quality printing or <br> smudging of the paper | Old or worn out ink ribbon needs to be replaced. | Head adjustment lever is not set correctly. |
|  | Head may need to be cleaned or replaced. |  |


| Some characters miss <br> printing | Ribbon cassette is not properly installed. <br> Incorrect character <br> printed <br> Paper not advancingHost system control and data code may not match the <br> printer's setup. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Fanfold paper slips | Incorrect paper select lever setting. |
| Stack of fanfold paper behind the printer is placed <br> crookedly. <br> The paper select lever is in the single sheet setting. |  |
| Extra line feed | The automatic carriage return option in the extended setup <br> options is set incorrectly. |


| Paper jam | Paper is curled. <br> Move the paper select lever to the continuous paper setting <br> and carefully remove the jammed paper. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Paper bail abnormal <br> operation | Turn off the printer and wait one minute, and then turn it <br> back on again. Consult your dealer if the error persists. |

## 7. Troubleshooting

## - Input hexadecimal dump mode

The Input hexadecimal dump capability of the printer enables monitoring of data as it is sent to the printer. Each Escape Sequence, Control Code, and ASCII character sent from the computer to the printer is printed in a two-digit hexadecimal format. Such printing is initiated after 16 bytes of data have been transmitted to the printer. Hexadecimal values and their corresponding ASCII characters between the values 20 h to 7 Eh are printed on each line.


To run this mode in draft printing
Press the FF key while turning ON the printer or pressing the RESET key. Hold down the FF key until the LCD displays "HEX DUMP DRAFT"

## To run this mode in LQ printing

Press the FF and ON LINE keys simultaneously while turning ON the printer or pressing the RESET key. Hold down the both FF and ON LINE keys until the LCD displays "HEX DUMP LQ"

## To terminate this mode

Press the RESET key or turn off the power.

## Example

```
            1 0 ~ R E M ~ H E X A D E C I M A L ~ D U M P ~ L I S T ~ E X A M P L E ~
            20 OPEN "LPT1:"AS #1
            30 WIDTH #1,255
            40 PRINT #1,"ABC";CHR$ (13);CHR$ (10);
            50 PRINT #1,"123";CHR$ (13);CHR$ (10);
            60 PRINT #1,"HENRY IS HANDSOME"
            70 END
00000 41 42 43 OD OA 31 32 33 OD OA 48 45 4E 52 59 20 ABC..123..HENRY
00010 49 53 20 48 41 4E 44 53 4F 4D 45 0D IS HANDSOME.
```

ASCII characters are printed according to hexadecimal codes of the data. Codes other than 1 Bh and 20 h to 7 Eh are printed as "." (2Eh). For the code 1 Bh , " $\mathbb{E}$ " is printed in draft mode and " $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{C}}}$ " is printed in LQ mode.
During the hexadecimal mode, the SETUP, and QUALITY keys are disabled.

## 8. Maintenance

## - Cleaning

Minimum periodical cleaning will ensure the maximum performance from your printer. Do not spill or splash cleaning liquid inside the printer. Please refer to the "Printer cover removal" on page 64 to remove the covers for cleaning.

Before cleaning the printer, be sure to turn off the power and disconnect the power cord. Power may be required to clean the platen.

## Platen

- Use a platen cleaner, or any weak alcohol solvents, to remove any ink from the platen and bail rollers. Do not apply any other liquid chemical to the platen.

Even with a specified platen cleaner, frequent use of the liquid is not recommended. Apply only when it is necessary.

Inside the printer
Use a vacuum cleaner to remove paper dust and particles inside the printer. A small brush is suitable for removing paper dust from hard-to-get-at areas.

Exterior Casings $\quad$ Clean with a soft cloth dampened with a mild detergent. Never use organic solvents such as alcohol or thinner.

FPC cable plastic binder
Make sure that the binder clamps the cable securely.


## Exterior Casings

Clean with a soft cloth dampened with a mild detergent.

Inside the printer
Thoroughly vacuum these areas.
Remove any collected paper dust and particles.

## - Lubrication

In the case of heavy use of the printer, apply a specified lubricating oil only to the front and rear metal carriage bar. When applying the lubricant to the carriage bars, spread the oil by manually moving the print head back and forth along the carriage bar.

Consult your dealer to obtain the recommended lubricating oil. Do not use an unspecified oil, or it may reduce the printer's performance drastically.


## - Printer cover removal

## Rear Top Cover Removal



- Remove the Rear Cover.

Open the Rear Cover to the level position and pull it.

- Remove the two stoppers for the Rear Top Cover.
Detach the two screws to remove the two Stoppers.
- Remove the Rear Top Cover.

Slide the Rear Top Cover toward the rear and raise it to vertical position and lift straight upward.


## Sound Seal Cover

- Push out on the outer edge of the sound seal cover where it connects to the L-angle from the printer while pushing the stud of the Langle out of the hole. Then remove the whole cover.


## - Vertical alignment mode

The vertical alignment mode serves to compensate for the slippage of the vertical printing positions, that occurs due to individual differences and age distortion of the printer.

This mode has two features: print start alignment as A-MODE and bidirectional print alignment as B-MODE. The print start adjustment aligns the print position of two different print modes at the left margin. While the bidirectional print adjustment aligns the vertical dot mis-positioning within one print mode in bidirectional printing. Because of their correlation, always set the bidirectional alignment after the print start adjustment.

The print mode used for these adjustments is categorized as 11 and 12 groups (A-MODE 1 to 11, B-MODE 0 to 11) that differ in printing speed. By aligning characters with the typical character mode of each group, the character modes within the group are automatically adjusted, e.g. Draft pica printing mode belongs to MODE 0 group.

## Operation and printing pattern

Before performing the adjustment mode, make sure that the ribbon cassette and at least 10 -inch wide paper are properly installed in the printer.


1 Press the SETUP and ALT keys simultaneously while turning ON the printer or pressing the RESET key. Hold down the both SETUP and ALT keys until the LCD displays "ALIGN ADJUST".


2 Press the left or right arrow key to select A-MODE for print start adjustment or B-MODE for bidirectional print adjustment. Then press the ENTER key to enter. The operation on either alignments is done in the same manner. Always select B-MODEafter A-MODE is set or has been set correctly.

313 patterns from 0 to 12 are printed in accordance with the printing conditions. The pattern of the present printing condition is indicated with asterisks (*).

PRINTED PATTERNS EXAMPLE


```
A-MODE 1
```



```
A-MODE :2
```



```
a-mode z
```



```
A-MüDE 4
```



```
a-MODE:5
```



```
A-mode b
3030)
A-mode:7
```



```
a-mide: a
3-3*)
A-MODE s
```



```
A-MODEE 10
```



```
A-MODE }1
OM
```



## Description of Patterns

- A pattern describes the type of printing conditions for each mode.
- A number with "*" in the printing example represents the printing condition being set at present.
- The dots pattern (" ". ") indicates the printing condition in between the adjacent patterns, the setting is valid.

4 Make sure, the vertical alignment of the chosen print pattern which is marked with "*" is the best aligned among the $0-12$ patterns.
If not the best, you may change to the best aligned one among 0-12.


| LCD Description | Key Operation |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pattern No. (0-12) | Up and down arrow keys |
| Mode No. (1-11or 0-11) | Left and right arrow keys |

EXAMPLE (To change the pattern No. 6 to 7 in A-MODE 4.)


5 Pressing the Left and Right arrow key changes the Mode number between 1 to 11 to select the best pattern within the mode.

6 Pressing the Up and Down arrow key changes the pattern number between 0 to 12 to select the best pattern within the mode.

## A-MODE 3: NO. 6



A-MODE 4: NO. 6

## A-MODE 4: NO. 6



A-MODE 4: NO. 7

7 By scrolling to the desired pattern number and pressing the ENTER key, the selected printing condition is set. When the condition is set, the corrected pattern of the selected print mode is printed out.

## A-MODE 4


8 Repeat the steps 5 through 7 until the start position adjustment is completed.

9 Pressing the EXIT key to exit from the start position adjustment (A-MODE). The bidirectional printing adjustment (B-MODE) takes place automatically and the LCD indicates "B: VERT ADJ".

10 Press the ENTER key to enter the bidirectional printing adjustment (B-MODE).
11 Repeat the steps 5 through 7 until the bidirectional printing adjustment is completed.
12 After all adjustments are completed, press the EXIT key, then the LCD indicates "PRESS RESET SW". By pressing the RESET key, the printer exits from this vertical alignment mode.

## 9. Bar code and enlarged character

## Bar code function

The printer can print bar codes and enlarged characters.
To activate the bar code and enlarged character function, set \#27 BARCODE/ENLARGED CHAR to MODE 1 or MODE 2 in the EXTENDED SETUP MODE.
This function is applicable to the EPSON or IBM or HP mode. This section describes the outline and details of the bar code and enlarged character function.

## Outline of bar code function

The printer has 14 types of bar codes.
Software commands and options \#27 to \#29 on the EXTENDED SETUP MODE are used to print bar codes and enlarged characters.
The software commands are unique to the printer. See the following pages for details of these commands.

| 1. Industrial 2 of 5 | 8. Code 128 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. Interleaved 2 of 5 | 9. EAN-8 |
| 3. Matrix 2 of 5 | 10. EAN-13 |
| 4. Codabar | 11. UPC-A |
| 5. Code 11 | 12. UPC-E |
| 6. Code 39 | 13. Postnet |
| 7. Code 93 | 14. Element (Created in elements.) |

- Makeup of bar code


Start Character : Initial character of data
DATA : Alphanumeric data
Check Character: Character for check errors in read data
Stop Character : Last character of data
HRI : Human Readable Interpretation
ICG: Gap between characters (Inter Character Gap)
Margin : Data-free portions must be provided on both sides. Each data-free portion must be approximately ten times as wide as the narrow space (NS).

## Specified items on Bar Code



## Bar Code command

|  | Function | Command |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | Bar code type | DC4 DC4 T |
| 2. | Element width | DC4 DC4 E |
| 3. | Bar code height | DC4 DC4 H |
| 4. | Setting HRI on and off | DC4 DC4 I |
| 5. | HRI font | DC4 DC4 F |
| 6. | Check character | ESC SI |
| 7. | Starting the bar code data sequence | ESC SO |
| 8. | Ending the bar code data seqence | DC4 DC4 B |
| 9. | Bar code data sequence | DC4 DC4 D |
| 10. | Printing density | DC4 DC4 G |
| 11. | Guard bar expansion | DC4 DC4 R |
| 12. | Start and stop characters | DC4 DC4 S |
| 13. | Bar code rotational angle | DC4 DC4 V |
| 14. | Disabling HRI of the start and stop characters | DC4 DC4 @ |
| 15. | Value input mode |  |
| 16. | Initializing the bar code mode |  |

(1) Bar code type: DC4 DC4 T

Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | T | n |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Hex | 14 | 14 | 54 | $n$ |
| Decimal | 20 | 20 | 84 | $n$ |

Function: Specifies the bar code type


Parameter 255 (Element print) is used to print a bar code which is input element by element. It can print a bar code which is not supported by the printer and is represented by combining elements. Since data is input by elements, HRI printing is not performed and no check digit is added to the bar code. The start and stop characters is also not added.
(2) Element width: DC4 DC4 E

Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | E | n1 | n2 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Hex | 14 | 14 | 45 | n1 | n2 |
| Decimal | 20 | 20 | 69 | n1 | n2 |

Function: Specifies the $\mathrm{n} 2 / 120$ " or $\mathrm{n} 2 / 180$ " width of the element n 1 . ( $1 \leq \mathrm{n} 2 \leq 127$ )
$120^{\prime \prime}$ or $180^{\prime \prime}$ is specified with the DC4 DC4 D command.
n1 = 0: Narrow bar 3: Wide space
1: Wide bar 4: Inter-character gap
2: Narrow space

The narrow bar width or narrow space is used as the element width for Code 93, Code 128, EAN-8, EAN-13, UPC-A, and UPC-E.

One element width of bar 1: Narrow bar width
One element width of space 1: Narrow space width
The midium bar or wide space width is used as the midium element width for Code 11. The wide element width is (wide bar width x 2 narrow bar width).
This setting is not valid for Postnet.
The inter-character gap means the space between each set of codes of a bar code which begins with a bar and ends with a bar.
(3) Bar code height: DC4 DC4 H

| Format: ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | H | n |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Hex | 14 | 14 | 48 | $n$ |
| Decimal | 20 | 20 | 72 | $n$ |

Function: Sets the bar code height to $n / 12 " .(0 \leq n \leq 120)$
The currently set line feed pitch serves as the bar code height when is set to 0 . This setting is not valid for Postnet.
(4) Setting HRI on and off: DC4 DC4 I

Format: ASCII $\quad$ DC4 $\quad$ DC4 $\quad$ I | $n$ |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Hex | 14 | 14 |
| Decimal | 20 | 20 |
| 73 | $n$ |  |

Function: Specifies whether or not to print an HRI. Also specifies the
HRI printing position if an HRI is to be printed.
$\mathrm{n}=0:$ HRI not printed.
1: HRI printed below the bar code symbol.
2: HRI printed above the bar code symbol.
No HRI printed for Postnet or Element regardless of this setting.
9. Bar code and enlarged character
(5) HRI font: DC4 DC4 F

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | F | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 46 | $n$ |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 70 | $n$ |

Function: Selects the font of printing the HRI.
$\mathrm{n}=0$ : Currently selected font
1: OCR-A
2: OCR-B
This setting is not valid for Postnet or Element.
(6) Check character: DC4 DC4 C

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | C | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 43 | $n$ |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 67 | $n$ |

Function: Specifies whether to add a check character automatically.
$\mathrm{n}=0$ : No check character is added. (If a check character is needed, the user must send bar code data.)
1: A check character is added. (The check character is not printed in the HRI when Code 93 or Code 128 is selected.)

If the Codabar or Element is selected, no check character is added regardless of this setting.
The following shows the methods of determining the check characters and bar code types. (For details, see "Calculating the check character" below.)

Modulus 10 Industrial 2 of 5, Interleaved 2 of 5, Matrix 2 of 5, EAN, UPC, Postnet

Modulus 11 Code 11 (Dual Check character)
Modulus 16 Codabar
Modulus 43 Code 39
Modulus 47 Code 93 (Dual Check character)
Modulus 103 Code 128
(7) Starting the bar code data sequence: ESC SI

| Format: | ASCII | ESC | SI |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 1 B | 0 F |
|  | Decimal | 27 | 15 |

Function: Indicates the starting the bar code data sequence.
Data between this and the end command of the bar code data sequence is regarded as bar code data.
This command is valid only when \#27 BARCODE/LABEL MODE is set to MODE 2 in the EXTENDED SETUP MODE.
(8) Ending the bar code data sequence:

ESC SO

| Format: | ASCII | ESC | SO |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | $1 B$ | OE |
|  | Decimal | 27 | 14 |

Function: Indicates the ending the bar code data sequence.
This command is valid only when \#27 BARCODE/LABEL MODE is set to MODE 2 in the EXTENDED SETUP MODE.
(9) Bar code data sequence: DC4 DC4 B

Format:

| ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | B | n | d1 | d2 $\ldots \mathrm{dk}$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hex | 14 | 14 | 42 | $n$ |  |  |
| Decimal | 20 | 20 | 66 | $n$ |  |  |

Function: Specifies the number (" $n$ ") of data to be regarded as bar code data.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 00 \leq \mathrm{n} \leq 68 \\
& 00 \leq \mathrm{dk} \leq 255 \\
& 00 \leq \mathrm{k} \leq 68
\end{aligned}
$$

If the Element is selected; $0 \leq \mathrm{n}, \mathrm{dk}, \mathrm{k} \leq 255$
This comand is valid when \#27 BARCODE/LABEL MODE is set to MODE1 or MODE2 in the EXTENDED SETUP MODE.
(10) Printing density: DC4 DC4 D

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | D | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 44 | n |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 68 | n |

Function: Specifies the density of printing bar code symbols (in the horizontal direction).
Specifies the unit of element width.
$\mathrm{n}=0: \quad$ Bar code symbols are printed at 120 dpi. (Default value)
1: Bar code symbols are printed at 180 dpi

If a bar code is rotated by 90 or 270 degrees using the DC4 DC4 R (bar code rotational angle) command, a bar code is printed at 120 dpi horizontally and 180 dpi vertically.
(11) Guard bar expansion: DC4 DC4 G

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | G | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 47 | $n$ |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 71 | n |

Function: Specifies whether or not to expand EAN or UPC guard bars.
$\mathrm{n}=0$ : Guard bars are not expanded.
1: Guard bars are expanded. (Default value)
9. Bar code and enlarged character
(12) Start and stop characters: DC4 DC4 N

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | N | n1 | n2 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 4 E | n 1 | n 2 |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 78 | n 1 | n 2 |

Function: Specifies the Codabar start or stop character. n1 selects the start or stop character. n2 specifies a code of the start or stop as shown below.
$\mathrm{n} 1=0:$ Start character
1: Stop character
$\mathrm{n} 2=\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{d}, \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{n}, *$, or e.
When power is turned on, "a" is selected as the start or stop character.
(13) Bar code rotational angle: DC4 DC4 R

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | R | $n$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 52 | $n$ |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 82 | $n$ |

Function: Specifies the rotational angle of the bar code in units of 90 degrees.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{n}= & 0: \quad 0^{\circ} \text { (Default value) } \\
& 1: 90^{\circ} \\
& 2: 180^{\circ} \\
& 3: 270^{\circ}
\end{aligned}
$$

(14) Disabling HRI of the start and stop characters: DC4 DC4 S

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | S | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 53 | n |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 83 | n |

Function: Specifies whether or not to print the start or stop character in the for Codabar, Code 11, Code 39 or Code 93.
$\mathrm{n}=0$ : The start or stop character is printed in the HRI.
(Default value)
1: The start or stop character is not printed in the HRI.
(15) Value input mode: DC4 DC4 V

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | V | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 56 | $n$ |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 86 | $n$ |

Function: Specifies whether bar code sequence data is regarded as the normal character code or a character value when Code 128 is selected. $\mathrm{n}=0:$ Data is regarded as normal character code. (Default value)

1: Data is regarded as a character value.
If data is regarded as the normal character code, the printer automatically move the subset or inserts a shift code according to the data.
(16) Initializing the bar code mode: DC4 DC4 @

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | @ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 40 |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 64 |

Function: Initializes the bar code mode.

The following show the default settings for bar code.

| Bar code type: | SETUP |
| :--- | :--- |
| Narrow bar width: | SETUP |
| Wide bar width: | SETUP |
| Narrow space width: | SETUP |
| Wide space width: | SETUP |
| Inter- character gap: | SETUP |
| Bar code height: | SETUP |
| Setting HRI: | Below the bar code symbol |
| HRI font | OCR-B |
| Check character: | Added |
| Printing density: | $1 / 120 "$ |

## Data processing in the bar code data sequence

- In a bar code data sequence following ESC SI, any codes other than the ESC code are regarded as bar code data. Continuous two-byte ESC codes (ESC + ESC) are regarded as a one-byte ESC bar code.
- In a barcode data sequence following ESC SI, SO ESC+ SI and ESC + ESC are valid and the other ESC sequence are ingnored. The ESC code and the following data, two bytes in all, are discarded.
- When a start or stop character code (e.g., '*' code of Code 39) is input in a bar code data sequence, the bar code data sequence stops if bar code data has already been input in that sequence. The data that was input is valid (and converted into a bar code). If not, the bar code data sequence does not stop and the code is discarded.
- When 68 bytes of data is input, the bar code data sequence ends automatically. When Code 93 or Code 128 is selected, the bar code data sequence ends when the amount of input data, including the automatically inserted control character, reaches 68


## Printing bar codes

- Bar codes are printed at 236 cps print speed when the printing density is 120 dpi or at 158 cps print speed when the printing density is 180 dpi . (This does not apply to printing paths involving HRI printing or duty control.)
- Bar codes and normal characters are printed separately. When the bar code data sequence start code is processed, print data other than bar code data contained in the buffer is printed. When print data other than bar code data is input, bar code data contained in the buffer is printed.
- Like the right margin overflow processing for character data, data preceding bar code data is printed and the bar code data is printed from the left margin on the following line if the data exceeds the right margin.
If bar code data cannot be printed between the left and right margins, the bar code data is ignored.
- If the vertical line feed pitch is smaller than the bar code height, reverse feeding is performed to move to the following printing position. (If an out-of-paper error is detected in a bar code printing path, the following paths are printed on the following form.)

HRI

- The HRI is adjusted to the center of the bar code symbol width and printed at 10 cpi unless EAN or UPC guard bar expansion is executed. If EAN or UPC guard bar expansion is executed, an HRI is printed at the equal space between the center guard bar and the left or right guard bar.
If the HRI width is greater than the bar code symbol width, the HRI printing pitch is reduced to print the HRI in the same width as the bar code symbol width.
- The HRI is printed below a bar code symbol, the vertical printing position is lower than the printing start position by (bar code height $-1 / 6$ "). If it is printed above the bar code symbol, the vertical printing position is higher than the printing start position by (1/6" 24/180").
- When Code 11 is selected, small triangle $(\triangle)$ and large triangle $(\triangle)$ are printed as the start and stop characters, respectively. (This does not depend on the setting of the check character.)
- When Code 93 is selected, white squares ( $\square$ ) are printed as the start and stop characters, and a black square ( $\square$ ) is printed as the control character. A printable character expressed in combination with the control character is printed as is. (For example, 61 H is printed as ' $a$ ', not ' $\square$ A'.)
- When Code 128 is selected, black rhombuses a ( ) are printed instead of non-printable


## Error processing

- If a character code that is not valid for the selected bar code type is input, the character code is not converted into a bar code symbol but is printed as a character. If the bar code has a start or stop character added to the HRI, the start or stop character is printed.is printed instead of an invalid character.
- If an incorrect number of data are input to form a bar code which should have a specific number of data, are input data is not converted into a bar code symbol but is printed as is.
- If incorrect data is input in the UPC-A format and cannot be converted into the UPC-E format, the input data is not converted into a bar code symbol but is printed as is. (For the rules of converting the UPC-A format into the UPC-E format, see "UPC-E conversion rule" below.)


## Code 128 subset transition rule

- The following shows the transition conditions from subset $A$ to subset $B$.

1. Input a character code unique to subset $B(60 \mathrm{H}$ to 7 FH$)$ when subset $A$ is selected.
2. Then input a character code unique to subset $B(60 H$ to $7 F H)$ without inputting a character code unique to subset $A(00 H$ to $1 F H)$. (If a character code unique to subset $A$ is input in this step, subset $B$ is not selected. The character code unique to subset $B$ input in step 1 is expressed with the shift code.)

- The following shows the transition conditions from subset B to subset $A$.

1. Input a character code unique to subset $A$ when subset $B$ is selected.
2. Then input a character code unique to subset $A$ without inputting a character code unique to subset B. (If a character code unique to subset B is input in this step, subset $A$ is not selected. The character code unique to subset $A$ input in step 1 is expressed with the shift code.)

- Subset C is selected when four continuous character codes (30H to 39 H ) are input.
- If a code common to subset $A$ and subset $B$ is input when a subset is not determined or subset $C$ is selected, subset B is selected temporarily selected.


## UPC-E conversion rule

- NSC, manufacturer's codes (M1 M2 M3 M4 M5), and product item codes (XI X2 X3 X4 X5) are input data.

1. NSC must be 0 or 1 .
2. When the manufacturer's code data is input, the rule is determined and zero checking of the product item codes is performed.

NZ: Non-zero $\boldsymbol{*}: 0$ to 9

UCP-A Type

|  | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 | M5 | X1 | X2 | X3 | X4 | X5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rule 1 | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | NZ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $5 \sim 9$ |
| Rule 2 | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | NZ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $*$ |
| Rule 3 | $*$ | $*$ | $3 \sim 9$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $*$ | $*$ |
| Rule 4 | $*$ | $*$ | $0 \sim 2$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |

3. The following table shows print data if the rule shown above is met.

UCP-E Type

| Rule 1 | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 | M5 | X5 (5~9) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rule 2 | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 | X5 | '4' |
| Rule 3 | M1 | M2 | M3 | X4 | X5 | '3' |
| Rule 4 | M1 | M2 | X3 | X4 | X5 | M3 (0~2) |

## Calculating the check character

- Modulus 10
a. The data at the odd-numbered position counted from the right are weighed as 3. The sum of the data character values is determined.. (The sum is determined without weighing for Postnet.)
$b$. The remainder of deviding the value determined in step a by 10 is determined.
c. A character having a character value equal to the remainder of subtracting the value determined in step b from 10 is the check character.


## - Modulus 11

a. Data characters are weighed from the right to the left, as, example, 1, 2, ..., 10, 1, $2 \ldots 10,1$, 2 and so forth. The sum of the data character values is determined. (The symbol '-' has a character value of 10 .)
b. A character having a character value equal to the remainder of dividing the value determined in step a by 11 is the first check character ( $C$ ).
c. Data characters are weighed from the right to the left, beginning with C, as, for example, 1 , $2, \ldots, 9,1,2 \ldots, 9,1,2$ and so forth. The sum of the data character values is determined.
d. The character with a character value equal to the remainder of dividing the value determined in step c by 11 is the second check character $(K)$.

- Modulus 16
a. The sum of the all characters including start and stop characters values is determined. The following table shows the conversion of character into value.

| Value | Character | Value | Character | Value | Character | Value | Character |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 |
| 8 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 10 | - | 11 | $\$$ |
| 12 | $:$ | 13 | $/$ | 14 | . | 15 | + |
| 16 | A | 17 | B | 18 | C | 19 | D |

b. The remainder $X$ of deviding the value determined in step a by 16 is determined. The remainder $Y$ of subtracting the remainder $X$ from 16 is determined.
c. Convert the remainder $Y$ into the character $Z$ according to the conversion table in $a$. The character $Z$ is the check character.

- Modulus 43
a. The sum of the data character values is determined.
$b$. The character with a character value equal to the remainder of dividing the value determined in step a by 43 is the check character.
- Modulus 47
a. Data characters are weighed from the right to the left, as, for example, $1,2, \ldots, 20,1,2 \ldots$ 20, 1, 2 and so forth. The sum of the data character values determined..
$b$. The character with a character value equal to the remainder of dividing the value determined in step a by 47 is the first check character (C).
c. Data characters are weighed from the right to the left, beginning with C, as, for example, 1, $2, \ldots, 15,1,2 \ldots, 15,1,2$ and so forth. The sum of the data character values is determined.
d. The character with a character value equal to the remainder of dividing the value found in step c by 47 is the second check character ( $K$ ).
- Modulus 103
a. The sum of the products of the data character values and position values is determined. (The leftmost character has a position value of 1.)
$b$. The start character value is added to the sum determined in step a above.
c. The character with a character value equal to the remainder of dividing the value determined in step c by 103 is the check character.


## Other

- After executing a BS command input immediately after bar code data, printing starts from the position by one character to the left of the currently set character pitch.
- When a margin is specified, bar code data in the buffer is cleared.


## Element printing

- The element printing function prints bar codes by inputting data element by element.
- This function allows the user to print bar codes which are not supported by the printer but are expressed by combining elements. No HRI is printed, no check digit is added, and a start or stop character is not added, since data is input element by element.
- The following show the codes expressing elements.

00H: Narrow bar
01H: Wide bar
02H: Narrow space
03H: Wide space
04H: Inter-character gap

## Element printing example

[Example]
The following shows a BASIC program for printing Code 39 bar codes using the element printing function. This example shows how to print "CODE39". (Replace NB, WB, NS and WS in the data statements in the following example with $0,1,2$ and 3 , respectively.)

```
100 OPEN "LPT1:" AS #1: WIDTH #1,255
110 DC4$=CHR$ (&H14): ESC$=CHR$(&H1B)
120 SI$=CHR$(&HF):SO$=CHR$(&HE): ICG=4
130'
140 PRINT #1, DC4$;DC4$;"@"; ' Initialize
150 PRINT #1, DC4$;DC4$;"T";CHR$(255); ' Barcode Type: Element Print
160 PRINT #1, DC4$;DC4$;"E";CHR$(0);CHR$(2); ' Narrow Bar: 2/120"
170 PRINT #1, DC4$;DC4$;"E";CHR$(1);CHR$(6); ' Wide Bar: 6/120"
180 PRINT #1, DC4$;DC4$;"E";CHR$(2);CHR$(2); ' Narrow Space: 2/120"
190 PRINT #1, DC4$;DC4$;"E";CHR$(3);CHR$(6); ' Wide Space: 6/120"
200 PRINT #1, DC4$;DC4$;"E";CHR$(4);CHR$(2); ' Inter Char Gap: 2/120"
210 PRINT #1, DC4$;DC4$;"H";CHR$(6); ' Barcode Height: 6/12"
220'
230 PRINT #1, DC4$;DC4$;"B";CHR$(9*8+7); ' Barcode Data Sequence Start
240 RESTORE 440
250 FOR I=1 TO 9:READ A:PRINT CHR$(A);:NEXT ।
260 PRINT #1, CHR$(ICG);
270 FOR J=1 TO 6
280 IF J=1 THEN RESTORE 450
290 IF J=2 THEN RESTORE 460
300 IF J=3 THEN RESTORE 470
310 IF J=4 THEN RESTORE 480
320 IF J=5 THEN RESTORE 490
330 IF J=6 THEN RESTORE 500
340 FOR I=1 TO 9:READ A: PRINT #1, CHR$(A);:NEXT I
350 PRINT #1, CHR$(ICG);
360 NEXT J
370 RESTORE 440
380 FOR I=1 TO 9:READ A: PRINT #1, CHR$(A);:NEXT I
400 PRINT #1,CHR$(13);CHR$(10); ' CR+LF
410 CLOSE #1
4 2 0 ~ E N D
430'
440 DATA 0, 3, 0, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 0
450 DATA 1, 2, 1, 2, 0, 3, 0, 2, 0
4 6 0 \text { DATA 1, 2, 0, 2, 1, 2, 0, 3, 0}
470 DATA 0, 2, 0, 2, 1, 3, 0, 2, 1
4 8 0 \text { DATA 1, 2, 0, 2, 1, 3, 0, 2, 0}
490 DATA 1, 2, 1, 3, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0
500 DATA 0, 2, 1, 3, 0, 2, 1,2,0
```


## Enlarged character function

If \#27 BARCODE/ENLARGED CHAR is set to MODE 1 or MODE 2 in the EXTENDED SETUP MODE, enlarged characters can be printed. The enlarged character function is valid for the EPSON or IBM or HP mode.

## Outline of enlarged character function

When the enlarged character mode is selected with the DC4 DC4 11 command, any commands other than those shown below are ignored.

Only three print codes are available: LF, CR and FF. If 521 or more characters of data are sent without inputting a print command, printing is performed automatically.

## Enlarged character command list

|  | Function | Command |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | Executing backspacing | BS |
| 2. | Executing line feeding | LF |
| 3. | Executing form feeding | FF |
| 4. | Executing carriage return | CR |
| 5. | Initializing the enlarged character mode | DC4 DC4 @ |
| 6. | Arrangement of enlarged characters | DC4 DC4 a |
| 7. | Cell expansion for enlarged characters | DC4 DC4 c |
| 8. | All-character set for enlarged characters | DC4 DC4 d |
| 9. | Selecting an enlarged character font | DC4 DC4 f |
| 10. | Height expansion for enlarged characters | DC4 DC4 h |
| 11. | HMI for enlarged characters | DC4 DC4 i |
| 12. | VMI for enlarged characters | DC4 DC4 j |
| 13. | Setting and canceling the enlarged character mode | DC4 DC4 1 |
| 14. | Enlarged character cell offset | DC4 DC4 o |
| 15. | Enlarged character pitch | DC4 DC4 p |
| 16. | Enlarged character quality | DC4 DC4 q |
| 17. | Enlarged character rotational angle | DC4 DC4 r |
| 18. | Setting and canceling enlarged character smoothing | DC4 DC4 s |
| 19. | Enlarged character top offset | DC4 DC4 t |
| 20. | Setting and canceling underline for enlarged characters | DC4 DC4 u |
| 21. | Enlarged character width expansion | DC4 DC4 w |
| 22. | Horizontal printing position for enlarged characters | DC4 DC4 x |
| 23. | Vertical printing position for enlarged characters | DC4 DC4 y |

(1) Executing backspacing: BS

Format: | ASCII | BS |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 08 |
|  | Decimal | 08 |

Function: Executes backspacing.
When the BS command is executed, the printing position moves to the previous character position on the left. The BS command is valid up to the left margin. A BS command issued on the left margin is ignored.
When a BS command is issued when there is a character on the left with proportional printing selected, the printer backspaces to that character. If there is no character or another BS command has just been executed, the printer backspaces by one space.
(2) Executing line feeding: LF

Format: ASCII LF
Hex 0A
Decimal 10

Function: Executes line feeding.

After printing data, the printer feeds one line by the enlarged character line feed pitch, which differs depending on whether VMI is valid (by the DC4 DC4 j command) or not.

VMI valid: Preset VMI amount
VMI not valid: $(24+$ cell offset)/180" x cell expansion
Line feeding involves a carriage return if the LF SETTING option is set to $\mathrm{LF}+\mathrm{CR}$ in the EXTENDED SETUP MODE.
If the bottom margin is specified and the cell size (i.e., $24 / 180$ " x cell expansion) is greater than the printable area in the CSF, cut sheet, or fanfold paper mode, form feeding is executed and then printing is executed. If the printing position is at the TOF position, printing is executed up to the bottom margin without executing form feeding, and excess data is not printed.
The default pitch is " $1 / 6$ " x cell expansion".
(3) Executing form feeding: FF

| Format: | ASCII | FF |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 0 C |
|  | Decimal | 12 |

Function: Executes form feeding.
This command feeds the page to the next TOF position. If there are still enlarged characters to be printed, they are printed, then form feeding is executed.
(4) Executing carriage return: CR

| Format: | ASCII | CR |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | $0 D$ |
|  | Decimal | 13 |

Function: Executes carriage return.

This command moves the printing position to the left margin without printing any characters. If the CR SETTING option is set to CR + LF in the EXTENDED SETUP MODE, a carriage return is executed out after printing.
(5) Initializing the enlarged character mode: DC4 DC4 @

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | $@$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 40 |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 64 |

Function: Initializes the enlarged character mode.

The following show the default settings for enlarged characters:

| Cell expansion: | SETUP expansion |
| :--- | :--- |
| Height expansion: | SETUP expansion |
| Width expansion: | SETUP expansion |
| Font: | SETUP font |
| Character pitch: | 10 cpi |
| HMI: | Invalid |
| Cell offset: | $6 / 180 "$ |
| VMI: | Invalid |
| Character quality: | Standard |
| Character layout: | Adjusted to the base line |
| Rotational angle: | $0^{\circ}$ |
| Smoothing: | Valid |
| Top offset: | $0 / 180^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Underline: | Canceled |
| Character set: | Enlarged character mode selected |
| Right and left margins: | Enlarged character mode selected |
| Page length: | Enlarged character mode selected |
| Top and bottom margins: | Enlarged character mode selected |

(6) Arrangement of enlarged characters: DC4 DC4 a

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | a | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 61 | n |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 97 | n |

Function: Specifies the standard position for adjusting enlarged characters in the vertical direction.
$\mathrm{n}=00 \mathrm{H}, 30 \mathrm{H}$ : Base line is adjusted to the N 'th dot from the top. ( $\mathrm{N}=20 \mathrm{x}$ cell expansion)
$01 \mathrm{H}, 31 \mathrm{H}$ : Descender is adjusted to the N 'th dot from the top. ( $\mathrm{N}=24 \mathrm{x}$ cell expansion)
$02 \mathrm{H}, 32 \mathrm{H}$ : Center is adjusted to the N 'th dot from the top. ( $\mathrm{N}=12 \mathrm{x}$ cell expansion)
$03 \mathrm{H}, 33 \mathrm{H}$ : Ascender is adjusted to the N 'th dot from the top. ( $\mathrm{N}=1 \mathrm{x}$ cell expansion)
The MSB of the parameter is masked. Any parameters other than those shown above are ignored.
The arrangement and position specified here are valid if the enlarged character rotational angle is not 0 degree. The default setting is $\mathrm{n}=$ $00 \mathrm{H}, 30 \mathrm{H}$.
(7) Cell expansion for enlarged characters: DC4 DC4 c

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | c | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 63 | n |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 99 | n |

Function: Specifies cell expansion for enlarged characters.

$$
0 \leq \mathrm{n} \leq 127
$$

The cell has the size of ( $24 / 180^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{x}$ cell expansion). The MSB of the parameter is masked.
If $\mathrm{n}=0$, the expansion specified in the setup mode is selected.
The cell expansion is specified at the beginning of the line. If there is character data on the line, it becomes valid on the following line.
Enlarged character cell expansion takes priority over the height expansion. If the height expansion exceeds cell expansion when enlarged character data is input, the characters are enlarged to the cell expansion value. The default setting is the expansion specified in the setup mode.
(8) All-character set for enlarged characters: DC4 DC4 d

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | d | n | d1 | $d 2 \ldots \mathrm{dn}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 64 | $n$ | $d 1$ | $d 2 \ldots . \mathrm{dh}$ |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 100 | n | d 1 | $\mathrm{~d} 2 \ldots \mathrm{dn}$ |

Function: Specifies the all-character set for enlarged characters.
$1 \leq \mathrm{n} \leq 255$
$0 \leq \mathrm{d} \leq 255$

Data with a number specified with the parameter " $n$ " is processed as character codes. If $\mathrm{n}=0$, this sequence is ignored.
(9) Selecting an enlarged character font: DC4 DC4 f

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | f | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 66 | $n$ |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 102 | n |

Function: Specifies the font (typeface) of enlarged characters as shown below.
$\mathrm{n}=0$ : Roman
1: Sans Serif
2: Courier
3: Prestige
4: Script
5: OCR-B
6: OCR-A
7: Gothic
8: Orator
9: Orator-S

The MSB of the parameter is masked. Any parameters other than those shown above are ignored.
If the FONT LOCK option is set to YES in the EXTENDED SETUP MODE, this command is ignored.
The default is the setting selected in the setup mode.
(10) Height expansion for enlarged characters: DC4 DC4 h

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | h | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 68 | $n$ |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 104 | $n$ |

Function: Specifies the height expansion of enlarged characters.

$$
0 \leq \mathrm{n} \leq 127
$$

The MSB of the parameter is masked.
If $\mathrm{n}=0$, the expansion specified in the setup mode is selected.
Enlarged character cell expansion takes priority over height expansion. If the height expansion exceeds the cell expansion when enlarged character data is input, the characters are enlarged to the cell expansion.
The default setting is the expansion specified in the setup mode.
(11) HMI for enlarged characters: DC4 DC4 i

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | i | n1 | n2 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 69 | n1 | n2 |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 105 | n1 | n2 |

Function: Specifies the HMI (horizontal motion index) of enlarged characters.
$0 \leq \mathrm{n} 1 \leq 255$
$0 \leq \mathrm{n} 2 \leq 15$

The HMI indicates the horizontal distance between two adjacent characters, i.e., the width the print head moves after printing one character.
The HMI is $(\mathrm{n} 1+\mathrm{n} 2 \times 256) / 180^{\prime \prime}$.
The high-order four bits of parameter n 2 (bit 7 to bit 4 ) are ignored. The HMI can be set to zero.
After specifed command have priority over DC4 DC4 p or DC4 DC4 i. If the PITCH LOCK option is set to YES in the setup mode, this command is ignored.
The default setting is " 10 cpi x width expansion".
(12) VMI for enlarged characters: DC4 DC4 j

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | j | n1 | n2 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | $6 A$ | n1 | n2 |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 106 | n1 | n2 |

Function: Specifies the VMI (vertical motion index) of enlarged characters.
$0 \leq \mathrm{n} 1 \leq 255$
$0 \leq \mathrm{n} 2 \leq 127$
The VMI indicates the distance between two lines, i.e., the length the print head moves after printing one line.
The VMI is $(\mathrm{n} 1+\mathrm{n} 2 \times 256) / 180$ ". The MSB of parameter n 2 is masked. The VMI can be set to zero.
The VMI is not dependent on the length expansion of enlarged characters. After specifed command have priority over DC4 DC4 j or DC4 DC4 o.
The VMI is invalid and the cell offset 6 line feed pitch is selected (i.e., $1 / 6$ " x cell expansion) by default.
(13) Setting and canceling the enlarged character mode: DC4 DC4 1

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | 1 | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | $6 C$ | n |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 108 | n |

Function: Sets and cancels the enlarged character mode.

$$
\mathrm{n}=00 \mathrm{H}, 30 \mathrm{H}: \quad \text { Cancels the enlarged character mode. }
$$

$01 \mathrm{H}, 31 \mathrm{H}: \quad$ Sets the enlarged character mode.
The MSB of the parameter is masked. Any sequences other than the above parameters are ignored.
When the enlarged character mode establish command is issued, the special effects, character pitch, line feed pitch, length and width doublesize printing settings specified for the emulation become invalid the enlarged character mode is canceled.
When the enlarged character mode starts, characters are printed in the conditions selected when the enlarged character mode was last canceled.
If there are non-enlarged characters or bar codes when enlarge character data is input the non-enlarged character are printed.
In the enlarged character mode, automatic printing is not performed if the printing position exceeds the right margin. Excess data is abandoned and the printing position is set at the right margin when the right margin is exceeded.
If the right margin is exceeded while a single enlarged character is being printed, the character is printed up to the right margin.
(14) Enlarged character cell offset: DC4 DC4 o

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | 0 | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 6 F | n |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 111 | n |

Function: Specifies the cell offset for enlarged characters.

$$
0 \leq \mathrm{n} \leq 255
$$

This command specifies the cell offset for the enlarged characters in $1 / 180$ ". The cell offset is used to execute a line feed (LF) command.
In the enlarged character mode, the line is fed by a pitch of $(24+$ cell offset)/ 180 " x cell expansion.
The VMI is invalid and the cell offset is 6 by default.
(15) Enlarged character pitch: DC4 DC4 p

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | p | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 70 | $n$ |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 112 | $n$ |

Function: Specifies the pitch of enlarged characters.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{n}=00 \mathrm{H}, 30 \mathrm{H}: & 10 \mathrm{cpi} \\
01 \mathrm{H}, 31 \mathrm{H}: & 12 \mathrm{cpi} \\
02 \mathrm{H}, 32 \mathrm{H}: & \text { Proportional }
\end{aligned}
$$

The MSB of the parameter is masked. Any sequences other than the above parameters are ignored.
If the fixed pitch is selected, enlarged characters have the following width:
10 cpi: ( $18 \times 180$ ") x width expansion
12 cpi: ( $15 \times 180$ ") x width expansion
In the proportional mode, proportional characters are expanded by the same ratio.
When the rotational angle for enlarged characters is set to 90 or 270 degrees, characters other than graphic character are printed at a pitch of (24/180") x length expansion. If the PITCH LOCK option is set to YES in the setup mode, this command is ignored.
The HMI is invalidated and the character pitch is 10 cpi by default.
(16) Enlarged character quality: DC4 DC4 q

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | q | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 71 | $n$ |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 113 | $n$ |

Function: Specifies the quality of enlarged characters as shown below.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{n}=00 \mathrm{H}, 30 \mathrm{H}: & \text { Standard quality } \\
01 \mathrm{H}, 31 \mathrm{H}: & \text { High-speed } 1 \text { quality } \\
02 \mathrm{H}, 32 \mathrm{H}: & \text { High-speed } 2 \text { quality }
\end{aligned}
$$

The MSB of the parameter is masked. Any sequences other than the above parameters are ignored.
The character quality is specified at the beginning of a line. If there is character data on the line, this command is reserved and becomes valid on the following line.
If the QUALITY LOCK option is set to YES in the setup mode, this command is ignored.
The standard quality is selected by default.
(17) Enlarged character rotational angle: DC4 DC4 r

Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | r | n |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 72 | n |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 114 | n |

Function: Specifies the rotational angle of enlarged characters as shown below.

$$
\begin{array}{rr}
\mathrm{n}=00 \mathrm{H}, 30 \mathrm{H} & 0^{\circ} \\
01 \mathrm{H}, 31 \mathrm{H} & 90^{\circ} \\
02 \mathrm{H}, 32 \mathrm{H} & 180^{\circ} \\
03 \mathrm{H}, 33 \mathrm{H} & 270^{\circ}
\end{array}
$$

Enlarged characters are rotated counterclockwise.
The MSB of the parameter is masked. Any sequences other than the above parameters are ignored.
Printing starts from the position specified with the DC4 DC4 a command shown above.
Unless the rotational angle is set to 0 degree, no characters are underlined even when underlines are input.
Pixels are printed at a rotational angle of 0 degree even if the rotational angle is set to 90,180 , or 270 degrees.
This command is ignored if the PITCH LOCK option is set to YES in the EXTENDED SETUP MODE and the length and width expansion values of enlarged characters are different.
The default rotational angle is 0 degree.
(18) Setting and canceling enlarged character smoothing: DC4 DC4 s

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | s | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 73 | n |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 115 | $n$ |

Function: Sets and cancels smoothing of enlarged characters.

$$
\begin{array}{cl}
\mathrm{n}=00 \mathrm{H}, 30 \mathrm{H}: & \text { Cancels smoothing. } \\
01 \mathrm{H}, 31 \mathrm{H}: & \text { Sets smoothing. }
\end{array}
$$

The MSB of the parameter is masked. Any sequences other than the above parameters are ignored.
Smoothing is set by default.
(19) Enlarged character top offset: DC4 DC4 t

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | t | m | n1 | n2 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 74 | m | n 1 | n 2 |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 116 | m | n 1 | n 2 |

Function: Specifies the top offset of enlarged characters.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{m}=(20) \mathrm{H} \\
& 0 \leq \mathrm{n} 1 \leq 255 \\
& 0 \leq \mathrm{n} 1 \leq 15
\end{aligned}
$$

The top offset refers to the vertical distance between the top of the cell and the top of a character. This determines the character position in the cell.
It is specified by $(\mathrm{n} 1+\mathrm{n} 2 \times 256) / 180^{\prime \prime}$.
The high-order four bits of parameter n 2 (bit 7 to bit 4 ) are masked.
The top offset is effective for only one characterafter this sequence.
The top offset is canceled when a line feed (LF) command, form feed (FF) command, or vertical print position (DC4 DC4 y) command is issued. The top offset is not dependent on the enlarged character arrangement. It is always based on the top of the cell (corresponding to the ascenderbased position).
The top offset is not dependent on cell expansion or length expansion. The bottom of a character (i.e., 24th pin position, regardless of character type, even for a 30 -dot pixel) does not extend beyond the bottom of the cell. If the top offset is too large and the bottom of the character extends below the bottom of the cell, the top offset is reduced.
Any sequences other than $m=20 \mathrm{H}$ are ignored.
(20) Setting and canceling underline for enlarged characters: DC4 DC4 u

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | u | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 75 | n |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 117 | n |

Function: Sets and cancels the underline function.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{n}=00 \mathrm{H}, 30 \mathrm{H}: & \text { Cancels underlining. } \\
01 \mathrm{H}, 31 \mathrm{H}: & \text { Specifies the underlining. }
\end{aligned}
$$

The MSB of the parameter is masked. Any sequences other than the above parameters are ignored.
An underline is drawn on the 25th pin line at a thickness of (1 dot x length expansion of the character).
No underlines are printed if the enlarged character rotational angle is not set to 0 degree. Underscoring is off by default.
(21) Enlarged character width expansion: DC4 DC4 w

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | w | n |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 77 | n |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 119 | n |

Function: Specifies the width expansion of enlarged characters.

$$
0 \leq \mathrm{n} \leq 127
$$

The MSB of the parameter is masked.
If n is set to 0 , the expansion specified in the setup mode is selected.
This command is ignored if the PITCH LOCK option is set to YES in the EXTENDED SETUP MODE.
The expansion specified in the setup mode is set by default.
(22) Horizontal printing position for enlarged characters: DC4 DC4 x

| Format: | ASCII | DC4 | DC4 | x | m | n1 | n2 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Hex | 14 | 14 | 78 | m | n1 | n2 |
|  | Decimal | 20 | 20 | 120 | m | n1 | n2 |

Function: Specifies the horizontal position for printing enlarged characters by ( $\mathrm{n} 1+\mathrm{n} 2 \times 256$ )/180" as shown below.
$\mathrm{m}=\mathrm{SP}(20) \mathrm{H}: \quad$ Absolute printing position
-(2D)H: Relative lefthand printing position
$+(2 \mathrm{~B}) \mathrm{H}: \quad$ Relative righthand printing position
$0 \leq \mathrm{n} 1 \leq 255$
$0 \leq \mathrm{n} 2 \leq 15$

The MSB of parameter m and the four high-order bits of n 2 (bit 7 to bit 4) are masked.

If parameter $m$ is different than shown above, this sequence is ignored. The absolute print position is based on the left margin. If the specified position exceeds the right margin, the print position is located at the right margin.
If a relative lefthand printing position to the left of the left margin is specified, left margin becomes the printing position.
If a relative righthand printing position to the right of the right margin is specified, the right margin becomes the printing position.
The movement distance is not dependent on the width expansion of enlarged characters.
(23) Vertical printing position for enlarged characters: DC4 DC4 y

Format: $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { ASCII } & \text { DC4 } & \text { DC4 } & y & m & n 1 & n 2\end{array}$

| Hex | 14 | 14 | 79 | $m$ | $n 1$ | n2 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Decimal | 20 | 20 | 121 | $m$ | n1 | n2 |

Function: Specifies the vertical position for printing enlarged characters by ( $\mathrm{n} 1+\mathrm{n} 2 \times 256$ )/180" as shown below.
$\mathrm{m}=\mathrm{SP}(20) \mathrm{H}: \quad$ Absolute printing position
-(2D)H: Relative reverse printing position
$+(2 \mathrm{~B}) \mathrm{H}$ : Relative forward printing position
$0 \leq \mathrm{n} 1 \leq 255$
$0 \leq \mathrm{n} 2 \leq 127$
The MSBs of parameters m and n 2 are masked. If parameter m is other than shown above, this sequence is ignored.
The absolute print position is based on the TOF position. If the specified position extends below the bottom margin, the bottom margin becomes the print position.
If a relative reverse printing position exceeding the TOF position is specified, the TOF position becomes the print position.
If a relative forward printing position that extends below the bottom margin is specified, the print position is located at the bottom margin.
The movement distance is not dependent on the length expansion of enlarged characters.

## Enlarged character print samples

This page shows examples of a BASIC program for printing enlarged characters and the printed enlarged characters (actual size).

```
100 OPEN "LPT1:"AS #1
110 DC4$=CHR$(&H14)
120'
130 PRINT #1, DC4$;DC4$;"@"; ' Initializing
140 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"c";CHR$(8); ' Expansion of cell: x8
150 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"f";CHR$(4); ' Font typeface: SCRIPT
160 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"p";CHR$(1); ' Character pitch: }12\mathrm{ CPI
170 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"l";CHR$(1); ' Expansion mode on
180'
190 PRINT #1,"8"; ' Default size print
200 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"h";CHR$(2); ' Vertical expansion: x2
210 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"w";CHR$(2); ' Horizontal expansion: x2
220 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"a";CHR$(3); ' Alignment: ascender
230 PRINT #1,"ASCE";
240 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"a";CHR$(2); ' Alignment: center
250 PRINT #1,"CENT";
260 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"a";CHR$(1); ' Alignment: descender
270 PRINT #1,"DESC";
280 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"a";CHR$(0); ' Alignment: baseline
290 PRINT #1,"BASE";
300'
310 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"w";CHR$(8); ' Horizontal expansion: x8
320 PRINT #1,"H";
330 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"w";CHR$(1); ' Horizontal expansion: x1
340 FOR N=1 TO 8
350 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"h";CHR$(N); ' Vertical expansion: xn
360 PRINT #1,RIGHT$;(STR$(N),1);
370 NEXT N
380 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"w";CHR$(8); ' Horizontal expansion: x8
390 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"r";CHR$(1); ' Rotate: }90\mathrm{ degree
400 PRINT #1, "R" ;
410 PRINT #1,CHR$;(13);CHR$(10); ' CR+LF
420'
430 PRINT #1,DC4$;DC4$;"l";CHR$(0); ' Expansion mode off
440 CLOSE #1
4 5 0 ~ E N D
```


## _Appendix A. Specifications

## - Printing specifications

| Printing method | - Impact dot matrix and bidirectional logic seeking printing |
| :--- | :--- |
| Print Head | - 24 pins, movable-type (parallel/staggered orientation.) |
|  | Estimated life expectancy: 500 million dots/wire |


| Emulation | - Epson LQ-2550 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | - IBM 2391 |
|  |  |
|  |  | A, Gothic, Orator, Orator-S


|  | - Epson character sets (up to 128 characters downloadable) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Down load character sets | - IBM character sets and code pages $(32 \mathrm{kB}$ download area) |
|  | - HP character sets (up to 256 characters ( 32 kB ) |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| downloadable) |  |

## Print mode

## Character spacings

- 10 cpi Pica print mode
- 12 cpi Elite, Speed draft print mode
- 15 cpi Super speed draft print mode
- 16.7 cpi Condensed print mode
- 17.1 cpi Condensed pica print mode
- 20 cpi Condensed elite print mode
- 24 cpi print mode
- Proportional print mode
- One half proportional print mode

| Character table (EPSON mode) (IBM mode) (HP mode) | Character Tables in the EPSON mode <br> - Italic character table <br> - Graphic character table <br> - Graphic character table, extended <br> Character Tables in the IBM mode <br> - IBM character set 1 table <br> - IBM character set 2 table <br> - IBM all character set table <br> Character Tables in the HP mode <br> - ROMAN-8 (8U) <br> - PC-8 (10U) <br> - PC-850 (12U) <br> - ECMA 94 <br> - LATIN1 (ISO 8859-1, 0N) <br> - PC-8 DENMARK/NORWAY (11U) <br> - LINE-DRAW (0L,0B) <br> - MATH-7 (0A, 0M) <br> - ROMAN-EXTENSION (0E) <br> - SWEDEN 1 (ISO-10, 0S) <br> - SWEDEN 2 (ISO-11, 3S) <br> - NORWAY 1 (ISO-60, 0D) <br> - NORWAY 2 (ISO-61, 1D) <br> - UK (ISO-4, 1E) <br> - FRANCE 2 (ISO-25, 0F) <br> - FRANCE 1 (ISO-69, 1F) <br> - GERMAN 2 (0G) <br> - GERMAN 1 (ISO-21, 1G) <br> - ITALY (ISO-15, 0I) <br> - SPAIN 3 (1S) <br> - SPAIN 1 (ISO-17, 2S) <br> - SPAIN 2 (ISO-85, 6S) <br> - PORTUGAL 1 (ISO-16, 4S) <br> - PORTUGAL 2 (ISO-84, 5S) <br> - IRV (ISO-2, 2U) <br> - JAPAN (ISO-14, 0K) <br> - ASCII (ISO-6, 0U) <br> - LEGAL (1U) |
| :---: | :---: |

## International character set

(EPSON mode)

USA, FRANCE, GERMANY, U.K., DENMARK, SWEDEN, ITALY, SPAIN, JAPAN, NORWAY, DENMARK2, SPAIN2, LATIN-AMERICAN, KOREA, TURKEY, LEGAL

Codepage Character table (HP, EPSON, IBM mode)

437(USA), 850(MULTILINGUAL), 857(TURKEY), 858, 860(PORTUGUESE), 861, 863(CANADA-FRENCH), 865 (NORDIC), BRASCII, ABICOMP, ISO-8859-1

## Barcode type

(HP, EPSON, IBM mode)

Industrial 2 of 5, Interleaved 2 of 5, Matrix 2 of 5, Codabar, Code 11, Code 39, Code 93, Code 128, EAN 8, EAN 13, UPC-A, UPC-E, and Postnet.

## Throughput

- Draft (10cpi): 195 lpm
- HQDR (10cpi): $\quad 165 \mathrm{lpm}$
- NLQ (10cpi) : 120 lpm
- LQ (10cpi) : $\quad 97 \mathrm{lpm}$
- Speed draft (Elite): 220 lpm
- Super speed draft : 235 lpm


## Throughput

Evaluation conditions:
Data of 100 lines by 132 columns, all ASCII rolling pattern characters, and $1 / 6$-inch line feed is input from a host and is stored in the 64 K -byte communication buffer of the printer. With that condition, the number of printing lines per minute is measured.


Print mode specifications
Note: ( +n ) indicates the number of space added.

|  | Print mode | Dot Spacing (inches) | Max No. of Columns | Character Structure (V x H) | Printing Speed (cps) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Draft | 10 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 90$ | 136 | $24 \times 8$ | 600 |
|  | 12 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 144$ | 163 | $24 \times 12$ | 473 |
|  | 15 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 180$ | 204 | $24 \times 12$ | 473 |
|  | 16.7 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 240$ | 227 | $24 \times 12(+2.3)$ | 395 |
|  | 17 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 240$ | 233 | $24 \times 12(+2)$ | 404 |
|  | 20 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 240$ | 272 | $24 \times 12$ | 473 |
|  | 24 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | 326 | $24 \times 12(+3)$ | 567 |
|  | Proportional | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 144$ | ---- | $24 \times \mathrm{N}$ | ---- |
|  | 1/2 Proportional | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | ---- | $24 \times \mathrm{N}$ | ---- |
| Speed Draft | t 12 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 120$ | 163 | $24 \times 8(+2)$ | 720 |
| S.Speed Draft | aft 15 cpi | 1/180 $\times 1 / 120$ | 204 | $24 \times 8$ | 900 |
| HQDR | 10 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 120$ | 136 | $24 \times 12$ | 473 |
|  | 12 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 144$ | 163 | $24 \times 12$ | 473 |
|  | 15 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 180$ | 204 | $24 \times 12$ | 473 |
|  | 16.7 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 240$ | 227 | $24 \times 12(+2.3)$ | 395 |
|  | 17 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 240$ | 233 | $24 \times 12(+2)$ | 404 |
|  | 20 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 240$ | 272 | $24 \times 12$ | 473 |
|  | 24 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | 326 | $24 \times 12(+3)$ | 567 |
|  | Proportional | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 144$ | ---- | $24 \times \mathrm{N}$ | ---- |
|  | 1/2 Proportional | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | ---- | $24 \times \mathrm{N}$ | --- |
| Near Letter Quality | 10 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | 136 | $24 \times 36$ | 315 |
|  | 12 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | 163 | $24 \times 30$ | 378 |
|  | 15 cpi (EPSON) | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | 204 | $16 \times 24$ | 473 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{cpi} \\ (\mathrm{HP} / \mathrm{IBM}) \end{gathered}$ | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | 204 | $24 \times 36(+12)$ | 354 |
|  | 16.7 cpi | 1/180 $\times 1 / 720$ | 227 | $24 \times 36(+7)$ | 395 |
|  | 17 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | 233 | $24 \times 36(+6)$ | 404 |
|  | 20 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | 272 | $24 \times 30(+6)$ | 473 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 24 \mathrm{cpi} \\ (\mathrm{EPSON}) \end{gathered}$ | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | 326 | $16 \times 24(+6)$ | 567 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 24 \mathrm{cpi} \\ (\mathrm{HP} / \mathrm{IBM}) \end{gathered}$ | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | 326 | $24 \times 30$ | 567 |
|  | Proportional | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | ---- | $24 \times \mathrm{N}$ | ---- |
|  | 1/2 Proportional | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | ---- | $24 \times \mathrm{N}$ | ---- |

Note: (+n) indicates the number of space added.

| Print mode |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dot <br> Spacing <br> (V X H) | Max No. <br> of <br> oolumns | Character <br> Structure <br> (V X H) | Printing <br> Speed <br> (cps) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Letter <br> Quality | 10 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | 136 | $24 \times 36$ | 236 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | 163 | $24 \times 30$ | 284 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15 cpi <br> (EPSON) | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | 204 | $16 \times 24$ | 354 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15 cpi <br> (HP/IBM) | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | 204 | $24 \times 36(+12)$ | 354 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 16.7 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | 227 | $24 \times 36(+7)$ | 395 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 17 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | 233 | $24 \times 36(+6)$ | 404 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 20 cpi | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | 272 | $24 \times 30(+6)$ | 473 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 cpi <br> (EPSON) | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | 326 | $16 \times 24(+6)$ | 567 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24 cpi <br> (HP/IBM) | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | 326 | $24 \times 24(+6)$ | 567 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Proportional | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 360$ | ---- | $24 \times \mathrm{N}$ | ---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $1 / 2$ Proportional | $1 / 180 \times 1 / 720$ | ---- | $24 \times \mathrm{N}$ | ---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Graphic Print Specifications

| Graphic type |  | Horizontal dot pitch | Print speed (inch / second) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Density | Pins |  | MODE 1 | MODE 2 | MODE 3/ High speed 1 | High speed 2/3 |
| 60dpi | 8/24 | 1/60 inch | 47.3 | 47.3 | 47.3 | 47.3 |
| 80dpi | 8 | 1/80 inch | 35.4 | 35.4 | 35.4 | 35.4 |
| 90dpi | 8/24 | 1/90 inch | 31.5 | 31.5 | 31.5 | 31.5 |
| 120dpi | 8 | 1/60 inch | 47.3 | 47.3 | 47.3 | 47.3 |
| 120dpi | 8/24 | 1/120 inch | 23.6 | 23.6 | 47.3 | 47.3 |
| 180dpi | 24 | 1/180 inch | 15.8 | 23.6 | 31.5 | 47.3 |
| 240dpi | 8 | 1/120 inch | 23.6 | 23.6 | 47.3 | 47.3 |
| 360dpi | 24 | 1/180 inch | 15.8 | 23.6 | 31.5 | 47.3 |

MODE 1, 2 or 3 is set by " 31 GRAPHIC QUALITY"
High speed 1 or 2 is set by the QUALITY key or " 23 QUALITY".

## A. Specifications

## - Parallel interface specifications

- Input connector (36-pin parallel)


| PIN | SIGNAL | IN/OUT | PIN | SIGNAL | IN/OUT |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\overline{\text { STROBE }}$ | IN | 19 | GND |  |
| 2 | DATA 1 | IN | 20 | GND |  |
| 3 | DATA 2 | IN | 21 | GND |  |
| 4 | DATA 3 | IN | 22 | GND |  |
| 5 | DATA 4 | IN | 23 | GND |  |
| 6 | DATA 5 | IN | 24 | GND |  |
| 7 | DATA 6 | IN | 25 | GND |  |
| 8 | DATA 7 | IN | 26 | GND |  |
| 9 | DATA 8 | IN | 27 | GND |  |
| 10 | $\overline{\text { ACK }}$ | OUT | 28 | GND |  |
| 11 | BUSY | OUT | 29 | GND |  |
| 12 | PE | OUT | 30 | HIGH | IN |
| 13 | SELECT | OUT | 31 | $\overline{\text { INITIAL }}$ | OUT |
| 14 | $\overline{\text { AUTOFEED }}$ | IN | 32 | $\overline{\text { ERROR }}$ |  |
| 15 | HIGH |  | 33 | HIGH | NC |
| 16 | LOW |  | 34 | NC | HIGH |
| 17 | CHASSIS GND |  | 35 | SELECT IN | IN |
| 18 | HIGH |  | 36 |  |  |

Notes: 1. HIGH is pulled up to +5 V by $2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistor.
2. LOW is pulled down to GND by $2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistor.
3. NC stands for no connection.
4. CHASSIS GND and GND are connected in the printer.
5. SELECT IN signal is HIGH to accept a control code.

Bidirectional (IEEE 1284 Nibble mode) is available.

- Data input timing chart and input condition



## $\square$ Serial interface specifications

- Input connector (25-pin serial)


RS-232C Pin assignments

| PIN | SIGNAL | IN/OUT | PIN | SIGNAL | IN/OUT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | CHASSIS GND |  | 14 | NC |  |
| 2 | TXD | OUT | 15 | NC |  |
| 3 | RXD | IN | 16 | NC |  |
| 4 | RTS | OUT | 17 | NC |  |
| 5 | CTS | IN | 18 | NC |  |
| 6 | DSR | IN | 19 | NC |  |
| 7 | SIGNAL GND |  | 20 | DTR | OUT |
| 8 | CD | IN | 21 | NC |  |
| 9 | NC |  | 22 | NC |  |
| 10 | NC |  | 23 | NC |  |
| 11 | SRTS | OUT | 24 | NC |  |
| 12 | NC |  | 25 | INC |  |
| 13 | NC |  |  |  |  |

Notes: 1. NC stands for no connection.
2. CHASSIS GND and GND are connected in the printer.

- Handshake protocol

One of the following four protocols can be selected:

- DTR protocol (Busy/Ready protocol)
- X ON/X OFF protocol I
- X ON/X OFF protocol II
- ETX/ACK protocol
- Logic level

ON=Space (0)=High:
$12 \mathrm{~V}(+3$ through $+15 \mathrm{~V})$
$\mathrm{OFF}=$ Mark $(1)=\mathrm{LOW}$ :
$-12 \mathrm{~V}(-3$ through $-15 \mathrm{~V})$


- Baud Rate

In the setup options, one of the following baud rates can be selected:
$300,600,1200,2400,4800,9600,19200$, and 38400 BPS.
Data frame
$+3 \sim+15 \mathrm{~V}$

| $-3 \sim-15 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :--- |
| - START |

## $\square$ Other specifications

| Buffer size | - 64 k byte, 8 k byte, 128 byte (Changeable buffer size from the setup \#71) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cooling fan | - 2 levels of fan speed control capability |
| Power supply | - 100-120VAC: For Japan, USA and Canada <br> - 220-240VAC: For Australia, Asia, Europe and Others |
| Temperature | - $41^{\circ} \mathrm{F}-104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ (during Operation) <br> - $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Humidity | - $20 \%-80 \% \mathrm{RH}$ (no condensation) |
| External dimensions | [Model A] <br> - 24.4"(Width) x 10.2"(Height) x 12.0"(Depth) $620(\mathrm{~W}) \times 260(\mathrm{H}) \times 305(\mathrm{D}) \mathrm{mm}$ <br> - With the paper rack and sound seal cover 24.4"(W) x 11.6"(H) x 17.9"(D) $620(\mathrm{~W}) \times 295(\mathrm{H}) \times 455(\mathrm{D}) \mathrm{mm}$ <br> [Model B] <br> - $24.4^{\prime \prime}($ Width $) \times 10.2^{\prime \prime}($ Height $) \times 13.0^{\prime \prime}($ Depth $)$ $620(\mathrm{~W}) \times 260(\mathrm{H}) \times 330(\mathrm{D}) \mathrm{mm}$ <br> - With the paper rack and sound seal cover 24.4 "(W) x $11.6^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{H}) \times 18.9^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{D})$ $620(\mathrm{~W}) \times 295(\mathrm{H}) \times 480(\mathrm{D}) \mathrm{mm}$ |
| Weight | - Approximately 21 kg [46.3 lbs.] |
| Power Consumption | - LQ self test <br> $100-120 \mathrm{~V}$ AC 4.2 A (320 watts) <br> $220-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC 1.9 A (300 watts) <br> - stand - by <br> $100-120 \mathrm{~V}$ AC 0.5 A (36 watts) <br> $220-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC 0.3 A (36 watts) <br> - sleeping mode <br> $100-120 \mathrm{~V}$ AC 0.2 A ( 12 watts) <br> $220-240 \mathrm{~V}$ AC 0.1 A (12 watts) |

## _Appendix B. Control code summary

## - IBM mode

| ITEM | SYMBOL | Hexadecimal \& Decimal |  | FUNCTION |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [1] | BEL | [07] H [7] D |  | Activates the alarm. |  |  |  |
| [2] | BS | [08] H [8] D |  | Backspaces one character. |  |  |  |
| [3] | HT | [09] H [9] D |  | Moves to next horizontal tab. |  |  |  |
| [4] | LF | [0A] H [10] D |  | Linefeeds after printing. |  |  |  |
| [5] | VT | [0B] H [11] D |  | Linefeeds to next vertical tab position after printing. |  |  |  |
| [6] | FF | [0C] H [12] D |  | Form feeds after printing. |  |  |  |
| [7] | CR | [0D] H [13] D |  | Carriage return after printing. |  |  |  |
| [8] | SO | [0E] H [14] D |  | Sets double width character mode for 1 line. |  |  |  |
| [9] | SI | [0F] H [15] D |  | Sets condensed pica character mode (17.1 cpi). |  |  |  |
| [10] | DC1 | [11] H [17] D |  | Selects printer that has been deselected by ESC Q (23). |  |  |  |
| [11] | DC2 | [12] H [18] D |  | Selects pica (10cpi) mode. |  |  |  |
| [12] | DC4 | [14] H [20] D |  | Cancels double width character mode set by SO. |  |  |  |
| [13] | CAN | [18] H [24] D |  | Clears data in buffer. |  |  |  |
| [14] | ESC EM $n$ | [1B,19,n] H [27,25,n] D |  | Control cut sheet feeder. <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1}$ : selects bin 1 <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{2}$ : selects bin 2 <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{R}$ : ejects single sheet paper loaded in the priner <br> This command is effective at the following conditions. <br> The paper select lever is set to the single sheet setting. \#49 CSF OPTION is set to SINGLE or DOUBLE. |  |  |  |
| [15] | ESC *m n1 n2 | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 2 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,42, \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ |  | Sets various graphic modes. <br> This command is effective only when AGM mode is set to ON in the extended setup options. |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathbf{m}$ Graphic Type <br> 0  |  |  | Number of Pins | Maximum Columns | Horizontal Density |
|  |  | $\mathbf{0}$ Standard-density <br> $\mathbf{1}$ Double-density <br> $\mathbf{2}$ Double-speed double-density* <br> $\mathbf{3}$ Quadruple-density * <br> $\mathbf{4}$ CRT I <br> $\mathbf{6}$ CRT II <br> $\mathbf{3 2}$ Standard-density <br> $\mathbf{3 3}$ Double-density <br> $\mathbf{3 8}$ CRT III <br> 39 Triple-density <br> $\mathbf{4 0}$ Quadruple-density* |  |  | 8 8 8 8 8 8 24 24 24 24 24 | 816 1632 1632 3264 1088 1224 816 1632 1224 2448 4896 | 60 120 120 240 80 90 60 120 90 180 360 |
|  |  | Note ( ${ }^{*}$ ): <br> The total (n1+n2× <br> Each bit The follo Bit Data <br> Print Pi | Horizontal adja <br> column number <br> 256) $\times 3$ for 24 <br> data in the 8 -pin <br> wing figure sho <br> (MSB) 1 <br> (Top) | can not be ated by $\mathbf{n} 1+$ ics. <br> correspond <br> lumn of da <br> 10 | inted. <br> $2 \times 256$ for <br> to 2 print and its co | -pin graphi <br> s of the pri sponding p 1 | s and <br> thead. int position. <br> (LSB) (Bottom) |
| [16] | ESC-n | [1B,2D,n] H [27,45,n] D |  | Sets or cancels underline mode. $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0}$ : underline is cancelled. $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1}$ : underline is set. |  |  |  |
| [17] | ESC 0 | [1B,30] H [27,48] D |  | Sets line spacing to $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$. |  |  |  |
| [18] | ESC 1 | [1B,31] H [27,49] D |  | Sets line spacing to 7/72". |  |  |  |
| [19] | ESC 2 | [1B,32] H [27,50] D |  | Linefeeds with the line spacing set by ESC A. |  |  |  |
| [20] | ESC 3 n | [1B,33,n] H [27,51,n] D |  | Sets line spacing in the basic spacing set by ESC [ $\backslash$. The default is $\mathbf{n} / \mathbf{2 1 6} \mathbf{"}^{\prime \prime}(\mathbf{1} \leq \mathbf{n} \leq \mathbf{2 5 5})$ in standard mode or $\mathbf{n} / \mathbf{1 8 0}^{\prime \prime}(\mathbf{0} \leq \mathbf{n} \leq \mathbf{2 5 5})$ in AGM mode. |  |  |  |


| ITEM | SYMBOL | Hexadecimal Decimal | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [21] | ESC 4 | [1B,34] H [27,52] D | Sets the top-of-form (TOF) at the current print line. |
| [22] | ESC 5 n | [1B,35,n] H [27,53,n] D | Sets/cancels auto linefeed with CR $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0}$ : Carriage return without linefeed. $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1}$ : Carriage return with linefeed. |
| [23] | ESC 6 | [1B,36] H [27,54] D | Selects IBM character set 2. |
| [24] | ESC 7 | [1B,37] H [27,55] D | Selects IBM character set 1. |
| [25] | ESC : | [1B,3A] H [27,58] D | Sets elite (12cpi) mode. |
| [26] | $\mathrm{ESC}=\mathrm{n} 1 \mathrm{n} 2$ <br> id lo hi data | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [1B,3D,n1,n2,23,lo,hi] H } \\ & {[27,61, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2,35, \mathrm{lo}, \mathrm{hi}] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Defines download character. <br> When $\mathrm{n} 1=\mathrm{n} 2=0$, the download area is cleared. <br> The number of data bytes following $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{2}$ is defined as $\mathbf{n 1} \mathbf{+ n} \mathbf{2} \times \mathbf{2 5 6}$ (including three bytes of id, $\mathbf{l o}, \mathbf{h i}$ ). id is always 23 h . <br> lo and hi compose two-byte address where the first downloading character is to be stored and the following data are stored in the successive addresses. |
| [27] | ESC A n | [1B,41,n] H [27,65,n] D | Sets line spacing to $\mathbf{n} / 7 \mathbf{2}^{\prime \prime}(\mathbf{1} \leq \mathbf{n} \leq \mathbf{2 5 5})$ or to $\mathbf{n} / \mathbf{6 0} \mathbf{0}^{\prime \prime}(\mathbf{1} \leq \mathbf{n} \leq \mathbf{2 5 5})$ in AGM mode. |
| [28] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ESC B n1 n2... } \\ & \text { n64 NUL } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 42, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \ldots \mathrm{n} 64,00] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,66, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \ldots \mathrm{n} 64,0] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets vertical tab positions beginning from $\mathbf{n 1}$ and end with NUL [00]H. $\mathbf{n 1}=\mathbf{1}$ is the first line at the TOF. |
| [29] | ESC C n | [1B,43,n] H [27,67,n] D | Sets page length in lines ( $\mathbf{1} \leq \mathbf{n} \leq \mathbf{2 5 5}$ ). <br> The current print line becomes TOF (top-of-form). <br> The bottom margin set by ESC N is cancelled. |
| [30] | ESC C NUL n | [1B,43, 00,n] H [27,67,0,n] D | Sets page length in inches ( $\mathbf{1} \leq \mathbf{n} \leq 182$ ). <br> The current print line becomes TOF (top of form). |
| [31] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ESC D n1 } \\ & \text { n2...n28 NUL } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 44, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \ldots \mathrm{n} 28,00] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,68, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \ldots \mathrm{n} 28,0] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets horizontal tab position ( $\mathbf{1} \leq \mathbf{n} \leq \mathbf{2 5 5}$ ). <br> $\mathbf{n}$ indicates the number of spaces from the left margin with the character width at the command execution. Left/right margins clear the tab positions. $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{= 1}$ is at the first column from the left margin. |
| [32] | ESC E | [1B,45] H [27,69] D | Sets emphasized character mode. Underline and graphic characters are also emphasized. |
| [33] | ESC F | [1B,46] H [27,70] D | Cancels emphasized character mode. |
| [34] | ESC G | [1B,47] H [27,71] D | Sets double strike character mode. |
| [35] | ESC H | [1B,48]H [27,72] D | Cancels double strike character mode. |
| [36] | ESC In | [1B,49] H [27,73] D | ```Selects one of font styles. n=0: draft 10cpi n=2: LQ 10cpi \(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{3}\) : LQ proportional n=4: download Draft 10cpi n=6: download LQ 10cpi n=7: download LQ proportional n=8: draft 12cpi n=10: LQ 12cpi n=12: download draft 12 cpi \(\mathbf{n}=14\) : download LQ 12cpi \(\mathbf{n = 1 6 : ~ c o n d e n s e d ~ d r a f t ~}\) n=18: condensed LQ n=20: download condensed draft \(\mathbf{n = 2 2 :}\) download condensed LQ``` |
| [37] | ESC J n | [1B,4A,n] H [27,74,n] D | Linefeeds in the basic spacing set by ESC [ $\backslash$ after printing. The default is $\mathrm{n} / 216^{\prime \prime}(\mathbf{1} \leq \mathrm{n} \leq \mathbf{2 5 5})$ in standard mode or $\mathrm{n} / 180$ " $(\mathbf{0} \leq \mathrm{n} \leq \mathbf{2 5 5})$ in AGM mode. |


| ITEM | SYMBOL | Hexadecimal Decimal | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [38] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ESC K n1 n2 } \\ & \text { data } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [1B,4B,n1,n2,data] H } \\ & {[27,75, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \text { data] } \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Prints the 8-pin Standard-density graphic mode(60dpi) The total number of dots in the data is set by $\mathbf{n 1}+\mathbf{n} \mathbf{2} \times 256$. |
| [39] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ESC L n1 n2 } \\ & \text { data } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [1B,4C,n1,n2,data] H } \\ & {[27,76, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \text { data }] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Prints the 8 -pin Double-density graphic mode(120dpi) The total number of dots in the data is set by $\mathbf{n} 1+\mathrm{n} 2 \times 256$. |
| [40] | ESCN $n$ | [1B,4E,n] H [27,78,n] D <br> For example: If the line spa an ESC N 6 command causes The space to be skipped is 1 i | Sets bottom margin ( $\mathbf{1} \leq \mathbf{n} \leq \mathbf{2 5 5}$ ). <br> $\mathbf{n}$ specifies the number of lines not to be printed at the end of a page. <br> $1 / 6$ inch and the page length is 66 lines, printer to print 60 lines, then skip 6 lines. (1/6 inch x 6 ). |
| [41] | ESC O | [1B,4F] H [27,79] D | Cancels the bottom margin set by ESC N. |
| [42] | ESC P n | [1B,50] H [27,80] D | Sets/cancels proportional mode. $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0}$ : the proportional mode is cancelled $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1}$ : the proportional mode is selected |
| [43] | ESC Q n | [1B,51,23] H [27,81,35] D | Deselects the printer. DC1 selects the printer. $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{2 3 h}$ : the printer is deselected $\mathbf{n} \neq \mathbf{2 3 h}$ : this command is ignored |
| [44] | ESC R | [1B,52] H [27,82] D | Initializes horizontal tabs to every 8th column starting from 9th column and clears vertical tabs. |
| [45] | ESC S n | [1B,53,n] H [27,83,n] D | Sets superscript or subscript character mode. $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0}$ : the superscript character mode is set $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1}$ : the subscript character mode is set |
| [46] | ESC T | [1B,54] H [27,84] D | Cancels super/subscript character mode. |
| [47] | ESC U n | [1B,55,n] H [27,85,n] D | Sets or cancels unidirectional printing. <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0}$ : the unidirectional printing is cancelled and the bidirectional or predirectional is set according to the setup options <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1}$ : unidirectional printing is set |
| [48] | ESC W n | [1B,57,n] H [27,87,n] D | Sets or cancels double width character mode. $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0}$ : the double width character mode is cancelled $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1}$ : the double width character mode is set |
| [49] | ESCX nm | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 5 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{n}, \mathrm{~m}] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,92, \mathrm{n}, \mathrm{~m}] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets left and right margins ( $\mathbf{0} \leq \mathbf{n}<\mathbf{m} \leq \mathbf{2 5 5}$ ) <br> $\mathbf{n}$ : left margin, m: right margin <br> The print area is between the $\boldsymbol{n}$ th and $\mathbf{m}$ th column. |
| [50] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ESC Y n1 n2 } \\ & \text { data } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [1B,59,n1,n2,data] H } \\ & {[27,89, n 1, n 2, \text { data }] \text { D }} \end{aligned}$ | Prints 8-pin double-speed double-density graphic mode (120dpi). The total number of dots in the data is set by $\mathbf{n 1 + n 2 \times 2 5 6}$. |
| [51] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ESC Zn1 n2 } \\ & \text { data } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [1B,5A,n1,n2,data] H } \\ & {[27,90, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \text { data }] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Prints 8 -pin quadruple-density graphic mode (240dpi). The total number of dots in the data is set by $\mathbf{n} 1+\mathbf{n} 2 \times 256$. |
| [52] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ESC [-n1 n2 } \\ & \text { m1 m2 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { [1B,5B,2D,n1,n2,m1,m2] H } \\ & {[27,91,45, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \mathrm{~m} 1, \mathrm{~m} 2] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ |  |




| ITEM | SYMBOL | Hexadecimal Decimal |  | FUNCTION |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [57] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ESC[\n1 n2 } \\ & \text { m1...m4 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 5 \mathrm{~B}, 5 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \mathrm{~m} 1, \ldots \mathrm{~m} 4] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,91,92, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \mathrm{~m} 1, \ldots \mathrm{~m} 4] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ |  | Sets basic lin $\mathbf{n 1}=4, \mathbf{n 2}=\mathbf{0}$, The basic lin feeding at ES | e spacing $\mathrm{m} 1=0$, e spacing C J and E | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 180^{\prime \prime}, 1 / 21 \\ & \mathbf{m 2}=\mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$ <br> fects the am 3. <br> ne spacing ine spacing ine spacing ine spacing | ", or 1/360". <br> unt of the line <br> AGM) |
| [58] | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ESC}[\mathrm{~d} \mathbf{n} 1 \mathrm{n} 2 \\ & \mathrm{m} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 5 \mathrm{~B}, 64, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \mathrm{~m}] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,91,100, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \mathrm{~m}] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Selects print character quality. } \\ & \mathbf{n} \mathbf{1}=\mathbf{1} \text { and } \mathbf{n} \mathbf{2}=\mathbf{0} \\ & \mathbf{m}=\mathbf{0 0 h}: \text { no change } \\ & \mathbf{m}=\mathbf{0 1} \mathbf{h} \mathbf{- 7} \mathbf{F h}: \text { draft character quality } \\ & \mathbf{m}=\mathbf{8 0 h} \mathbf{- B F h} \text { and } \mathbf{F F h}: \text { LQ character quality } \\ & \mathbf{m}=\mathbf{C 0 h} \mathbf{- F E h}: \text { emphasized LQ character quality } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| [59] | ESC[gn1n2 m data | [1B,5B,67,n1,n2,m,data] H$[27,91,103, n 1, n 2, m$, data $]$ |  | Sets various graphic modes. |  |  |  |
|  |  | m | Graphic Type |  | Number of Pins | Maximum Columns | Horizontal Density |
|  |  | 0 1 2 3 8 9 11 12 16 | Standard-density <br> Double-density <br> Double-speed double-density ** <br> Quadruple-density ** <br> Standard-density <br> Double-density <br> Triple-density <br> Hex-density** <br> Hex-density** |  | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 24 \\ 24 \\ 24 \\ 24 \\ 48 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 816 \\ 1632 \\ 1632 \\ 3264 \\ 816 \\ 1632 \\ 2448 \\ 4896 \\ 4896 \end{array}$ | 60 120 120 240 60 120 180 360 360 |
|  |  | Note ( ${ }^{* *}$ ): Horizontal adjacent dots can not be printed. <br> The number of data bytes following $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{1}$ and $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{2}$ is defined as the total column number for 8 -pin graphics (one byte/column) plus one extra parameter byte (m). 24-pin graphics takes three bytes/column and 48-pin graphics takes six bytes/column. <br> Each bit data in the 8 -pin and 48 -pin graphics corresponds to 2 print pins of the print head. The following figure shows one column of data and its corresponding print position. <br> Note ( ${ }^{*}$ ): These pins become active when both adjacent print pins are activated. |  |  |  |  |  |
| [60] | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ESC } \backslash n 1 \mathrm{n} 2 \\ & \text { data } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [1B,5C,n1,n2,data] H } \\ & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 92, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \text { data }]} \end{aligned}$ |  | Prints characters from all character set. The number of character to be printed is defined by $\mathbf{n 1 + n 2 \times 2 5 6}$. |  |  |  |
| [61] | ESC ] | [1B,5D] H [27,92] D |  | Reverse line feeds by the current line spacing. |  |  |  |
| [62] | $\mathbf{E S C}^{\wedge} \mathrm{n}$ | [1B,5E,n] H [27,94,n] D |  | Prints one character ( n : character code) from all character set. |  |  |  |
| [63] | ESC_n | [1B,5F,n] H [27,95,n] D |  | Sets or cancels overscore mode. $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0}$ : the overscore mode is cancelled $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1}$ : the overscore mode is set |  |  |  |
| [64] | ESC d n1 n2 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline[1 \mathrm{~B}, 64, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2] \mathrm{H} \\ & {[27,100, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ |  | Sets relative print position. ( $\mathbf{n} \mathbf{1}+\mathbf{n} \mathbf{2} \times \mathbf{2 5 6}$ )/120" from current position |  |  |  |
| [65] | ESC j | [1B,6A] H [27,106] D |  | Stops printing and sets the printer in offline. |  |  |  |

## $\square$ EPSON mode

| ITEM | SYMBOL | Hexadecimal \& Decimal | FUNCTION |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [1] | BEL | [07] H [7] D | Activates the bell. |  |  |
| [2] | BS | [08] H [8] D | Backspace one character. |  |  |
| [3] | HT | [09] H [9] D | Moves to next horizontal tab. |  |  |
| [4] | LF | [0A] H [10] D | Linefeeds after printing. |  |  |
| [5] | VT | [0B ]H [11] D | Linefeeds to next vertical tab position after printing. |  |  |
| [6] | FF | [0C] H [12] D | Form feeds after printing. |  |  |
| [7] | CR | [0D] H [13] D | Carriage return after printing. |  |  |
| [8] | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SO } \\ \text { ESC SO } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & {[0 \mathrm{E}] \mathrm{H} \quad[14] \mathrm{D}} \\ & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 0 \mathrm{E}] \mathrm{H} \quad[27,14] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets double width character mode for 1 line. DC4, LF, FF, ESC N, and ESC ! cancel this mode. |  |  |
| [9] | SI <br> ESC SI | $\begin{aligned} & {[0 \mathrm{OF}] \mathrm{H} \quad[15] \mathrm{D}} \\ & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 0 \mathrm{~F}] \mathrm{H} \quad[27,15] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets condensed character mode. 10 and 12 cpi becomes 17.1 and 20 cpi, respectively. |  |  |
| [10] | DC1 | [11] H [17] D | Selects printer that has been deselected by DC3. |  |  |
| [11] | DC2 | [12] H [18] D | Cancels condensed character mode. |  |  |
| [12] | DC3 | [13] H [19] D | Deselects printer. |  |  |
| [13] | DC4 | [14] H [20] D | Cancels double width character mode set by SO. |  |  |
| [14] | CAN | [18] H [24] D | Clears data in buffer and move print head to home position. |  |  |
| [15] | DEL | [7F] H [127] D | Deletes one character. |  |  |
| [16] | ESC EM n | [1B,19,n] H [27,25,n] D | Controls cut sheet feeder. <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1}$ : selects bin 1 <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{2}$ : selects bin 2 <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{R}$ : ejects single sheet paper loaded in the printer <br> This command is effective at the following conditions. <br> The paper select lever is set to the single sheet setting. <br> \#49 CSF OPTION is set to SINGLE or DOUBLE. |  |  |
| [17] | ESC SP n | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 20, \mathrm{n}] \mathrm{H} \quad[27,32, \mathrm{n}] \mathrm{D}} \\ & \mathbf{0} \leq \mathbf{n} \leq \mathbf{1 2 7} \end{aligned}$ | Sets intercharacter space in dot units. The dot width in pica mode is $1 / 120$ inch. |  |  |
|  |  | Praft Print | de |  | Dot width <br> $1 / 120$ inch <br> $1 / 180$ inch |
| [18] | ESC ! n | $[1 \mathrm{~B}, 21, \mathrm{n}] \mathrm{H}[27,33, \mathrm{n}] \mathrm{D}$Print modes | Sets multiple print modes. <br> $\mathbf{n}$ is specified by the following bit combination. ( $0 \leq n \leq 255$ ) |  |  |
|  |  |  | Dec. | Hex. | Correspond com |
|  |  | Pica | 0 | 00 | ESC P |
|  |  | Elite | 1 | 01 | ESC M |
|  |  | Proportional | 2 | 02 | ESC p |
|  |  | Condensed | 4 | 04 | SI, DC1 |
|  |  | Emphasized | 8 | 08 | ESC E, ESC F |
|  |  | Double strike | 16 | 10 | ESC G, ESC H |
|  |  | Double width | 32 | 20 | ESC W |
|  |  | Italic | 64 | 40 | ESC 4, ESC 5 |
|  |  | Underline | 128 | 80 | ESC - |
| [19] | ESC \# | [1B,23] H [27,35] D | Cancels MSB control set by ESC $=$ or ESC > . |  |  |






| ITEM | SYMBOL | Hexadecimal Decimal | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [68] | ESC a | [1B,61,n] H [27,97,n] D | Justification mode. <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0}$ : left justification is set (default) <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1}$ : centering is set <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{2}$ : right justification is set <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{3}$ : full justification is set <br> When $\mathbf{n}$ is other than $\mathbf{0}$, the printer performs one linefeed after printing. |
| [69] | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ESC b c n1 n2 } \\ & \text {...n16 NUL } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 62, \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \ldots, \mathrm{n} 16,00] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,98, \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{n} 1, \mathrm{n} 2, \ldots, \mathrm{n} 16,0] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets vertical tab position in channels beginning from n1 and end with NUL [00]H as in ESC b command. c specifies one of channels 0 to 7 to be set. |
| [70] | ESC g | [1B,67] H [27,103] D | Sets 15 cpi mode. |
| [71] | ESC j n | [1B,6A,n] H [27,106,n] D | $\mathrm{n} / 180$ " reverse linefeed after printing ( $\mathbf{0} \leq \mathrm{n} \leq 255$ ). <br> This command is ignored in the cut sheet feeder mode. |
| [72] | ESC k n | [1B,6B,n] H [27,107,n] D | Selects font type. <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0 0 h}$ : ROMAN is selected <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0 1 h}$ : SANS SERIF is selected <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0 2 h}$ : COURIER is selected <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0 3 h}$ : PRESTIGE is selected <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0 4 h}$ : $\quad$ SCRIPT is selected <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0 5 h}$ : OCR-B is selected <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0 6 h}$ : OCR-A is selected <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0 7 h}$ : ORATOR is selected <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0 8 h}$ : ORATOR-S is selected <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1 4 h}$ : GOTHIC is selected |
| [73] | ESCI n | [1B,6C,n] H [27,108,n] D | Sets left margin at the nth horizontal space in the current print mode. <br> The left margin can be set a distance of up to 8 " from the left end of the carriage. |
| [74] | ESC p n | [1B,70,n] H [27,112,n] D | Sets or cancels proportional mode. $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0}$ : the proportional mode is cancelled $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1}$ : the proportional mode is set |
| [75] | ESC q n | [1B,71,n] H [27,113, n] D | ```Sets character style. \(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0}\) : plain style is set \(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1}\) : outline style is set \(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{2}\) : shadow style is set \(\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{3}\) : outline with shadow style is set``` |
| [76] | ESC t n | [1B,74,n] H [27,116, n]D | Selects character code table. <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0 0 , 3 0}$ : Selects the italic character table. <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0 1}, \mathbf{3 1}$ : Selects the graphic character table. <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0 2}, \mathbf{3 2}$ : Selects the downloaded character table. <br> $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0 3}, \mathbf{3 3}$ : Selects the graphic character table. <br> If downloaded characters cannot be printed when the downloaded character table is selected, italic characters are printed. The selected character table is chantged eith the ETS(t command. |
| [77] | ESC w n | [1B,77,n] H [27,119,n] D | Sets or cancels double height character mode. $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0}$ : the double height character mode is cancelled $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1}$ : the double height character mode is set |
| [78] | ESC x n | [1B,78,n] H [27,120,n] D | Selects character quality. $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{0}$ : draft character mode is set $\mathbf{n}=\mathbf{1}$ : LQ character mode is set |

## - PCL mode

| ITEM | SYMBOL | Hexadecimal \& Decimal | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [1] | BEL | [07] H [7] D | Activates the bell. (Valid for PCL3+, PCL+D) |
| [2] | BS | [08] H [8] D | Backspace one character. |
| [3] | HT | [09] H [9] D | Moves to next horizontal tab. |
| [4] | LF | [0A] H [10] D | Linefeeds after printing. |
| [5] | VT | [0B] H [11] D | Linefeeds to next vertical tab position after printing. |
| [6] | FF | [0C] H [12] D | Form feeds after printing. |
| [7] | CR | [0D] H [13] D | Carriage return after printing. |
| [8] | SO | [0E] H [14] D | Selects secondary font. |
| [9] | SI | [0F] H [15] D | Selects primary font. |
| [10] | ESC | [1B] H [27] D | Designate start of escape sequence. |
| [11] | SP | [20] H [32] D | Space one character. |
| [12] | DEL | [7F] H [127] D | To print the ASCII DEL character. |
| [13] | ESC \& a \# C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [1B,26,61,\#,43]H } \\ & {[27,38,97, \#, 67] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Horizontal positioning by column. |
| [14] | ESC \& a \# H | $\begin{aligned} & \hline[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,61, \#, 48] \mathrm{H} \\ & {[27,38,97, \#, 72] \mathrm{D}} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Horizontal positioning by 1/720". |
| [15] | ESC \& a ${ }^{\text {L }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,61, \#, 4 \mathrm{C}] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,97, \#, 76] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets left margin. |
| [16] | ESC \& a \# M | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,61, \#, 4 \mathrm{D}] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,97, \#, 77] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets right margin. |
| [17] | ESC \& a \# R | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [1B,26,61,\#,52]H } \\ & {[27,38,97, \#, 82] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Vertical positioning by VMI. |
| [18] | ESC \& a \# V | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [1B,26,61,\#,56]H } \\ & {[27,38,97, \#, 86] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Vertical positioning by $1 / 720$ ". |
| [19] | ESC \& d \# D | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,64, \#, 44] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,100, \#, 68] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Designate underline mode. |
| [20] | ESC \& d @ | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,64,40] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,100,64] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Cancel underline mode. |
| [21] | ESC \& k \# E | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,6 \mathrm{~B}, \#, 45] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,107, \#, 69] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Designates/Cancels the auto- cancellation of underline. |
| [22] | ESC \& k \# F | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,6 \mathrm{~B}, \#, 46] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,107, \#, 70] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Designates/Cancels the auto- cancellation of secondary font. <br> Note: If \# is set to "0", current secondary font set changes automatically to primary font when vertical position changes . |
| [23] | ESC \& k \# G | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,6 \mathrm{~B}, \#, 47] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,107, \#, 71] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Designates line termination } \\ & \begin{array}{l} \#=0(30 \mathrm{H}): \\ \#=1(31 \mathrm{H}) \end{array}: \mathrm{CR}=\mathrm{CR}, \mathrm{CR}+\mathrm{LF}=\mathrm{LF}, \mathrm{LF}=\mathrm{FF}=\mathrm{LF}, \mathrm{FF}=\mathrm{FF} \\ & \#=2(32 \mathrm{H}): \mathrm{CR}=\mathrm{CR}, \mathrm{LF}=\mathrm{LF}+\mathrm{CR}, \mathrm{FF}=\mathrm{FF}+\mathrm{CR} \\ & \#=3(33 \mathrm{H}): \mathrm{CR}=\mathrm{CR}+\mathrm{LF}, \mathrm{LF}=\mathrm{LF}+\mathrm{CR}, \mathrm{FF}=\mathrm{FF}+\mathrm{CR} \end{aligned}$ |
| [24] | ESC \& k \# H | $\begin{aligned} & \hline[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,6 \mathrm{~B}, \#, 48] \mathrm{H} \\ & {[27,38,107, \#, 72] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets HMI(Horizontal motion index ). <br> - HMI is set by $1 / 120$ inch. <br> - HMI is defined as the distance where the print position moves when the character code is input. If \# is 12 , the input characters are printed in 10 cpi . |
| [25] | ESC \& k \# S | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,6 \mathrm{~B}, \#, 53] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,107, \#, 83] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Designates character spacing. <br> - Character spacing is set. <br> \# = 0 (30H) :Normal (10 cpi) <br> \# = $1(31 \mathrm{H})$ :Double width $(5 \mathrm{cpi})$ <br> \# = $2(32 \mathrm{H}):$ Compressed ( 16.7 cpi ) <br> \# = $4(34 \mathrm{H}): 12$ cpi spacing |


| ITEM | SYMBOL | Hexadecimal Decimal | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [26] | ESC \& k \# W | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,6 \mathrm{~B}, \#, 57] \mathrm{D}} \\ & {[27,38,107, \#, 87] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Controls print direction. (Valid for PCL3+, PCL+D) <br> - Print direction is set as follows. <br> \# = $0(30 \mathrm{H}):$ Unidirectional Print(left to right) <br> \# = $1(31 \mathrm{H})$ :Bidirectional Print <br> \# = 2 (32H) :Pre-directional Print |
| [27] | ESC \& 1 \# A | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,6 \mathrm{C}, \#, 41] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,108, \#, 65] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Designates paper size. } \\ & \quad-\text { Paper size is set as follows. } \\ & \#=0(30 \mathrm{H}):(\text { Setting in the setup mode }) \\ & \#=2(32 \mathrm{H}): \text { Letter } \\ & \#=3(33 \mathrm{H}): \text { Legal } \\ & \#=26(32 \mathrm{H}, 36 \mathrm{H}): \text { A4 } \\ & \#=81(38 \mathrm{H}, 31 \mathrm{H}): \text { ENVELOP Business(Com } 10) \end{aligned}$ |
| [28] | ESC \& 1 \# C | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,6 \mathrm{C}, \#, 43] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,108, \#, 67] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets VMI(Vertical motion index). <br> - VMI is set by $1 / 48$ inch. <br> - VMI is defined as the distance where the print position moves when the LF code is input. If \# is 8 , the print position moves in 6 lpi vertically. |
| [29] | ESC \& 1 \# D | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,6 \mathrm{C}, \#, 44] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,108, \#, 68] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sets the line spacing. VMI(Vertical motion index) } \\ & \text { \# = The number of LPI (lines per inch). } \\ & \text { ex. } \#=8(38 \mathrm{H}): 8 \mathrm{LPI} \end{aligned}$ |
| [30] | ESC \& 1 \# E | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,6 \mathrm{C}, \#, 45] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,108, \#, 69] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets Top margin by VMI. (where \# = " $1,2, \ldots$ ) When the top margin is set, the text length to be default. <br> In case of Skip perforation ON <br> Text length = page length- Top margin $-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ <br> (Bottom margin set to $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ ) <br> In case of Skip perforation OFF <br> Text length $=$ page length - Top margin <br> (Bottom margin set to 0") |
| [31] | ESC \& 1 \# F | $\begin{aligned} & \hline[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,6 \mathrm{C}, \#, 46] \mathrm{H} \\ & {[27,38,108, \#, 70] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets Text length. <br> - Text length is set by line by VMI. |
| [32] | ESC \& \# H | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,6 \mathrm{C}, \#, 48] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,108, \#, 72] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets paper path. <br> - The mode set as follows. <br> \# = 0 (30H) :Eject Paper <br> \# = $1(31 \mathrm{H}) \quad$ :Feed from BIN 1 <br> \# = $2(32 \mathrm{H}) \quad$ :Feed from manual insertion <br> \# = - $1(2 \mathrm{DH}, 31 \mathrm{H})$ :Select fanfold paper <br> \# = 8 : BIN 2 <br> \# = 9 : BIN1+2 <br> Note:When the "NOT INSTALLED" is selected in the " SETUP \#49 CSF OPTIONS" the CSF command is the same as \#=0. |
| [33] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ESC \& I \# L } \\ & \text { data } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,6 \mathrm{C}, \#, 4 \mathrm{C}] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,108, \#, 76] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Designates/Cancels skip perforation mode. <br> - Paper path is set as follows. <br> \# = $0(30 \mathrm{H}) \quad$ :Cancels the mode <br> \# = $1(31 \mathrm{H})$ :Designates the mode |
| [34] | ESC \& 1 \# P | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,6 \mathrm{C}, \#, 50] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,108, \#, 80] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets page length by VMI. |
| [35] | ESC \& p \# X | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,70, \#, 58] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,112, \#, 88] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Receives data as text. |
| [36] | ESC \& s \# C | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 26,73, \#, 43] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,38,115, \#, 67] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Designates/Cancels wraparound.. <br> \# = $0(30 \mathrm{H}) \quad$ :Designates wraparound <br> \# = $1(31 \mathrm{H}) \quad$ :Cancels wraparound |


| ITEM | SYMBOL | Hexadecimal Decimal | FUNCTION |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [37] | ESC (\# id ESC ) \# id | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [1B,28,\#,id] H [27,40,\#,id] D } \\ & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 29, \#, \text { id }] \text { H [27,41,\#,id] D }} \end{aligned}$ | Assign font to the primary/secondary font set. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \# id | Font | \# id |  |
|  |  |  | 8 U | ROMAN-8 | 4 S | ISO,PORTUGAL 1 |
|  |  |  | 0 U | ASCII | 2 U | ISO,IRV |
|  |  |  | 0 N | ECMA-94,LATIN1(ISO8859.1) | 0 K | ISO14, JIS, ASCII |
|  |  |  | 10U | PC-8 (PC-437) | 1 U | LEGAL |
|  |  |  | 12 U | PC-850 | 0L | LINE-DRAW |
|  |  |  | 11 U | PC-8,DENMARK/NORWAY | 0 M | MATH7 |
|  |  |  | 0 S | ISO11,SWEDEN 1 | 0 A | MATH-SYMBOL |
|  |  |  | 3 S | ISO10,SWEDEN 2 | 0E | ROMAN-EXTENSION |
|  |  |  | 0 D | ISO60,NORWAY 1 | 5 S | ISO84,PORTUGAL 2 |
|  |  |  | 1 D | ISO61,NORWAY 2 | 6 S | IS085,SPAIN 2 |
|  |  |  | 1 E | ISO4,UK | 80U | PC-857 |
|  |  |  | 1 F | ISO69,FRANCE 1 | 93 U | PC-858 |
|  |  |  | 1 G | ISO21,GERMANY 1 | 81U | PC-860 |
|  |  |  | 0 I | ISO15,ITALY | 94 U | PC-861 |
|  |  |  | 2 S | ISO17,SPAIN 1 | 82 U | PC-863 |
|  |  |  | 0 B | LINE-DRAW | 83 U | PC-865 |
|  |  |  | 0 F | ISO25,FRANCE 2 | 95U | BRASCII |
|  |  |  | 0 G | GERMAN 2 | 96 U | ABICOMP |
|  |  |  | 1 S | SPAIN 3 |  |  |
|  |  |  | The $12 \mathrm{U}, 0 \mathrm{~F}, 0 \mathrm{G}, 1 \mathrm{~S}, 1 \mathrm{U}, 0 \mathrm{M}, 0 \mathrm{~A}, 5 \mathrm{~S}$ and 6 S are available only when PCL3+ or PCL3+D modes. |  |  |  |
| [38] | ESC ( \# @ | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 28, \#, 40] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,40, \#, 64] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Designates primary font. <br> \# = 0 or " $1(30 \mathrm{H}$ or 31 H$)$ <br> Copy the default primary symbol set to the current primary symbol set. $\#=2(32 \mathrm{H})$ <br> Copy the current primary symbol set to the current primary symbol set. $\#=3(33 \mathrm{H})$ <br> Copy the default primary font to the current primary font. |  |  |  |
| [39] | ESC ( 0 X <br> ESC) 0 X | [1B,28,30,58] H [27,40,48,88] D [1B,29,30,58] H [27,41,48,88] D | Assigns the download font to the current primary/ secondary font. |  |  |  |
| [40] | ESC ( s \# B <br> ESC) s \# B | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 28,73, \#, 42] \mathrm{H}[27,40,115, \#, 66] \mathrm{D}} \\ & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 29,73, \#, 42] \mathrm{H}[27,41,115, \#, 66] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Bold or emphasized. <br> - Designates/Cancels bold or emphasized attributes as follows. <br> \# = $0(30 \mathrm{H}) \quad$ :Bold off/Emphasized off <br> \# = $3(33 \mathrm{H}) \quad$ :Bold on /Emphasized off <br> \# = 7 (37H) :Bold off/Emphasized on |  |  |  |

B. Control code summary (HP)

| ITEM | SYMBOL | Hexadecimal Decimal | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [41] | ESC ( s \# H ESC) s \# H | $[1 \mathrm{~B}, 28,73, \#, 48] \mathrm{H}[27,40,115, \#, 72] \mathrm{D}$ $[1 \mathrm{~B}, 29,73, \#, 48] \mathrm{H}[27,41,115, \#, 72] \mathrm{D}$ | $\begin{aligned} &\hline \text { Sets character spacing.(\# = Font pitch(CPI) }) \\ & \begin{aligned} & \text { PCL mode }=\text { PCL3+, PCL3+D or PCL3 } \\ & \#=5 \end{aligned}: 5 \mathrm{cpi}(0.01 \leq \#<5.01) \\ & \#=10: 10 \mathrm{cpi}(5.01 \leq \#<10.01) \\ & \#=12: 12 \mathrm{cpi}(10.01 \leq \#<12.01) \\ & \text { PCL mode }=\text { PCL3+ or PCL3+D } \\ & \#=15: 15 \mathrm{cpi}(12.01 \leq \#<15.01) \\ & \#=16.7: 16.7 \mathrm{cpi}(15.01 \leq \#<16.71) \\ & \#=17.1: 17.1 \mathrm{cpi}(16.71 \leq \#<17.11) \\ & \#=20: 20 \mathrm{cpi}(17.11 \leq \#<20.01) \\ & \#=24: 24 \mathrm{cpi}(20.01 \leq \#) \\ & \text { PCL mode }=\text { PCL3 } \\ & \#=16.7: 16.7 \mathrm{cpi}(12.01 \leq \#<16.71) \\ & \#=20: 20 \mathrm{cpi}(16.71 \leq \#) \end{aligned}$ |
| [42] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ESC ( s \# P } \\ & \text { ESC ) s \# P } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [1B,28,73,\#,50] H [27,40,115,\#,80] D } \\ & \text { [1B,29,73,\#,50] H [27,41,115,\#,80] D } \end{aligned}$ | Selects proportional or fixed character spacing <br> \# = $1(31 \mathrm{H})$ :Proportional pitch <br> \# = $0(30 \mathrm{H}) \quad$ :Fixed pitch |
| [43] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ESC (s \# Q } \\ & \text { ESC s } \# \text { Q } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 28,73, \#, 51] \mathrm{H}[27,40,115, \#, 81] \mathrm{D}} \\ & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 29,73, \#, 51] \mathrm{H}[27,41,115, \#, 81] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets Print quality. $\begin{array}{ll} \#=0(30 \mathrm{H}) & : \text { Draft } \\ \#=2(32 \mathrm{H}) & : \text { Letter Quality } \end{array}$ |
| [44] | ESC ( s \# S <br> ESC) s \# S | $\begin{aligned} & \hline[1 \mathrm{~B}, 28,73, \#, 53] \mathrm{H}[27,40,115, \#, 83] \mathrm{D} \\ & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 29,73, \#, 53] \mathrm{H}[27,41,115, \#, 83] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets italic character. <br> \# = $0(30 \mathrm{H}) \quad$ :Cancels italic character <br> \# = $1(31 \mathrm{H})$ :Designates italic character <br> \# = $2(32 \mathrm{H})$ :Designates italic character |
| [45] | ESC ( s \# T <br> ESC) s \# T | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [1B,28,73,\#,54] H [27,40,115,\#,84] D } \\ & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 29,73, \#, 54] \mathrm{H}[27,41,115, \#, 84] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| [46] | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ESC (s \# U } \\ & \text { ESC) s \# U } \end{aligned}$ | $[1 \mathrm{~B}, 28,73, \#, 55] \mathrm{H}[27,40,115, \#, 85] \mathrm{D}$ $[1 \mathrm{~B}, 29,73, \#, 55] \mathrm{H}[27,41,115, \#, 85] \mathrm{D}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \text { Sets super/Sub-script. } & \\ \begin{aligned} \# & =+1(2 \mathrm{BH}, 31 \mathrm{H}) \end{aligned} & \text { :Designates superscript } \\ \#=0(30 \mathrm{H}) & \text { :Cancels super/subscript } \\ \#=-1(2 \mathrm{DH}, 31 \mathrm{H}) & \text { :Designates subscript } \end{array}$ |
| [47] | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { ESC ( s \# V } \\ & \text { ESC ) s \# V } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 28,73, \#, 56] \mathrm{H}[27,40,115, \#, 86] \mathrm{D}} \\ & \text { [1B,29,73,\#,56] H [27,41,115,\#,86] D } \end{aligned}$ |  |


| ITEM | SYMBOL | Hexadecimal Decimal | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [48] | ESC ( s \# W <br> [data] | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 28,73, \#, 57] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[\text { data }]} \\ & {[27,40,115, \#, 87] \mathrm{D}} \\ & {[\text { data }]} \end{aligned}$ | Download character descriptor and data. <br> - The parameter \# consists of 3 bytes of the descriptor <Attribute data format> <br> 1 st 8 (Attribute format) <br> 2 nd 0 (Continuation) <br> $3 \mathrm{rd} 1 \quad$ (Acknowledge for the attribute data) <br> - Dot pattern data stream is translated as follows; |
| [49] | ESC) \# @ | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 29, \#, 40] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,41, \#, 64] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Designates secondary font. <br> - The default primary font which is currently selected in the setup mode is set. $\#=" 0 "(30 \mathrm{H})$ <br> Copy the default secondary symbol set to the current secondary symbol set. $\#=" 1 "(31 \mathrm{H})$ <br> Copy the default primary symbol set to the current secondary symbol set. $\#=" 2 "(32 \mathrm{H})$ <br> Copy the current primary symbol set to the current secondary symbol set. $\#=" 3 "(33 \mathrm{H})$ <br> Copy the default secondary font to the current secondary font. |


| ITEM | SYMBOL | Hexadecimal Decimal | FUNCTION |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [50] | ESC) s \# W <br> [DATA] | [1B,29,73,\#,57] H DATA [27,41,115,\#,87] D DATA | Download font descriptor. <br> - ESC ) s 0 W command resistors a blank LQ font. The format is as follows |  |  |
|  |  |  | Byte 0-1 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  | Byte 2-3 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  | Byte 3-4 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  | Byte 5-6 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  | Byte 7-8 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  | Byte 9-10 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  | Byte 10-11 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  | Byte 12-13 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  | Byte 14-15 | [ SYMBOL S | (2 BYTES)] |
|  |  |  | Byte 16-17 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  | Byte 18-19 | [ POINT SIZ | (2 BYTES)] |
|  |  |  | Byte 20-21 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  | Byte 22-23 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  | Byte 24-25 | 0 | [ TYPEFACE ] |
|  |  |  | Byte 26-27 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  | Byte 28-29 | [LQ/DRAFT] | 0 |
|  |  |  | Symbol set : Byte 14-15 represent the symbol set \# and ID for the download character to be selected by [37] ESC (\# id command. <br> Example:Roman-8 $\begin{aligned} & 8 \mathrm{U} " \\ & 32 \times 8+85-64=277(01 \mathrm{H}, 15 \mathrm{H}) \end{aligned}$ <br> Point size(character height): Point size in decimal is registered. <br> Typeface:Parameter used in the typeface selection command is registered. <br> LQ/DRAFT:Print Quality, LQ or Draft is registered by the following definition; <br> 0:DRAFT 1:LQ |  |  |
| [51] | ESC * b \# M | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 2 \mathrm{~A}, 62, \#, 4 \mathrm{D}] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,42,98, \#, 77] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Selects format for the graphic data compression. <br> - Raster graphics data are registered. (Valid for PCL3+, PCL+D) <br> \# = $0 \quad$ :compression off <br> \# = $1 \quad$ :mode 1 <br> \# = $2 \quad$ :mode 2 <br> \# = $3 \quad$ :mode 3 |  |  |
| [52] | ESC * b \# W <br> [DATA] | [1B,2A,62,\#,57] H DATA [27,42,98,\#,87] D DATA | Raster graphic data transmission <br> - Raster graphics data are registered. |  |  |
| [53] | ESC * ${ }^{\text {\# X }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [1B,2A,62,\#,58]H } \\ & {[27,42,98, \#, 88] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets temporary graphics X-offset. |  |  |
| [54] | ESC * ${ }^{\text {\# }}$ Y | $\begin{aligned} & \text { [1B 2A 62 \# 59]H } \\ & {[274298 \# 89] D} \end{aligned}$ | Sets temporary graphics Y-offset. |  |  |
| [55] | ESC* ${ }^{\text {\# E }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 2 \mathrm{~A}, 63, \#, 45] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,42,99, \#, 69] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets download character code. |  |  |


| ITEM | SYMBOL | Hexadecimal Decimal | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [56] | ESC * $\mathbf{~ \# ~ F ~}$ | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 2 \mathrm{~A}, 63, \#, 46] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,42,99, \#, 70] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Download font control <br> - Controls download font as follows. <br> \# = $0(30 \mathrm{H})$ :Delete all download font <br> \# = $3(33 \mathrm{H})$ Delete data of current download code. <br> \# = $6(36 \mathrm{H})$ :Copy ROM font to download font. |
| [57] | ESC * ${ }^{\text {\# }}$ X | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 2 \mathrm{~A}, 70, \#, 58] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,42,112, \#, 88] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sets horizontal positioning by dot } \\ & \qquad \#=1 / 180^{\prime \prime} \text { units }: \text { PCL3 or PCL3+ } \\ & \#=1 / 360 " \text { units }: \text { PCL3+ } D \end{aligned}$ |
| [58] | ESC * ${ }^{\text {\# }}$ Y | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 2 \mathrm{~A}, 70, \#, 59] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,42,112, \#, 89] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sets vertical positioning by dot } \\ & \quad \#=1 / 180^{\prime \prime} \text { units }: \text { PCL3 or PCL3+ } \\ & \#=1 / 360^{\prime \prime} \text { units }: \text { PCL3+ D } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| [59] | ESC * r \# A | $\begin{aligned} & \hline[1 \mathrm{~B}, 2 \mathrm{~A}, 72, \#, 41] \mathrm{H} \\ & {[27,42,114, \#, 65] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets start raster graphics printing <br> - Raster graphics printing starts as follows <br> \# $=0(30 \mathrm{H}) \quad$ :Prints from the left most printable position <br> \# = 1 (31H) :Prints from the current position |
| [60] | ESC * r B | $\begin{aligned} & \hline[1 \mathrm{~B}, 2 \mathrm{~A}, 72,42] \mathrm{H} \\ & {[27,42,114,66] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Sets terminates raster graphics printing - Raster graphics printing is terminated |
| [61] | ESC * r K | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 2 \mathrm{~A}, 72,4 \mathrm{~B}] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,42,114,65] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Model number request(Serial I/F only) <br> - Model number is requested. <br> - The printer sends back the following answer when this data is recognized. "2235A 2712CRLF" |
| [62] | ESC * $\mathrm{\#}$ (S | $\begin{aligned} & \hline[1 \mathrm{~B}, 2 \mathrm{~A}, 72, \#, 53] \mathrm{H} \\ & {[27,42,114, \#, 83] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Designates raster graphics width. - Raster graphics width is defined by dot. |
| [63] | ESC * ${ }^{\text {\# }}$ R | $\begin{aligned} & {[1 \mathrm{~B}, 2 \mathrm{~A}, 74, \#, 52] \mathrm{H}} \\ & {[27,42,117, \#, 82] \mathrm{D}} \end{aligned}$ | Designates raster graphics resolution. <br> -Raster graphics resolution is defined as follows. When PCL3+ or PCL3+D is selected. <br> When PCL3 is selected. $\begin{array}{lr} \#=9,0(39 \mathrm{H}, 30 \mathrm{H}) & : 90 \mathrm{dpi} \\ \#=1,8,0(31 \mathrm{H}, 38 \mathrm{H}, 30 \mathrm{H}) & : 180 \mathrm{dpi} \end{array}$ |
| [64] | ESC 9 | [1B,39]H [27,57]D | Clear left and right margin. |
| [65] | ESC $=$ | [1B,3D]H [27,61]D | Half line feed -- Half line feed is executed. |
| [66] | ESC ? DC1 | [1B,3F,11]H [27,63,17]D | Request I/O status(Serial I/O only) <br> - Printer status is requested. <br> - The printer sends back the following data to the host computer as the printer status. |
| [67] | ESC E | [18,45]H [27,69]D | Reset - The printer is initialized. |
| [68] | ESC Y | [1B, 59]H [27,89]D | Designate display function- Display function is set on. |
| [69] | ESC Z | [18,5A]H [27,90]D | Cancels display function - Display function is set off. |
| [70] | ESC z | [1B,7A]H [27,122]D | Self test - Self test print is executed for 1 page. |

## - Setup options control codes

This command is specially designed to assist you in utilizing the printer to its fullest potential. Most of printer's setup options can be accessed and changed through the following command sequence.

## Setup command sequence


1.This command sequence is only valid when the Software setup is set to YES (enabled) in the extended options at the front control panel. The command is treated as regular print data if the Software setup is disabled.
2 .Always start the software setup commands with the setup declare code and end by the setup terminate code.
3. Insert "46. Dont save" command before the setup terminate codes if the setup command sequences are used frequently. Otherwise, EEPROM ERROR may occur due to exceeding the number of the allowable write cycle of the EEPROM.

Setup command sequence

| ITEM | Mode | Code \& Hexadecimal | n (Hex.) = selection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [1] | Zoom in/out | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header SI } n \\ & \underline{1 B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,0 \mathrm{~F}, n \end{aligned}$ |  |
| [2] | Graphic Print Mode | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header \# n } \\ & \underline{1 B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,23, n \end{aligned}$ | $n: 0=$ MODE 1  <br> $1=$ MODE 2  <br> $2=$ Normal Quality Normal SPeed  <br> 2  |
| [3] | Zero style | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header } 0 n \\ & \underline{1 B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,30, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & n: 0=\text { no slash "0" } \\ & n: 1=\text { slashed "Ø" } \end{aligned}$ |
| [4] | Accent Character | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header } 1 \mathrm{n} \\ & \underline{1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00}, 31, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} n: 0 & =\text { SIMPLE (1PASS FONT) } \\ 1 & =\text { Comp (2PASS FONT) } \end{aligned}$ |
| [5] | FF Code at TOF | Header 2 n $\overline{1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C},} 60,02,00,32, n$ | $\begin{aligned} n: 0 & =\text { YES (FF Code Valid) } \\ 1 & =\text { NO (FF Code invalid) } \end{aligned}$ |
| [6] | Line spacing | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header } 3 n \\ & \text { 1B, } 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,33, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{rlrl} n: 0 & =6 \mathrm{lpi} & n: 2 & =9 \mathrm{lpi} \\ 1 & =8 \mathrm{lpi} & 3 & =3 \mathrm{lpi} \\ & n: 4=4 \mathrm{lpi} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

Note: The set-up declare codes will reset the printer to its default state.

| ITEM | Mode | Code \& Hexadecimal | n (Hex.) = selection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [7] | CR setting | Header 5 n $\overline{1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C},} 60,02,00,35, n$ | $\begin{aligned} n: 0 & =\mathrm{CR} \text { only } n: 2=\text { Autofeed } \\ 1 & =\mathrm{CR}+\mathrm{LF} \end{aligned}$ |
| [8] | LF setting | Header $6 n$ $1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,36, n$ | $\begin{aligned} \hline n: 0 & =\text { LF only } \\ 1 & =\mathrm{CR}+\mathrm{LF} \end{aligned}$ |
| [9] | P.out detection | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header } 8 n \\ & \underline{1 B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,38, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} \hline n: 0 & =\text { DETECT at any position } \\ 1 & =\text { DETECT only page end } \end{aligned}$ |
| [10] | Page length lock | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header }>\text { a } n \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00,3 \mathrm{E}, 61, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} \hline n: 0 & =\text { No (Unlock) } \\ 1 & =\text { Yes (Lock) } \end{aligned}$ |
| [11] | Font lock | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header }>\mathrm{b} n \\ & \underline{1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00}, 3 \mathrm{E}, 62, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} n: 0 & =\text { No (Unlock) } \\ 1 & =\text { Yes (Lock) } \end{aligned}$ |
| [12] | Pitch lock | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header }>\mathrm{c} n \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00,3 \mathrm{E}, 63, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} \hline n: 0 & =\text { No (Unlock) } \\ 1 & =\text { Yes (Lock) } \end{aligned}$ |
| [13] | Quality lock | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header }>\mathrm{d} n \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00,3 \mathrm{E}, 64, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} \hline n: 0 & =\text { No (Unlock) } \\ 1 & =\text { Yes (Lock) } \end{aligned}$ |
| [14] | Reset key lock | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header }>\text { e } n \\ & \underline{1 B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00,3 \mathrm{E}, 65, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} \hline n: 0 & =\text { No (Unlock) } \\ 1 & =\text { Yes (Lock) } \end{aligned}$ |
| [15] | Page length | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header } \mathrm{Cm} n \\ & \underline{1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00}, 43, \mathrm{~m}, n \end{aligned}$ |  |
| [16] | Emulation | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header E } n \\ & \underline{1 B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,45, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{rlr} n: 0 & =\text { Epson } & 3=\mathrm{HP} \\ 1 & =\mathrm{IBM} & \\ \end{array}$ |
| [17] | Multipart | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header G } n \\ & \underline{1 B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,47, n \end{aligned}$ | $n: 0$ $=$ Normal $n: 2$ $=$ Dark 1 <br> 1 $=$ Normal 3 $=$ Dark 2 |
| [18] | Bottom margin | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header } \mathrm{N} n \\ & \underline{1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00}, 4 \mathrm{E}, n \end{aligned}$ | $n: 0$ $=0$ line $n: 5$ $=5$ lines <br> 1 $=1$ line 6 $=6$ lines <br> 2 $=2$ lines 7 $=7$ lines <br> 3 $=3$ lines $8=8$ lines  <br> 4 $=4$ lines  $12=12$ lines <br>   $9=10$ lines  <br>   $13=13$ lines  <br>   $15=14$ lines  <br>     |
| [19] | Override | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header O } n \\ & \underline{1 B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,4 \mathrm{~F}, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} \hline n: 0 & =\mathrm{No} \\ 1 & =\mathrm{Yes} \end{aligned}$ |
| [20] | Character spacing | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header P } n \\ & \underline{1 B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,50, n \end{aligned}$ | $n: 0$ $=10 \mathrm{cpi}$ $n: 5$ $=20 \mathrm{cpi}$ <br> 1 $=10 \mathrm{cpi}$ 6 $=24 \mathrm{cpi}$ <br> 2 $=12 \mathrm{cpi}$ 7 $=$ Proportional <br> 3 $=15 \mathrm{cpi}$ 8 $=1 / 2$ Proportional <br> 4 $=17.1 \mathrm{cpi}$ 9 $=16.7 \mathrm{cpi}$ |

B. Control code summary (Setup options)

| ITEM | Mode | Code \& Hexadecimal | n (Hex.) = selection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [21] | Left/right margin | (Header) $\mathrm{Q} m \mathrm{mr}$ <br> 1B, 7C, 60, 03, 00, 51, ml, mr | $\begin{array}{ll}00 \leq m l \leq 63 & \text { Left margin } \\ 00 \leq m r \leq 63 & \text { Right margin }\end{array}$ |
| [22] | International character | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header R } n \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,52, n \end{aligned}$ |  |
| [23] | Auto scroll | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header S } n \\ & \text { 1B, 7C, } 60,02,00,53, n \end{aligned}$ | $n: 0$ $=$ No scroll $n: 3$ $=5$ seconds <br> 1 $=0.5$ second 4 $=10$ seconds <br> 2 $=1$ second 5 $=15$ seconds |
| [24] | Auto scroll Valid Position | Header S [FF] n 1B, 7C, $60,03,00,53$, FF, $n$ | $\begin{aligned} n: 0 & =\text { Valid at any position } \\ 1 & =\text { Valid at any TOF position } \end{aligned}$ |
| [25] | Top margin | Header T [00] $n$ $1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00,54,00, n$ | $00 \leq n \leq 15$ |
| [26] | Print direction | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header U } n \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,55, n \end{aligned}$ | $n: 0$ $=$ Pre-direction $n: 2$ $=$ Uni-direction <br> 1 $=$ Pre-direction 3 $=$ Bi-direction |
| [27] | Paper width | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header W } n \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,57, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{rlr} \hline n: 0 & =15 \text { inches } & n: 2=5 \text { inches } \\ 1 & =10 \text { inches } & \end{array}$ |
| [28] | IBM graphics AGM | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header Y } n \\ & \text { 1B, 7C, } 60,02,00,59, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} \hline n: 0 & =\text { Invalid } \\ 1 & =\text { Valid } \end{aligned}$ |
| [29] | Label mode | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header }[n \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,5 \mathrm{~B}, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} n: 0 & =\mathrm{No} \\ 1 & =\mathrm{Yes} \end{aligned}$ |
| [30] | Enlarged Character Size | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header ] X n } \\ & \underline{1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00,5 \mathrm{D}, 58, n} \end{aligned}$ | $n: 0$ $=1$ $n: 4$ $=12$ <br> 1 $=2$ 5 $=16$ <br> 2 $=4$ 6 $=24$ <br> 3 $=8$ 7 $=32$ |
| [31] | Barcode/ Enlarged character command | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header ] } \mathrm{m} n \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00,5 \mathrm{D}, 6 \mathrm{D}, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} n: 0 & =\text { MODE2 } \\ 1 & =\text { Ignored } \\ 2 & =\text { MODE1 } \end{aligned}$ |
| [32] | Barcode type | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header ] } \mathrm{n} n \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00,5 \mathrm{D}, 6 \mathrm{E}, n \end{aligned}$ |  |


| ITEM | Mode | Code \& Hexadecimal | n (Hex.) = selection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [33] | PCL Mode | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header ] w } n \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00,3 \mathrm{C}, 65, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{rlr} n: 0 & =\text { PCL3 }+ & n: 2=\mathrm{PCL} 3+\mathrm{D} \\ 1 & =\text { PCL3 } & \end{array}$ |
| [34] | Bar Code Size | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header ] } \times \mathrm{n} \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00,5 \mathrm{D}, 78, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} n: 0 & =1 \\ 1 & =1.5 \\ 2 & =2 \\ 3 & =2.5 \end{aligned}$ |
| [35] | Sleep Mode | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header e n } \\ & \underline{1 B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00,65, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} n: 0 & =\text { Sleep Mode Valid } \\ 1 & =\text { Sleep Mode invalid } \end{aligned}$ |
| [36] | Line feed Speed | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header } \mathrm{f} \mathrm{n} \\ & \underline{1 B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00,66, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} n: 0 & =\text { Normal Speed } \\ 1 & =\text { Half Speed } \end{aligned}$ |
| [37] | Code page | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header in } \\ & \text { 1B, 7C, } 60,02,00,69, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline n: 0=437 \text { (USA) } \\ & 1=850 \text { (Multi-lingual) } \\ & 3=860 \text { (Portuguese) } \\ & 4=863 \text { (Canadian-French) } \\ & 5=865 \text { (Nordic) } \\ & 6=857 \text { (Turkey) } \\ & 20 \mathrm{~h}=\text { ISO-8859-1 } \\ & 7=858 \\ & 8=861 \\ & 9=\text { BRASCII } \\ & 0 \mathrm{~A}=\text { ABICOMP } \end{aligned}$ |
| [38] | Font select | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Header k } n}{\text { 1B, } 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,6 \mathrm{~B}, n} \end{aligned}$ | $n: 0$ $=$ Roman $n: 6$ $=$ OCR-B <br> 1 $=$ Roman 7 $=$ OCR-A <br> 2 $=$ Sans Serif 8 $=$ Gothic <br> 3 $=$ Courier 9 $=$ Orator <br> 4 $=$ Prestige  A Orator-S <br> 5 $=$ Script   |
| [39] | Option | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header o } m n \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,03,00,6 \mathrm{~F}, m, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & m: 0 \\ & n: 0=\text { CSF not installed } \\ & 1=\text { Single bin } \\ & 2=\text { Double bin } \end{aligned}$ |
| [40] | TOF <br> adjustment | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header p n1 n2 } \\ & \text { 1B, 7C, } 60,03,00,70, n 1, n 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & n=\mathrm{n} 1+256 \times \mathrm{n} 2 \\ & n / 60^{\prime \prime}(0 \leq n \leq 480) \end{aligned}$ |
| [41] | Character table | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header t } m n \\ & \text { 1B, 7C, } 60,03,00,74, m, n \end{aligned}$ | $m: 0$ $=($ Epson $)$ $m: 1=($ IBM $)$ <br> $n: 0$ $=$ Italic $n: 0=$ IBM Set 1 <br> 1 $=$ Graphic $1=$ IBM Set 2 <br> 2 $=$ Download  <br> 3 $=$ Code page  |
|  |  |  |  |

B. Control code summary (Setup options)

| ITEM | Mode | Code \& Hexadecimal | n (Hex.) = selection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| [42] | Tabulation | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header } \mathrm{w} n \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,77, n \end{aligned}$ | $n: 0$ $=2$ characters $n: 3$ $=8$ characters <br> 1 $=4$ characters 4 $=10$ characters <br> 2 $=6$ characters 5 $=12$ characters |
| [43] | Quality | Header x $n$ <br> 1B, 7C, $60,02,00,78, n$ | $n: 0$ $=$ LQ $n: 4$ $=$ Draft <br> 1 $=$ Draft 5 $=$ Speed draft (SD) <br>  $=$ LQ  $6=$ Super speed draft (SSD) <br>  $=$ $=$ NLQ  <br>   $=$ HQDR  |
| [44] | Invert display | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header y } n \\ & \text { 1B, } 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,79, n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} n: 0 & =\text { No (normal) } \\ 1 & =\text { Yes (upside-down) } \end{aligned}$ |
| [45] | Display language | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header z } n \\ & 1 \mathrm{~B}, 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,02,00,7 \mathrm{~A}, n \end{aligned}$ | $n: 0$ $=$ English $n: 3=$ Español <br> 1 $=$ Deutsch $4=$ Italiano <br> 2 $=$ Français  |
| [46] | Dont save | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Header }[7 \mathrm{~F}] \\ & \text { 1B, } 7 \mathrm{C}, 60,01,00,7 \mathrm{~F} \end{aligned}$ | By inserting this command before the setup terminate codes, all the setup changes are not saved in the EEPROM but only in the current memory. |
|  |  |  |  |

## ＿Appendix C．Character sets

Epson，Italic character set

| $L^{H}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (0) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ (16) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ (32) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ (48) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ (64) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ (80) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ (96) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ (112) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ (128) \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{9}{(144)}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { A } \\ (160) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{B} \\ (176) \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(192)}{\mathrm{C}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { D } \\ (208) \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(224)}{E}$ | $\stackrel{F}{(240)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | NUL |  | SP | 0 | ＠ | P |  | p | NUW |  | SP | 0 | ＠ | $P$ |  | $p$ |
| 1 |  | DC1 | $!$ | 1 | A | Q | a | q |  | DC1 | $!$ | 1 | A | $Q$ | a | $q$ |
| 2 |  | DC2 | ＂ | 2 | B | R | b | $r$ |  | DC2 |  | 2 | $B$ | $R$ | $b$ | $r$ |
| 3 |  | DC3 | \＃ | 3 | C | S | c | 5 |  | DC3 | \＃ | 3 | $C$ | $S$ | $c$ | $s$ |
| 4 |  | DC4 | \＄ | 4 | D | T | d | t |  | DC4 | \＄ | 4 | D | $T$ | $d$ | $t$ |
| 5 |  |  | \％ | 5 | E | U | e | u |  |  | \％ | 5 | $E$ | U | $e$ | $u$ |
| 6 |  |  | \＆ | 6 | F | V | f | v |  |  | \＆ | 6 | $F$ | $V$ | $f$ | $v$ |
| 7 | BEL |  |  | 7 | G | W | g | W | BEL |  |  | 7 | $G$ | W | $g$ | w |
| 8 | BS | CAN | （ | 8 | H | X | h | x | BS | CAN | （ | 8 | H | $X$ | $h$ | $\boldsymbol{X}$ |
| 9 | HT | EM | ） | 9 | I | Y | i | $y$ | HI | EM | ） | 9 | $I$ | $Y$ | $i$ | $y$ |
| A | LP |  | ＊ | ： | J | Z | j | z | LP |  | ＊ | ： | $J$ | $Z$ | $j$ | $z$ |
| B | VT | ESC | ＋ | ； | K | ［ | k | \｛ | VI | ESC | ＋ | ； | $K$ | ［ | $k$ | \｛ |
| C | FF |  |  | $<$ | L | $\backslash$ | 1 | 1 | FF |  |  | ＜ | $L$ | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| D | CR |  | － | $=$ | M | ］ | m | \} | CR |  | － | $=$ | M | 7 | $m$ | f |
| E | 50 |  |  | ＞ | N |  | n | $\sim$ | SO |  |  | ＞ | $N$ |  | $n$ |  |
| F | SI |  | ／ | $?$ | 0 | － | $\bigcirc$ | DEL | SI |  | $/$ | ？ | 0 | － | 0 | DEL |

Note：This character set is selected with ESC t 0．Refer to Control code summary section．

Epson，Graphic character set，extended

| $L{ }_{L}^{H}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (0) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ (16) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ (32) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ (48) \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(64)}{4}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ (80) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ (96) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ (112) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ (128) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ (144) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} A \\ (160) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{B}_{(176)} \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(192)}{\mathrm{C}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { D } \\ (208) \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(224)}{\mathrm{E}}$ | $\underset{(240)}{F}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | NUL |  | SP | 0 | ＠ | P |  | p | Ç | É | à |  | L | － | $\alpha$ | 三 |
| 1 |  | DC1 | ！ | 1 | A | Q | a | q | ü | $\boldsymbol{\text { æ }}$ | í | ｜｜｜ | $\perp$ | 〒 | $\beta$ | $\pm$ |
| 2 |  | DC2 | ＂ | 2 | B | R | b | r | é | A | ó |  |  | II | $\Gamma$ | $\geq$ |
| 3 |  | DC3 | \＃ | 3 | C | S | c | s | â | ô | ú |  | $F$ | I | $\pi$ | $\leq$ |
| 4 |  | DC4 | \＄ | 4 | D | T | d | t | ä | $\ddot{\text { ö }}$ | n | － | － | t | $\Sigma$ | ［ |
| 5 |  | $\S$ | \％ | 5 | E | U | e | u | à | ò | N |  | t | F | $\sigma$ | $J$ |
| 6 |  |  | \＆ | 6 | F | V | f | v | å | û | $\underline{\text { a }}$ | － | F | T | $\mu$ | $\div$ |
| 7 | BEL |  | ， | 7 | G | W | $g$ | w | Ç | ù | O | 1 |  | \＃ | $\tau$ | $\approx$ |
| 8 | BS | CAN | （ | 8 | H | X | h | x | ê | $\ddot{\mathrm{y}}$ | ¿ | 7 | L | \＃ | $\Phi$ |  |
| 9 | HT | Bh | ） | 9 | I | Y | i | y | ë | $\ddot{O}$ | г | f | I |  | $\Theta$ |  |
| A | LP |  | ＊ | ： | J | Z | j | 2 | è | U | ᄀ |  |  |  | $\Omega$ |  |
| B | VI | BSC | ＋ | ； | K | ［ | k | \｛ | ï | \＄ | $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  | $\delta$ | $\sqrt{ }$ |
| C | PR |  | ， | $<$ | L | $\backslash$ | 1 | ｜ | 1̂ | £ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | ］ |  |  | $\infty$ | n |
| D | CR |  | － | $=$ | M | ］ | m | ） | I | $¥$ | i | لا | ＝ |  | $\varnothing$ |  |
| E | S0 |  | － | ＞ | N | $\wedge$ | n |  | Ä | Pt | ＜ | $\ddagger$ | 荘 |  | $\varepsilon$ | $\square$ |
| F | SI |  | ／ | ？ | O |  | 0 | DBL | Å | f | 》 | 7 | $\underline{1}$ |  | 0 | SP |

Note：This character set is selected with ESC 6 and ESC $\mathbf{t} 1$ ．Refer to Control code summary section．

## International character set（EPSON）

| Country Hex | 23 | 24 | 40 | 5B | 5 C | 5D | 5E | 60 | 7B | 7 C | 7D | 7E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U．S．A． | \＃ | \＄ | ＠ | ［ | 1 | ］ | $\sim$ | － | \｛ | i | \} | $\sim$ |
| FRANCE | \＃ | \＄ | à | － | ¢ | § | $\wedge$ | ＇ | é | ù | è | ． |
| GERMANY | \＃ | \＄ | § | Ä | Ö | Ü | ＾ | － | ä | ö | ü | B |
| U．K． | £ | \＄ | ＠ | ［ | 1 | ］ | ＾ | － | \｛ | 1 | \} | $\sim$ |
| DENMARK | \＃ | \＄ | ＠ | A | $\emptyset$ | Å | ＾ | － | æ | － | å | $\sim$ |
| SWEDEN | \＃ | a | É | $\ddot{\text { Ä }}$ | Ö | Å | Ü | é | ä | ö | à | ü |
| ITALY | \＃ | \＄ | ＠ | － | $\backslash$ | é | ＾ | ù | à | ò | è | i |
| SPAIN | Pt | \＄ | ＠ | i | $\tilde{\mathrm{N}}$ | i | $\wedge$ | ＇ | ＊ | ñ | \} | $\sim$ |
| JAPAN | \＃ | \＄ | ＠ | ［ | ¥ | ］ | へ | ＇ | \｛ | 1 | \} | $\sim$ |
| NORWAY | \＃ | a | E | Æ | $\emptyset$ | Å | U̇ | é | æ | $\square$ | $\stackrel{\text { a }}{ }$ | ü |
| DENMARK 2 | \＃ | \＄ | E | A | $\emptyset$ | Å | U̇ | é | $\boldsymbol{\text { a }}$ | $\varnothing$ | å | $\ddot{\text { ü }}$ |
| SPAIN 2 | \＃ | \＄ | á | i | ก | i | é | － | í | ñ | ó | ú |
| LATIN AMERICA | \＃ | \＄ | á | i | N | i | é | ü | í | ñ | ó | ú |
| KOREA | \＃ | \＄ | ＠ | ［ | W | ］ |  |  | \｛ | 1 | \} |  |
| TURKEY | \＃ | 1 | İ | Ç | Ö | S | U̇ | g | ¢ | ö | ş | ü |
| LEGAL | \＃ | \＄ | § | 。 | ， | ＂ | 9I |  | © | ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | $\dagger$ | ${ }^{4}$ |

Note：This character set is selected with ESC R n in the epson mode or from the front control panel．Refer to Control code summary or the extended setup options．

## IBM character set 1

| $L^{H}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (0) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ (16) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ (32) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ (48) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ (64) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ (80) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ (96) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ (112) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ (128) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ (144) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { A } \\ (160) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { B } \\ (176) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} C \\ (192) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { D } \\ (208) \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(224)}{E}$ | $\begin{gathered} F \\ (240) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | NUL |  | SP | 0 | ＠ | P | ， | p | NUL |  | á | $\cdots$ | L | II | $\alpha$ | 三 |
| 1 |  | DCl | ！ | 1 | A | Q | a | q |  | DCl | í | ｜｜｜ | $\perp$ | $\boldsymbol{T}$ | $\beta$ | $\pm$ |
| 2 |  | DC2 | ＂ | 2 | B | R | b | r |  | DC2 | ó |  |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\geq$ |
| 3 |  | DC3 | \＃ | 3 | C | S | c | 5 |  | DC3 | ú |  | － | 1 | $\pi$ | $\leq$ |
| 4 |  | DC4 | \＄ | 4 | D | T | d | t |  | DC4 | ก | － | － | L | $\Sigma$ | － |
| 5 |  |  | \％ | 5 | E | U | e | u |  |  | N | $=$ | $t$ | F | $\sigma$ |  |
| 6 |  |  | \＆ | 6 | F | V | f | v |  |  | a |  | ＝ | T | $\mu$ | $\div$ |
| 7 | BEL |  | ， | 7 | G | W | $g$ | W | BEL |  | O | II | － | t | T | $\approx$ |
| 8 | BS | CAN | $($ | 8 | H | X | h | X | BS | CAN | i |  | $L$ | \＃ | $\Phi$ | 。 |
| 9 | HT |  | ） | 9 | I | Y | i | y | HT |  | $\Gamma$ |  | ［ |  | $\Theta$ | － |
| A | L／P |  | ＊ | ： | J | Z | j | Z | LP |  | ᄀ |  | ］L |  | $\Omega$ | － |
| B | VT | ESC | ＋ | ； | K | ［ | k | \｛ | VT | ESC | $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  | $\delta$ | $\sqrt{ }$ |
| C | P8 |  | ， | $<$ | L | 1 | 1 | ｜ | Pr |  | $\frac{1}{4}$ |  | [ |  | $\boldsymbol{\infty}$ | n |
| D | CR |  | － | $=$ | M | ］ | m | \} | CR |  | i | لا | － |  | $\varnothing$ | 2 |
| E | S0 |  | － | $>$ | N | ヘ | n | $\sim$ | SO |  | ＜ | $\pm$ | JL |  | E | $\square$ |
| F | SI |  | 1 | ？ | 0 | － | 0 |  | SI |  | 》 |  | I |  | n | SP |

Note：This character set is selected with ESC 7．Refer to Control code summary section．

| $L^{H}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (0) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ (16) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ (32) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ (48) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ (64) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ (80) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ (96) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ (112) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ (128) \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{(144)}^{9}$ | $\stackrel{A}{A}(160)$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{B} \\ (176) \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(192)}{C}$ | $\underset{(208)}{D_{1}}$ | $\underset{(224)}{E}$ | $\underset{(240)}{F}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | NUL |  | SP | 0 | ＠ | P |  | p | Ç | E | á |  | L | II | $\alpha$ | 三 |
| 1 |  | DCI | ！ | 1 | A | Q | a | q | ü | $\boldsymbol{\text { ® }}$ | í |  | $\perp$ | ¢ | $\beta$ | $\pm$ |
| 2 |  | DC2 | ＂ | 2 | B | R | b | r | é | A | ó |  |  | T | $\Gamma$ | $\geq$ |
| 3 | $\bullet$ | DC3 | \＃ | 3 | C | S | c | $s$ | â | ô | ú |  | $F$ | 1 | $\pi$ | $\leq$ |
| 4 | $\bullet$ | DC4 | \＄ | 4 | D | T | d | t | ä | $\ddot{ }$ | n |  | － | L | $\Sigma$ |  |
| 5 | 4 | § | \％ | 5 | E | U | e | u | à | ò | $\tilde{\mathrm{N}}$ |  | $\pm$ | F | $\sigma$ | $J$ |
| 6 | － |  | \＆ | 6 | F | V | f | v | à | û | $\underline{\text { a }}$ | 1 | F |  | $\mu$ | $\div$ |
| 7 | BEL |  | ， | 7 | G | W | $g$ | w | Ç | ù | O | 7 |  | t | $\tau$ | $\approx$ |
| 8 | BS | CAN | （ | 8 | H | X | h | x | e | $\ddot{y}$ | i | 7 | L | \＃ | $\Phi$ |  |
| 9 | HT |  | ） | 9 | I | Y | i | y | ë | 00 | г | ， | ［ |  | $\Theta$ |  |
| A | LP |  | ＊ | ： | J | Z | J | z | è | U̇ | ᄀ |  |  |  | $\Omega$ |  |
| B | VT | ESC | ＋ | ； | K | ［ | k | \｛ | i | \＄ | $\frac{1}{2}$ |  | $\bar{T}$ |  | $\delta$ | $\sqrt{ }$ |
| C | Pr |  | ， | $<$ | L | 1 | 1 | ， | i | £ | $\frac{1}{4}$ |  | 5 |  | $\infty$ | n |
| D | CR |  | － | $=$ | M | ］ | m | \} | 1 | ¥ |  | Il | ＝ |  | $\emptyset$ |  |
| E | SO |  | － | ＞ | N |  | n |  | Ä | Pt | ＜ | $\pm$ | ＋ |  | E | $\square$ |
| F | SI |  | ／ | ？ | 0 | － | 0 |  | Å | f | 》 | 7 | $\underline{1}$ |  | n | \＄P |

Note：This character set is selected with ESC 6．Refer to Control code summary section．

IBM all character set

| L | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (0) \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{1}{16)}$ | $\underset{(32)}{2}$ | $\underset{(48)}{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ (64) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ (80) \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(96)}{6}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ (112) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ (128) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ (144) \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(160)}{A}$ | $\begin{gathered} B \\ (176) \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(192)}{C}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{D} \\ (208) \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(224)}{E}$ | $\underset{(240)}{F}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | $\emptyset$ | － | SP | 0 | ＠ | P | ＇ | p | ¢ | É | á | $\pm$ | L | II | $\alpha$ | 三 |
| 1 | © | 4 | ！ | 1 | A | Q | a | q | ü | æ | í | ｜｜ | $\perp$ | T | $\beta$ | $\pm$ |
| 2 | $\stackrel{ }{ }$－ | 1 | ＂ | 2 | B | R | b | r | é | \＆ | ó |  |  | I | $\Gamma$ | $\geq$ |
| 3 | $\bullet$ | ！ | \＃ | 3 | C | S | c | 5 | à | ô | ú |  | － | 1 | $\pi$ | $\leq$ |
| 4 | － | II | \＄ | 4 | D | T | d | t | $\ddot{\text { à }}$ | ö | $\tilde{n}$ |  | － | L | $\Sigma$ | ［ |
| 5 | 4 | § | \％ | 5 | E | U | e | u | à | ò | N |  | $t$ | F | $\sigma$ | $J$ |
| 6 | － | － | \＆ | 6 | F | V | f | $v$ | å | û | $\underline{a}$ |  | $=$ |  | $\mu$ | $\div$ |
| 7 | － | $\pm$ | ， | 7 | G | W | $g$ | w | c | ù | O | 11 |  | \＃ | $\tau$ | $\approx$ |
| 8 | － | $\uparrow$ | （ | 8 | H | X | h | x | $\hat{e}$ | $\ddot{y}$ | i |  | $\llcorner$ | $\pm$ | $\Phi$ |  |
| 9 | $\bigcirc$ | $\downarrow$ | ） | 9 | I | Y | i | y | $\ddot{\text { ë }}$ | Ö | г |  |  |  | $\Theta$ |  |
| A | 0 | $\rightarrow$ | ＊ | ： | J | Z | j | z | è | U̇ | 7 |  |  |  | $\Omega$ |  |
| B | $\sigma$ | $\leftarrow$ | ＋ | ； | K | ［ | k | \｛ | \＃ | Ф |  |  |  |  | $\delta$ | $\sqrt{ }$ |
| C | 웅 | ᄂ | ， | $<$ | L | 1 | 1 | I | $\hat{\mathbf{i}}$ | £ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | ］ | I |  | $\infty$ | n |
| D | 8 | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ | － | $=$ | M | ］ | m | \} |  | ¥ |  | $\pm$ | ＝ |  | $\varnothing$ | 2 |
| E | 月 | $\triangle$ |  | ＞ |  |  | n |  | Ä |  |  |  |  |  | E | $\square$ |
| F | $\pm$ | $\checkmark$ | ／ | ？ | 0 | － | 0 | $\triangle$ | Å | f | 》 |  | $\underline{\underline{10}}$ |  | n | SP |

Note：This character set is selected with ESC $\backslash$ ．Refer to Control code summary section．

## HP Mode

## ROMAN－8 Character sets（PCL）

| L／H | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | NUL |  | SP | 0 | ＠ | P |  | p |  |  |  | － | a | A | A | b |
| 1 |  | DC1 | ！ | 1 | A | Q | $\cdots$ | q |  |  | A | Y | e | $i$ | A | p |
| 2 |  |  | ＂ | 2 | B | R | b | r |  |  | Â | y | ô | 0 | a | － |
| 3 |  | DC3 | \＃ | 3 | C | S | c | s |  |  | E | － | 0 | E | D | $\mu$ |
| 4 |  |  | \＄ | 4 | D | T | d | t |  |  | E | C | à | a | ま | il |
| 5 |  |  | \％ | 5 | E | U | e | u |  |  | Ё | 6 | é | $i$ | 1 | $\frac{3}{4}$ |
| 6 |  |  | \＆ | 6 | F | V | f | v |  |  | 1 | Ñ | ó | ๑ | 1 | － |
| 7 | BEL |  | ， | 7 | G | W | 9 | w |  |  | I | n | ú | z | o | $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 8 | BS |  | （ | 8 | H | X | h | x |  |  | ， | 1 | à | Ä | O | $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| 9 | HT |  | ） | 9 | I | Y | i | y |  |  | － | ¿ | è | i | $\bigcirc$ | a |
| A | LP |  | ＊ | ： | J | 2 | j | z |  |  | － | $\square$ | ò | 0 | O | $\bigcirc$ |
| B | VT | ESC | $+$ | ； | K | ［ | k | \｛ |  |  | ＊ | £ | ù | U | S | ＜ |
| C | FF |  | ， | ＜ | L | \} | 1 | 1 |  |  | $\sim$ | 판 | ă | E | š | ■ |
| D | CR |  | － | $=$ | M | ］ | m | \} |  |  | U̇ | § | ë | i | U＇ | 》 |
| E | S0 |  | ． | $>$ | N | － | n | $\sim$ |  |  | 0 | $f$ | ¢ | B | Y゙ | $\pm$ |
| F | SI |  | $\checkmark$ | ？ | 0 | － | $\bigcirc$ | DEL． |  |  | 気 | $\not \subset$ | U | 0 | シ |  |

PC－8（Danish／Norwegian）Character sets（PCL）

| LH | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B | c | D | E | F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | － | SP | 0 | ＠ | P | － | p | c | E |  | \％ | $\stackrel{1}{4}$ | $\stackrel{1}{4}$ | $\alpha$ | 三 |
| 1 | （e） | 4 | ！ | 1 | A | ${ }_{\square}$ | ， | q | U | æ | i | ［ | $\pm$ | T | $\beta$ | $\pm$ |
| 2 | － | 1 | ＂ | 2 | B | R | b | 1 | é | ¢ | ó | 㽪 | T | $\pi$ | $\Gamma$ | $\geq$ |
| 3 | $\bullet$ | ！！ | \＃ | 3 | c | s | c | $s$ | a | ó | ú | 1 | ＋ | 4 | $\pi$ | $\leq$ |
| 4 | － | 1 | \＄ | 4 | D | T | d | t | ä | o | пи | ＋ | － | E | $\Sigma$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 5 | \％ | § | \％ | 5 | E | U | e | u | à | o | N | $\ddagger$ | ＋ | F | $\sigma$ | $J$ |
| 6 | － | － | \＆ | 6 | F | v | f | v | à | u | ô | 1 | ＋ | r | $\mu$ | $\div$ |
| 7 | － | 1 | ， | 7 | G | w | $g$ | w | 8 | ù | \％ | 1 | ＋ | H | $\tau$ | $\approx$ |
| 8 | d | $\uparrow$ | （ | 8 | H | x | h | x | è | y | ＜ | q | $\pm$ | $\stackrel{+}{+}$ | $\Phi$ | － |
| 9 | － | $\downarrow$ | ） | 9 | I | Y | i | y | ë | O | à | $\pm$ | r | $\lrcorner$ | $\theta$ | － |
| A | － | $\rightarrow$ | ＊ | ： | J | z | j | z | è | Ü | A | 1 | $\stackrel{1}{4}$ | r | $\Omega$ | － |
| B | $\sigma$ | $\leftarrow$ | ＋ | ； | K | ［ | k | i | 1 | － | $\ell$ | 7 | T | － | $\delta$ | $\checkmark$ |
| C | 우 | $\llcorner$ | ， | ＜ | L | \} | 1 | ＋ | i | £ | n | $』$ | \％ | － | $\infty$ | п |
| D | 今 | $\leftrightarrow$ | － | $=$ | M | 1 | m | \} | i | $\emptyset$ | i | $\Perp$ | ＝ | 1 | $\phi$ | ＝ |
| E | 今 | $\triangle$ | ． | $>$ | N | － | n | $\sim$ | Ä | L | 3 | $\pm$ | $\frac{4}{4}$ | 1 | $\varepsilon$ | $\square$ |
| F | 如 | V | ／ | ？ | 0 | － | － | DEL． | A | 1 | 口 | 7 | $\pm$ | $\cdots$ | ก | Sp |

The（00） $\mathrm{H}-(1 \mathrm{~F}) \mathrm{H}$ and $(7 \mathrm{~F}) \mathrm{H}$ normally function as control code．

## ECMA－94 Latin 1 （ISO 8859－1）

Character sets（PCL）
LEGAL character sets（PCL）

| L／H | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | NUL |  | SP | 0 | ＠ | P | － | p |  |  |  | － | A | D | à | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 1 |  | DC1 | ！ | 1 | A | Q | a | c |  |  | i | $\pm$ | $\dot{A}$ | กิ | à | กิ |
| 2 |  |  | ＂ | 2 | B | R | b | r |  |  | $\subset$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | A | ○ | a | \％ |
| 3 |  | DC3 | \＃ | 3 | C | S | c | s |  |  | £ | 3 | $\bar{A}$ | 0 | ã | $\delta$ |
| 4 |  |  | \＄ | 4 | D | T | d | t |  |  | 口 | － | A | 0 | à | $\bigcirc$ |
| 5 |  |  | \％ | 5 | E | U | $e$ | u |  |  | ¥ | $\mu$ | A | $\bigcirc$ | à | $\delta$ |
| 6 |  |  | \＆ | 6 | F | V | $f$ | v |  |  | 1 | \＃ | \＆ | ö | ¥ | \％ |
| 7 | BEL |  | ， | 7 | G | W | 9 | w |  |  | § | － | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | c | $\div$ |
| 8 | BS |  | （ | 8 | H | X | h | x |  |  | － | － | Ė | $\emptyset$ | è | $\bullet$ |
| 9 | H？ |  | ） | 9 | I | $Y$ | i | y |  |  | － | 1 | Et | U | é | ù |
| A | LF |  | ＊ | ： | J | Z | j | 2 |  |  | a | － | E | 0 | è | ú |
| B | VT | ESC | ＋ | ； | K | ［ | k | ［ |  |  | ＜ | 》 | Ë | 0 | e | û |
| C | FF |  | ， | $<$ | L | $\backslash$ | 1 | 1 |  |  | $\neg$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | 1 | 0 | 1 | i |
| D | CR |  | － | $=$ | M | ］ | m | \} |  |  | －－ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 1 | F | i | צ |
| E | so |  | ． | ＞ | N | － | n | $\sim$ |  |  | － | $\frac{3}{4}$ | 1 | $p$ | I | p |
| F | SI |  | ／ | ？ | 0 | － | 0 | DEL． |  |  | － | ¿ | İ | B | i | $\ddot{y}$ |


| L／H | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | NUL |  | SP | 0 | ＠ | P | － | p |  |  | \＄P | 0 | ＠ | P | － | p |
| 1 |  | DC1 | $!$ | 1 | A | Q | a | q |  |  | $!$ | 1 | A | Q | a | 9 |
| 2 |  |  | ＂ | 2 | B | R | b | $r$ |  |  | ＂ | 2 | B | R | b | r |
| 3 |  | DC3 | \＃ | 3 | C | S | c | s |  |  | \＃ | 3 | C | s | c | s |
| 4 |  |  | \＄ | 4 | D | T | d | t |  |  | \＄ | 4 | D | T | d | t |
| 5 |  |  | \％ | 5 | E | U | e | u |  |  | \％ | 5 | E | U | e | u |
| 6 |  |  | \＆ | 6 | F | v | f | v |  |  | \＆ | 6 | F | V | f | v |
| 7 | beL |  | ， | 7 | G | W | 9 | w |  |  | ， | 7 | G | W | $g$ | w |
| 8 | BS |  | 1 | 8 | H | X | h | x |  |  | ¢ | 8 | H | X | h | x |
| 9 | HT |  | ） | 9 | I | Y | i | y |  |  | ） | 9 | I | Y | i | y |
| A | LF |  | ＊ | ： | J | Z | j | z |  |  | ＊ | ： | J | Z | j | z |
| B | VT | ESC | ＋ | ； | K | ［ | k | § |  |  | ＋ | ； | K | ［ | k | § |
| C | FF |  | ， | $=$ | L | － | 1 | 11 |  |  | ， | $=$ | L | － | 1 | $\pi$ |
| D | CR |  | － | $=$ | M | $]$ | m | $\dagger$ |  |  | － | $=$ | M | 1 | m | $\dagger$ |
| E | so |  | ． | $\pm$ | N | － | n | ${ }^{17}$ |  |  | ． | ¢ | N | － | n | ${ }^{\text {¹ }}$ |
| F | SI |  | ／ | ？ | 0 | － | 0 | DEL． |  |  | ／ | ？ | 0 | － | － | DEL． |

The character of（A0）H－（FF）H are，respectively，the same as those of（20）H－（7F）H．

MATH 7 character sets（PCL）

| L／H | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | NUL |  | SP | 0 | If | $\pi$ | 1 | $\pi$ |  |  | SP | 0 | 17 | $\pi$ | $\pi$ | $\pi$ |
| 1 |  | DC1 | $\checkmark$ | 1 | $\alpha$ | $\gamma$ | $\alpha$ | $\gamma$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ | 1 | $\alpha$ | $\gamma$ | $\alpha$ | $\gamma$ |
| 2 |  |  | 1 | 2 | $\beta$ | $\theta$ | $\beta$ | $\theta$ |  |  | 1 | 2 | $\beta$ | $\theta$ | $\beta$ | $\theta$ |
| 3 |  | DC3 | § | 3 | $\psi$ | $\sigma$ | $\psi$ | $\sigma$ |  |  | § | 3 | $\psi$ | $\sigma$ | $\psi$ | $\sigma$ |
| 4 |  |  | $\nabla$ | 4 | $\phi$ | $\tau$ | $\phi$ | $\tau$ |  |  | $\nabla$ | 4 | $\varnothing$ | $\tau$ | $\phi$ | $\tau$ |
| 5 |  |  | $\pm$ | 5 | $\varepsilon$ | $\xi$ | $\varepsilon$ | $\xi$ |  |  | $\pm$ | 5 | $\varepsilon$ | $\xi$ | $\varepsilon$ | $\xi$ |
| 6 |  |  | $\propto$ | 6 | $a$ | $\Delta$ | $\partial$ | $\Delta$ |  |  | $\propto$ | 6 | $\partial$ | $\Delta$ | $\partial$ | $\triangle$ |
| 7 | 3EL |  | 「 | 7 | $\lambda$ | $\delta$ | $\lambda$ | $\delta$ |  |  | $\Gamma$ | 7 | $\lambda$ | $\delta$ | $\lambda$ | $\delta$ |
| 8 | BS |  | $\div$ | 8 | $\eta$ | $\chi$ | $\eta$ | $\chi$ |  |  | $\div$ | 8 | $\eta$ | $\chi$ | $\eta$ | $\chi$ |
| 9 | HT |  | $\simeq$ | 9 | $\iota$ | $u$ | $\iota$ | $u$ |  |  | $\simeq$ | 9 | $\iota$ | $u$ | $\iota$ | $u$ |
| A | LP |  | п | $\Omega$ | $\Theta$ | $\zeta$ | © | $\zeta$ |  |  | $\Pi$ | $\Omega$ | © | $\zeta$ | $\theta$ | $\xi$ |
| B | VT | ESC | Г | $\Lambda$ | $\kappa$ | $\uparrow$ | $r$ | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\Gamma$ | A | $\kappa$ | $\uparrow$ | $\kappa$ | $\uparrow$ |
| C | FP |  | $\Psi$ | $\infty$ | $\omega$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\omega$ | $\rightarrow$ |  |  | $\Psi$ | $\infty$ | $\omega$ | $\rightarrow$ | $\omega$ | $\rightarrow$ |
| D | CR |  | $\equiv$ | J | $\mu$ | T | $\mu$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | $\equiv$ | J | $\mu$ | T | $\mu$ | T |
| E | so |  | $\Phi$ | $\dagger$ | $\nu$ | $\leftarrow$ | $\nu$ | $\leftarrow$ |  |  | $\Phi$ | $\dagger$ | $\nu$ | $\leftarrow$ | $\nu$ | $\leftarrow$ |
| F | SI |  | $\Xi$ | $\Sigma$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\downarrow$ | $\rho$ | DEL． |  |  | $\Xi$ | $\Sigma$ | $\rho$ | $\downarrow$ | $\rho$ | DEL． |

LINE DRAW character sets（PCL）

| L／H | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | nul |  | SP | ＋ | F | 」 | $F$ | 」 |  |  | SP | $+$ | F | 」 | k | 」 |
| 1 |  | DC1 | ＋ | － | $\stackrel{1}{4}$ | F | $\llcorner$ | r |  |  | － | 1 | $\llcorner$ | r | $\llcorner$ | r |
| 2 |  |  | － | 1 | ＋ | $r$ | ＋ | 「 |  |  | － | 1 | ＋ | r | ＋ | 「 |
| 3 |  | DC3 | T | T | $\square$ | $\pm$ | $\square$ | 」 |  |  | T | T | $\square$ | $\stackrel{ }{ }$ | $\square$ | $\lrcorner$ |
| 4 |  |  | $\pm$ | $\pm$ | － | 7 | ■ | 7 |  |  | ＋ | $\stackrel{ }{-}$ | v | 7 | ！ | 7 |
| 5 |  |  | 11 | F | I | 1 | I | － |  |  | If | r | I | $\dagger$ | I | － |
| 6 |  |  | － | 1 | $\llcorner$ | ＋ | ᄂ | ＋ |  |  | －11 | －1 | $\llcorner$ | ＋ | $\llcorner$ | ＋ |
| 7 | BEL |  | T | T | $\lrcorner$ | 7 | $\lrcorner$ | 7 |  |  | T | T | 」 | 7 | $\lrcorner$ | 7 |
| 8 | BS |  | $\pm$ | $\perp$ | 7 | － | ᄀ | ■ |  |  | $\pm$ | $\pm$ | $\neg$ | － | ᄀ | ■ |
| 9 | HT |  | \｜ | $=$ | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |  |  | ॥ | $=$ | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| A | LF |  | ＋ | 1 | T | － | T | － |  |  | ＋ | 1 | T | － | T | － |
| B | VT | ESC | ＋ | － | T | 才 | 7 | ＝ |  |  | ＋ | － | T | न | 7 | ＝ |
| C | FF |  | － | ＋ | T1 | －－ | T1 | －－ |  |  | － | ＋ | T 1 | －－ | T1 | －－ |
| D | CR |  | L | $\Gamma$ | ＋ | $\cdots$ | ＋ | － |  |  | L | 「 | ＋ | $\stackrel{ }{+}$ | ＋ | $\pm$ |
| E | so |  | 1 | 中 | ＋ | － | ＋ | － |  |  | 1 | 中 | ＋ | － | ＋ | － |
| F | S1 |  | ＋ | $\pm$ | 7 | ＋ | 7 | DEL |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | \＃ | $+$ | ； | DEL． |

The character of（A0）H－（FF）H are，respectively，the same as those of（20）H－（7F）H．

## International character set [ISO] (PCL)

|  | ISO | ID | 23 | 24 | 40 | 5B | 5 C | 5D | 5E | 60 | 7B | 7C | 7D | 7E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASCII | 6 | OU | \# | \$ | @ | [ | $\backslash$ | 3 | - | - | \{ | 1 | s | $\sim$ |
| FRANCE | 69 | 1F | £ | ¢ | à | - | c | § | - | $\mu$ | é | ù | è | * |
| FRANCE2 | - | OF | £ | \$ | à | - | ¢ | § | - | - | ė | ù | è | . |
| GERMANY | 21 | 1G | \# | \$ | § | Ä | Ö | U | ^ | - | a | ö | ü | B |
| GERMANY2 | - | OG | £ | \$ | § | À | O | U | - | - | ä | ö | ü | B |
| U.K | 4 | 1E | £ | \$ | @ | [ | $\backslash$ | ] | $\cdots$ | , | \{ | 1 | \} | - |
| SWEDEN | 11 | OS | \# | ロ | E | À | Ó | A | 0 | é | ä | ӧ | à | ü |
| SWEDEN2 | 10 | 3S | \# | Q | @ | A | O | A | - | - | ä | ¢ | a | - |
| TALY | 15 | O1 | £ | \$ | § | - | $\varepsilon$ | è | - | ù | à | ò | è | i |
| SPAIN | 17 | 2S | £ | \$ | § | i | $\overline{\mathrm{N}}$ | ¢ | - | - | - | กั | c | $\sim$ |
| SPAIN2 | 85 | 6S | \# | \$ | . | i | N | C | ¿ | - |  | ñ | c | . |
| SPAIN3 | - | 1S | \# | \$ | @ | i | N | B | - |  | \{ | ก̃ | \} | - |
| JAPAN | 14 | OK | \# | \$ | @ | [ | ¥ | ] | - | - | \{ | 1 | \} | - |
| NORWAY | 60 | OD | \# | \$ | @ | $\varepsilon$ | $\emptyset$ | A | - |  | ๕ | ¢ | à | - |
| NORWAY2 | 61 | 1D | 8 | \$ | © | $\ldots$ | $\emptyset$ | A | - | - | æ | - | à | 1 |
| PORTUGAL | 16 | 4S | \# | \$ | § | Ȧ | C | \% | - |  | à | c | \% | - |
| PORTUGAL2 | 84 | 5 S | \# | \$ | - | A | C | 0 | - |  | ã | ¢ | $\delta$ | $\sim$ |
| IRV | 2 | 2 U | \# | $\square$ | @ | [ | , | ] | * | , | \{ | 1 | \} | - |

-The character of (A0)H-(FF)H are respectively, the same as those of (20)H-(7F)H.
-The characters with (20)H-(7F)H codes which are not shown in the International character set above are the same as those of $(20) \mathrm{H}-(7 \mathrm{~F}) \mathrm{H}$ in ROMAN-8.

Code 00H～7FH（Common）

|  | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | $\emptyset$ | － |  | 0 | ＠ | P | － | p |
| 1 | （1） | 4 | ！ | 1 | A | Q | a | q |
| 2 | $\oplus$ | $\pm$ | ＂ | 2 | B | R | b | $r$ |
| 3 | $\bullet$ | ！！ | \＃ | 3 | C | S | c | s |
| 4 | － | II | \＄ | 4 | D | T | d | t |
| 5 | $\pm$ | § | \％ | 5 | E | U | e | u |
| 6 | $\bullet$ | － | \＆ | 6 | F | V | $\mathbf{f}$ | v |
| 7 | － | 生 | ， | 7 | G | W | $g$ | W |
| 8 | － | $\dagger$ | $($ | 8 | H | X | h | x |
| 9 | $\bigcirc$ | $\downarrow$ | ） | 9 | I | Y | i | y |
| A | 0 | $\rightarrow$ | ＊ | ： | J | Z | j | z |
| B | $\sigma$ | $\leftarrow$ | ＋ |  | K | ［ | k | \｛ |
| C | ¢ | $\llcorner$ | ， |  | L | $\backslash$ | 1 | 1 |
| D | 8 | $\rightarrow$ | － |  | M | ］ | m | \} |
| E | $\Delta$ | $\wedge$ | － | ＞ | N | $\wedge$ | n | $\sim$ |
| F | ＊ | $\nabla$ | 7 | ？ | 0 | － | $\bigcirc$ | $\Delta$ |

Code Page 850 （Multilingual）


Code Page 437 （U．S．A．）


Code Page 857 （Turkish）

|  | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Ç | $\dot{\text { E }}$ | á | \＃ | L | 응 | ó | － |
| 1 | ui | $\boldsymbol{\propto}$ | 1 | － | $\perp$ | $\underline{a}$ | B | $\pm$ |
| 2 | é | E | ó |  | T | $\hat{E}$ | Ô |  |
| 3 | a | O | u | \| | $F$ | $\ddot{\mathrm{E}}$ | ò | 3 |
| 4 | $\ddot{a}$ | ö | ñ | 1 | － | E | \％ | II |
| 5 | à | ò | $\tilde{\mathrm{N}}$ | A |  |  | Õ | § |
| 6 | a | u | ${ }_{\square}$ | A | ã | I | $\mu$ | ＋ |
| 7 | Ç | ù | 8 | À | Ã | $\hat{\mathrm{I}}$ |  |  |
| 8 | $\hat{e}$ | I | i | 0 | L | $\ddot{I}$ | $\times$ | － |
| 9 | $\ddot{\text { er }}$ | $\ddot{0}$ | （3） | 1 |  | 」 | U | ＊ |
| A | è | Ü | 7 | II | 上 | $\Gamma$ | U | － |
| B | i |  | $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  | U | 1 |
| C | $\underline{\mathbf{i}}$ |  |  | ！ |  |  | i | 3 |
| D | 1 |  |  |  | － |  | $\ddot{y}$ | 2 |
| E | $\ddot{\text { A }}$ |  | ＜ |  |  | I |  | $\square$ |
| F | $\AA$ | S | 》 |  | a |  |  |  |

PCL mode
The $(00) \mathrm{H}-(1 \mathrm{~F}) \mathrm{H}$ and $(7 \mathrm{~F}) \mathrm{H}$ normally function as control code．
The DEL（7F）H code as＂＂character in PCL．
While TRANSPARENT mode is character font available．These characters are printable only while in TRANSPARENT mode．

EPSON／IBM mode
－The（00）H－（1F）H and（80）H－（9F）H function as control codes only while in IBM character set 1 is selected
－The $(03) \mathrm{H}-(06) \mathrm{H},(15) \mathrm{H}$ and $(80) \mathrm{H}-(9 \mathrm{~F}) \mathrm{H}$ are printable only while in IBM character set 2 is selected．
－The all of the font table are printable only while in IBM all character set is selected．

Code Page 858 （Multilingual－Euro）

|  | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | ¢ | É | á | 픈 | L | д | ó | － |
| 1 | ü | $\boldsymbol{\text { æ }}$ | í | ｜14］ | $\perp$ | D | B | $\pm$ |
| 2 | é | $\ldots$ | ó | E | T | E | ô |  |
| 3 | â | ô | ú | 1 | ＋ | E | ò | ${ }^{3}$ |
| 4 | ä | 。 | n | － | － | Ė | － | I |
| 5 | a | ò | N | Á | $+$ | e | õ | § |
| 6 | a | û | a | Â | ã | İ | $\mu$ | ＋ |
| 7 | ¢ | ù | O | À | Ã | $\hat{\mathrm{I}}$ | p |  |
| 8 | $\hat{\theta}$ | $\ddot{\text { y }}$ | i | 0 | L | $\ddot{\mathrm{I}}$ | $p$ | － |
| 9 | ӫ | Ö | － | $\ddagger$ | Ir | 」 | Ú |  |
| A | è | Ü | 7 | II | $\underline{1}$ | r | U |  |
| B | I | $\varnothing$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  | Ù | 1 |
| C | ì | £ | $t$ |  | If |  | ＊ | 3 |
| D | ì | $\varnothing$ | i | ¢ | $=$ |  | Y | 2 |
| E | A | $\times$ | ＜ | $\pm$ | 告 | İ |  | $\square$ |
| F | $\AA$ | f | » | 7 | a | $\square$ |  |  |

Code Page 861 （Icelandic）


Code Page 860 （Portuguese）

|  | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | ¢ | E | á | 틏 | L | $\Perp$ | $\alpha$ | $\pm$ |
| 1 | ui | A | i | H | $\perp$ | ¢ | $\beta$ | $\pm$ |
| 2 | é | È | ó | － | T | $\pi$ | $\Gamma$ | $\geq$ |
| 3 | à | ô | ú | 1 | ＋ | U | $\pi$ | $\leq$ |
| 4 | ก | o | ñ | 1 | － | t | $\Sigma$ | 1 |
| 5 | à | ò | Ñ | ＝ | $t$ | F | $\sigma$ | $J$ |
| 6 | Á | Ú | a | － | F | $\pi$ | $\mu$ | ＋ |
| 7 | ¢ | ù | 응 | $\pi$ | It | \＃ | $\tau$ |  |
| 8 | $\hat{\text { e }}$ | İ | $\stackrel{1}{6}$ | 7 | 凹 | \＃ | $\Phi$ |  |
| 9 | $\hat{E}$ | õ | ò |  | 「 | 」 | $\theta$ |  |
| A | è | Ü | 7 | \｜ | $\underline{1}$ | $\Gamma$ | $\Omega$ |  |
| B | İ | ¢ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 7 | Tr |  | $\delta$ | $\sqrt{ }$ |
| C | ô | £ | 4 | 」 | 15 | $\square$ | $\infty$ | n |
| D | ì |  |  |  |  |  | $\varnothing$ | 2 |
| E | $\tilde{A}$ | Pt | ＜ |  |  |  | $\varepsilon$ | － |
| F | $\hat{A}$ | ó | 》 | 7 | $\pm$ | － | ก |  |

Code Page 863 （Canadian French）


PCL mode
The（ 00 ） $\mathrm{H}-(1 \mathrm{~F}) \mathrm{H}$ and（ 7 F ） H normally function as control code．
The DEL（7F）H code as＂＂character in PCL．
While TRANSPARENT mode is character font available．These characters are printable only while in TRANSPARENT mode．
－The（00）H－（1F）H and（80）H－（9F）H function as control codes only while in IBM character set 1 is selected．
－The $(03) \mathrm{H}-(06) \mathrm{H},(15) \mathrm{H}$ and $(80) \mathrm{H}-(9 \mathrm{~F}) \mathrm{H}$ are printable only while in IBM character set 2 is selected．
－The all of the font table are printable only while in IBM all character set is selected．

Code Page 865 （Nordic）

|  | 8 | 9 | A | B | c | D | E | F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | ¢ | E | á | ㅍ． | L | $\Perp$ | $\alpha$ | F |
| 1 | ü | $\boldsymbol{\text { æ }}$ | í | ｜｜III | $\perp$ | $\uparrow$ | $\beta$ | $\pm$ |
| 2 | é | $\ldots$ | ó | $\square$ |  | $\pi$ | $\Gamma$ | $\geq$ |
| 3 | â | o | ú | 1 | F | 4 | $\pi$ | $\leq$ |
| 4 | ä | ö | ñ | 1 | － | t | $\Sigma$ | ¢ |
| 5 | à | ò | N | ＝ | ＋ | F | $\sigma$ | J |
| 6 | à | û | a | \\| | F | $\pi$ | － | ＋ |
| 7 | ¢ | ù | o | $\pi$ | I | \＃ | $\tau$ |  |
| 8 | $\hat{e}$ | $\ddot{\text { y }}$ | 2 | 7 | L | キ | ¢ |  |
| 9 | ё | Ö | － | $\ddagger$ | ir | 」 | $\theta$ |  |
| A | è | Ü | $\checkmark$ | ｜｜ | $\xrightarrow{\Perp}$ |  | $\Omega$ |  |
| B | i | － | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $7$ | Tr |  | $\delta$ | $\checkmark$ |
| C | î | £ |  | 』ـ | $\mathfrak{k}$ |  | $\infty$ | $n$ |
| D | i | $\varnothing$ |  | 1 |  |  | $\varnothing$ | 2 |
| E | Ä | Pt | ＜ | $\pm$ |  |  | $\varepsilon$ | $\square$ |
| F | $\AA$ | $f$ | $\square$ | 7 | $\pm$ | － | n |  |

ABICOMP

|  | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 |  |  |  | ò | i | ò |  |  |
| 1 |  |  | À | ó | à | ó |  |  |
| 2 |  |  | Á | ô | á | ô |  |  |
| 3 |  |  | A | O | â | o |  |  |
| 4 |  |  | Ã | ö | ã | ö |  |  |
| 5 |  |  | Ä | ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | ä | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| 6 |  |  | ¢ | Ù | ¢ | ù |  |  |
| 7 |  |  | E | U | è | u |  |  |
| 8 |  |  | E | U | é | $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ |  |  |
| 9 |  |  | $\hat{E}$ | Ü | ê | ü |  |  |
| A |  |  | Ë | $\ddot{\text { Y }}$ | ë | $\ddot{\mathrm{y}}$ |  |  |
| B |  |  | İ | ＊ | i | B |  |  |
| C |  |  | İ | £ | i | a |  |  |
| D |  |  | $\hat{\text { I }}$ | － | i | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
| E |  |  | $\ddot{\mathrm{I}}$ | § | i | ¢ |  |  |
| F |  |  | N |  | ก | $\pm$ |  |  |

BRASCII


ISO－1（ISO－8859－1）


## _Appendix D. Reverse control panel sheet



## - Installation

The reverse control panel sheet allows you to easily read the function key labels from the back of the printer. In situations where working from the back of the printer is convenient, simply lay the reverse control panel sheet in position over the standard control panel.

## Note:

If you set the invert display mode in the extended setup options, the display messages also become upside down orientation.


This unit complies with the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC and the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC.
Dies Gerät entspricht den Bedingungen der Niederspannungs-Vorschrift 73/23/EEC und dem EMVG nach 89/336/EEC.

Maschinenlärminformationsverordnung 3. GSGV, 18. 01. 1991:
Der arbeitsplatzbezogene Schalldruckpegel beträgt $70 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A})$ oder weniger gemäß ISO 7779 .

## SEIKO Precision Inc.

